



Appendix A16.1-A16.4
Architectural Heritage
Appendices

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The background is a vibrant yellow. It is decorated with several abstract geometric shapes in shades of blue, teal, and white. These include circles, semi-circles, and rounded rectangular shapes, some of which are layered or overlapping. The shapes are scattered across the page, with a concentration in the top right and bottom left corners.

Appendix A16.1

Historical Background

Appendix A16.1: Historical Background

1. Introduction

The prehistoric, early historic, and medieval development of the receiving environment are dealt with in Chapter 15 (Archaeological & Cultural Heritage) in Volume 2 of this EIAR. The periods in relation to the architectural heritage of the receiving environment are described below. The majority of the Proposed Scheme is located outside the City Centre. The Proposed Scheme commences at St Stephen's Green, a National Monument in the ownership of the State (RMP DU018-020334). St Stephen's Green was originally a Medieval common on the edge of the City. The development of the present Square, one of the City's main squares began in 1664 when leases were drawn up for 96 plots located around a green of 27 acres. It remained largely undeveloped until the mid-18th century. The east and south sides contain 18th and 19th century buildings though some have been replaced by 20th century office blocks. Protected structures include Loreto School (DCC RPS 7786-7788). Granite paving, kerbs, and coal holes in addition to street furniture such as lampposts and bollards are present around St Stephen's Green and on Leeson Street Lower. Leeson Street Lower was the road to Donnybrook and although it contained some buildings in the 18th century, it remained largely undeveloped until the 19th Century. It contains 66 protected structures, all of which are houses (DCC RPS 4388 – 4452).

The Proposed Scheme crossed the Grand Canal at Eustace Bridge (DCC RPS 873) which was built in 1790 as part of the construction of the Circular Line of the Grand Canal. Leeson Street Upper and Sussex Road remained largely undeveloped until the 19th century. Sussex Road contains few protected structures as the east side was largely redeveloped in the 20th century when the Mespil Apartments and Burlington Hotel were built on the demesne of Mespil House (NIAH 2383). The west side retains mews buildings associated with the houses on Leeson Street Upper. The only buildings which are protected is the Public House at 8 to 9 Sussex Terrace (DCC RPs 7909). Leeson Street Upper by contrast contains 146 protected structures (DCC RPS 4455 – 4600) the vast majority of which are terraced 19th century houses and a group of shops and public houses near Sussex Road. Morehampton Road (DCC RPS 5286 to 5351) contains a similar mix of houses, shops, institutional and religious buildings, a hotel, banks and pubs, particularly in Donnybrook Village. The R138 Donnybrook Road runs through Donnybrook Village which developed around an early medieval ecclesiastical settlement associated with St Brock (RMP DU018-06001). The buildings along the Donnybrook Road are in the main, 19th and 20th century buildings. Few are protected, except the early church site and graveyard (DU018-06001), St Mary's Convent and Laundry (DCC RPS 8713) built between 1877 to 1881 to the design of Byrne and O'Neill, and the Donnybrook Gastropub at 135 Morehampton Road (RMP DU018-061) which was originally an 18th century house which is evident on Rocque's map of 1760. The Proposed Scheme crosses the Dodder River at Anglesea Bridge (RMP DU022-082003) which was built in 1832.

On the far side of the bridge are the Sacred Heart Catholic Church Donnybrook (DCC RPS 7845) built 1866 to the design of Pugin and Ashlin, and Donnybrook Garage which was designed by Michael Scott in association with Ove Arup in 1953. Continuing along the Stillorgan Road there were a large number of villas, country houses and demesnes, the most notable being the Mount Merrion built in 1710, which was part of the Fitzwilliam and later Pembroke Estate, the lands of which had been in the ownership of the Fitzwilliam family since the 14th Century. Few of the remaining villas retain their demesnes, though demesne features such as entrance gates and lodges survive. Residential development has been built on many of the former demesne landscapes while others have become part of institutional complexes. These include Montrose House (DCC RPS 7847), now located in the grounds of Radio Teilifís Éireann. Others include Woodview House (DLR RPS 9), Ardmore (DLR RPS 19), Belfield (DLR RPS 41) and Merville House (DLR RPS 94) all now located within the University College Dublin Campus at Belfield. The St. John of God Hospital, Stillorgan was founded by the Hospitaller Brothers of St. John of God in 1882. The present institutional buildings within the St John of God complex are 19th century but built on the site of a 14th century Stillorgan Castle (RMP DU023-071). The grounds also contain Granada House formerly Riversdale (DLR RPS 1420), built c. 1778. St Brigid's Church of Ireland Church in Stillorgan (RMP DU023-011001) was built in 1712 on an early medieval ecclesiastical site. These include the site of the medieval church associated with the Priory of the Holy Trinity in the 13th century. The school in the grounds was built in 1836 and the vicarage is also 19th century. The Italianate Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Succour Foxrock (NIAH 60230099) was built in 1933 to 1935 to the design of J. J. Robinson.

The Bray Road which contains Cornelscourt House (DLR RPS 1621) built c. 1866; Loughlinstown House, an c.1778 house built on the site of a 17th century house (RMP DU026-029002); and Saint Columcille's Hospital (NIAH 60260099) which contains Rathdown Union Workhouse erected in 1841 for the Rathdown Poor Law Union to a standardised design by George Wilkinson, and a convent and chapel built in 1901 by Patrick Forstall Comber.

The Proposed Scheme then turns on to the R837 Dublin Road in Shanganagh. Protected structures include St Rita's (DLR RPS 1786), Lurganbrae and St Brendan's (DLR RPS 1795) which are 19th century villas and St Anne's (DLR RPS 1800) a modernist movement house built in 1936 to the design of John James Maurice Aylward. Rathmichael Parish Primary School (DLR RPS 1799) was built in 1892 and is under the patronage of the Church of Ireland. St Anne's Church in Shankill was built in 1931 to 1933 to the design of Ashlin and Coleman (RMP DU026-109). Rivendell (DLR RPS 1994), located opposite the church, was built in the 1860s as the station master's house of the Dublin and South Eastern Railway Station in Shankill. The upstanding ruins of Kiltuc Church (RMP DU026-054001 to -054005), the remains of the early medieval ecclesiastical complex at Shanganagh, lie within the boundary of the Shanganagh demesne. It is possible that the site, known as Killtuck, was dedicated to Toca mAeda mSenaic, brother of Crimthann Cualann, King of Leinster who died in the early 7th century (Corlett 1999, 137). A number of stone monuments identified at the site have since been relocated. One, a small stone cross, is located in the grounds of St. Anne's Church in Shankill. Saint James's Church Crinken, Dublin Road Shankill (DLR RPS 1863) was built in 1840 to a design by William Farrell. Shankill village itself dates to the 1860s (Pearson 1998). The Hackett Memorial Hall (DLR RPS 1858) was built in 1889.

Most of the large houses on the R119 Dublin Road in Shankill are associated with demesnes. These include Shanganagh Castle, and demesne (DLR RPS 1845) built 1769 to a design by Sir Richard Morrison on the site of a 15th century tower house. Crinken Cottage (DLR RPS 1850) is one of its many gate lodges. Other houses in the area include Beauchamp House (DLR RPS 1862) built c.1830, Corke Lodge (DLR RPS 1869) built before 1816, Woodbrook House enlarged in 1840 and its circa 1909 gate lodges (DLR RPS 1870, 1871, 1874), Wilford House (DLR RPS 1873) built in the 1790s, Askefield House (DLR RPS 1860) and the Aske House (DLR RPS 1866), both of which are early 19th century.

The Proposed Scheme continues along the Dublin Road into Little Bray which forms the northern portion of Bray. It is of medieval origin. Castle Street is named after a 15th century tower house (WI004-001006) which formerly stood on the street. Little Bray contains a large number of 19th century buildings, but few are protected. St Peter's Church built in 1837 and parish hall built as a schoolhouse in 1864 are included in the RPS (WWC RPS B42). 29 to 30 Dublin Road, Little Bray (WCC RPS B10) are two terraced early 19th century houses. The scheme terminates at Fran O'Toole Bridge (NIAH 16301267) built in 1855. The bridge was renamed in honour of Fran O'Toole, a Bray native and member of the Miami Showband who along with two of his fellow band members were shot dead by a loyalist paramilitary group on July 31st, 1975, in what became known as the Miami Showband Massacre.

1.1 Industrial and Infrastructural Development

The Proposed Scheme traverses the Grand Canal at Leeson Street Bridge. In 1715 an Act of Parliament proposing the linking of Dublin with the Shannon and Barrow Rivers was passed but no action was taken until 1755 when interest in the project was revived and Thomas Omer was appointed engineer (Bennett 2005). By 1763, 12 miles of the Canal commencing at Clondalkin had been completed and included bridges and locks. The same year Dublin Corporation took over the construction in order to avail of the additional water supply for City Basin which was located to the south of Thomas Street in the Liberties (Bennet 2005, Casey 2005). The construction of the Canal was in private ownership by 1772 and was under the remit of the Company of the Undertakers of the Grand Canal.

The canal was opened to the first cargo traffic in February 1779 and to passenger traffic between Dublin and Sallins in 1780 (Bennet 2005). The Circular Line on which Eustace Bridge (DCC RPS 873) is located was completed as far as Ringsend by 1791. The grand Canal Docks were opened in 1796 and connected the Canal with the River Liffey. Development of the Canal continued after the completion of the Circular line. Huband Harbour near Dolphin's Barn, named after Joseph Huband, one of the directors of the Canal company, was opened in 1805 to provide a mooring area. It has since been infilled but a similar mooring area is located on the North bank of the Canal to the west of Emmet Bridge. The Canal Company also operated five hotels on the Canal including the one at Portobello Harbour which was designed by James Colbourne which was opened in 1807 but has since been converted to educational use. Both the Royal and Grand Canals went in to decline following the

introduction of the railways in the mid-19th century. By 1950 the Grand Canal Company was amalgamated with Córas Iompair Éireann (CIÉ) and the last boats were withdrawn in 1959. Regeneration of the Grand and Royal Canals commenced with the establishment of the 1998 City Canals Plan prepared by Dublin City Council on behalf of the Council and Waterway Ireland. Works commenced in 2003 with the launch of the Grand Canal Enhancement Project. Works included the upgrade of tow paths, repaving of foot paths along Canal Road and Grove Road, laying of setts around the locks at La Touche Bridge and Charlemont Street, new seating, new planting and lighting.

Trams were introduced in to Ireland following the Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860, the Tramways (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1861, the Dublin Tramways Company Act of 1871 which set up the first tramway company and Dublin Tramways Company Act of 1872 which established the tramway routes (Corcoran 2008, Kilroy 1996). The tram Network was established in Dublin in the 1870s with the first line laying commencing in 1871, following trials in the mid-1860s (Thacker 2003). They were operated by private companies including the Dublin Tramways Company (DTC), which acquired the rights of the City of Dublin Tramways Company and the Rathmines omnibuses, and started laying lines in 1871, commencing service to Terenure on 1 February 1872. The first service opened in 1872. Initially they were horse drawn. The North Dublin Street Tramways Company (NDST), formed 1875, with a line from Nelson's Pillar to Drumcondra commencing in 1877. The Dublin Central Tramways Company (DCT), formed 1878, with authority to build a line from College Green to Rathfarnham with branches to Ranelagh, Rathgar, Rathmines and Clonskeagh, and with a line commencing 22 June 1879, from Nelson's Pillar to Terenure via Harold's Cross (Bielenberg 1998).

Other tramway companies included the Dublin Southern Districts Tramways Company (DSDTC), formed in 1878 and the Blackrock and Kingstown Tramway (BKT), formed 1883. The DSDTC was acquired by the Imperial Tramways Company. By 1880, many of the major districts of Dublin were served by the three tram companies (DTC, NDST and DCT). William Martin Murphy, a founding shareholder of the Dublin Central Tramways Company, founded the Dublin United Tramways Company (DUTC) in January 1881 following a merger of the three tramway companies, with himself as manager (Bielenberg 1998). In 1893 the Imperial Tramways Company secured an Act of Parliament allowing them to purchase the BKT. The combined operation of the DSDTC and BKT were sold to the DUTC in 1896. Electrification commenced in 1896, and was completed in 1901 (Corcoran 2008). At its peak the system was known as technically innovative, and was described in 1904 as "one of the most impressive in the world" (Thacker 2003). A numbering system was adopted by the DUTC in 1918.

The Dublin tram system was central to the Dublin Lockout when DUTC members walked off the job over the refusal of then DUTC chairman (and leading shareholder) William Martin Murphy to allow some workers to join the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union. The trams went in to decline following the introduction of busses by the DUTC in 1925. The last DUTC route, the number 8 to Dalkey closed in 1949. Following the Transport Act 1944, control of the DUTC was vested in Córas Iompair Eireann (CIÉ). The last tram in operation until the arrival of Luas in 2004 was the Hill of Howth Tramway which was transferred to CIÉ in 1958 and closed on 31 May 1959.

46 repurposed tram standards associated with tramways and included in the DCIHR were identified on the Proposed Scheme.

1.2 Postal Services

Information on the history of post boxes and post box types was obtained through the National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH) building survey for Dublin (NIAH 2020a) and by referring to the Inventory of Historic Street Paving and Furniture, (Dublin Civic Trust 2004), The Antique Pavement: an illustrated guide to Dublin's Street Furniture (O'Connell, D. 1975), and the Irish Post Box: Silent Servant and Symbol of the State (Ferguson, S. 2009).

The General Post Office (GPO) was designed by Francis Johnson and built between 1814 and 1818 (Casey 2005). It was one of a small number of receiving houses where letters could be received, as until the introduction of the Penny Post in 1840, letters were paid for on receipt (Ferguson 2009). There were also wooden general post receiver boxes and the original plan of the GPO had a number of them in the main entrance hall (Ferguson 2009). These wooden boxes were located outside the city as well and similar to the iron post boxes which replaced them, they had a slot for letters and were sometimes set into the walls of shop fronts or premises that acted as post offices (Ferguson 2009).

Iron post boxes were introduced in London in 1854 by the novelist Anthony Trollop, while he was working for the General Post Office (O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009). Those introduced in England were made by Mr Ashley of Burnley and it is likely that the same type was used in Ireland as there is one Ashworth type box in the National Museum (Ferguson, 2009). The metal founder, William Turner was offered a contract to produce post boxes in 1856 and his tender was accepted (Ferguson 2009).

By 1858 there were 8 pillar boxes in Dublin City (Ferguson 2009). These were located at Palace Street, Stephen's Green North, Clanbrassil Street, Manor Street, Phibsborough, Upper Dominick Street, Fitzgibbon Street and Commons Street. Early post boxes were olive or bronze green in colour (Ferguson 2009). There was no official policy on the colour of post boxes until 1859, then bronze green was adopted for all post boxes (Ferguson 2009). Improvements included a push in flap at the letter slot which was intended to keep the rain out. It also had an internal wire cage to prevent the letters spilling out when the door was opened for collection (Ferguson 2009).

By the 1860s there were many pillar boxes in Ireland. The earliest examples do not survive in Dublin but can be found in Kilmacanogue in Wicklow (O'Connell 1975). Others were erected by the institutions where they were located, as at the Four Courts, the Linen Hall, and the Dublin Library (Ferguson 2009). The Dublin and Wicklow Railway erected post boxes at its stations in Harcourt Street and Westland Row (Ferguson 2009). By 1865 there were 46 pillar boxes in Dublin City and a further 30 pillar and wall boxes in the suburbs from Ashtown on the north side to Goatstown on the south side (Ferguson 2009).

In 1866 a hexagonal post box with an acanthus leaf motif and finial to the top which was designed by J. W Penfold was introduced and was inspired by the Temple of the Winds in Mount Steward (Ferguson 2009). They were produced until 1879 (Ferguson 2009). A small number survive in Bray, Co. Wicklow.

In 1874 the design of the post box was standardised so that post boxes displayed the royal insignia of the era in which they were produced (O'Connell 1975). These had a weighted base below ground (O'Connell 1975). It was at this point that the official colour was changed to red as it was believed that it would be more visible than the green. (Ferguson 2009). The standard cylindrical post box was introduced in 1879 (Ferguson 2009). Those produced by Andrew Handyside had no insignia and are known as anonymous boxes (Ferguson 2009). The large oval Type C letter box with twin letter slots were introduced in London 1899 but not introduced to Ireland until 1965 (Ferguson 2009).

Pillar boxes were expensive to produce and were therefore located in cities, towns, and areas with the highest postal traffic (Ferguson 2009). The production of a smaller cheaper post box was necessary for other areas. Trollop had suggested '*an iron letter box, about five ft from the ground, wherever permanently built walls, can be found*' in 1851 (Ferguson 2009). This idea was revisited in 1857 when specimen wall boxes were produced in England by Phensaul of Plymouth, and Smith and Hawkes of Birmingham (Ferguson 2009). By the following year a few of the Birmingham boxes had been installed in Ireland including one at Dundrum. Smaller wall boxes, similar to the Smith and Hawkes models, were also produced by the Cork based firm H & C Smith of the King Street Foundry from 1856 onward (Ferguson 2009). Most of the wall boxes produced in the late 19th century were made by W. T Allen of London (Ferguson 2009).

Post boxes which were affixed to lamp posts or telegraph poles were introduced in London in 1896 in response to calls for more post boxes, and were based on those used by the United States Postal Service. These were used where the expense of a pillar or wall box could not be justified and are more typically found in rural locations (Ferguson 2009).

A total of 12 cast iron post boxes of architectural heritage significance were identified within the receiving environment of the Proposed Scheme. Of the 12, seven were of the freestanding pillar type and the remaining five were wall-mounted and inset in walls.

1.3 Public Lighting

Public lighting first appeared in Ireland in the 17th century (DELG 2002). In 1616 The Candlelight Law was passed in Dublin, compelling '*every fifth house to display light within prescribed hours of night for the guidance of street users*' (O'Connell 1975). These were initially privately operated candle based torches that were later replaced with oil based or flambeaux (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975). It was not until 1697 that publicly operated public lighting was undertaken by contract in parts of Dublin (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975). A

contractor by the name of Michael Cole was appointed to place lights on both sides of the thoroughfares eight houses apart and on side streets six houses apart. They burned on oil from six to midnight at the cost of three shillings per year to each householder (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975).

In the early years of the 18th century, it is recorded that the public lamps were supplied with oil made from Irish rapeseed (Cornwall 2020b). In 1816 oil lamps consisted of a small tin vessel half filled with oil consisting of fluid fish blubber into which was suspended a wick of twisted cotton. The wicks were trimmed and the lamps filled and lit by lamplighters who were selected by the Parochial Vestries (O'Connell 1975). The lamps themselves were hung on wall brackets which had to be accessed by ladder (O'Connell 1975).

Following the introduction of gas lamps in 1825, gas lamps started to take over from oil and this form of lighting was still in use up to 1957 (O'Connell 1975, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, DELG 2002). The early gas lamps had a free burning flame in a lantern (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975). The major gas companies were located in the Dublin Docklands. These amalgamated in 1866 to become the Alliance and Consumer's Gas Company. They lit the city as far as Kilmainham, Fairview and Rathmines (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975).

In 1887 the gas mantle was introduced (Dublin Civic Trust 2004). Public lighting was still confined between the canals with the addition of the townships of Rathmines, Ballsbridge, Glasnevin, and Drumcondra (Dublin Civic Trust 2004). In the 1890s open flame gas lamps were superseded by silk web incandescent gas light (O'Connell 1975).

Early antique pillars are beautifully proportioned and have mostly a rounded fluted base, leaf mouldings and a crossbar to support a ladder for the gas lighter when illuminating the shorter standard, 4.5m in height (Dublin Civic Trust 2004, DELG 2002). At the peak of this service the Corporation employed 25 lamplighters to light and quench 3,750 lamps (Dublin Civic Trust 2004).

When electricity superseded gas, the standard increased in height as high as 9m (Dublin Civic Trust 2004). Electric light was first introduced in 1890 and was in operation for the tercentenary of the founding of Trinity College in 1892 (O'Connell 1975). The change allowed an increase in height of the standard to nine meters. Early standards were large cast iron columns supporting an electric lamp at the top. The initial scheme consisted of nine metre 'swan neck' lamp posts and covered most of the city from Sackville (now O'Connell) Street to Grafton Street, and Mary Street to Parliament Street. These were made in Britain (O'Connell 1975).

The opening of the Pigeon House Generation Station in 1903 extended public electric lighting to almost all major streets in the City Centre (O'Connell 1975, DELG 2002). The large Scotch Standards with straight stem heads and semi-circular overhangs were part of this scheme (O'Connell 1975, Dublin Civic Trust 2004). The Rathmines and Pembroke Urban District Councils also undertook their own public lighting schemes (O'Connell 1975).

In 1938, 95 new art deco style concrete lamp posts were introduced (Cassidy 2020b and 2020c, Neylon 2020). The lanterns were designed first and were then manufactured by Holophane Ltd in London (Neylon 2020). They incorporated refracting glass units, which were considered unique at the time (Neylon 2020). The concrete structure of these lamps was manufactured by the Société Française des Poteaux Électriques (Sofrapel, the French Society of Electric Poles) in Paris (Cassidy 2020b and 2020c, Neylon 2020). They featured a concrete column, octagonal in plan with a wider base with lanterns suspended from either a single Deco bracket or a double bracket. Reinforced concrete was chosen because of its low cost and because it was believed to have low maintenance requirements. The shafts and brackets were cast separately using a Portland cement and a crushed marble aggregate which was then polished with a terrazzo like effect.

Concrete lamp posts were produced until the 1960s. By the 1980s, many were starting to spall badly (Cornwall 2020b). Very few of these concrete lamp posts survive intact with the columns vulnerable to frost damage (Neylon 2020) whilst the brackets containing the lamps have in most cases been replaced.

Street lighting contributes to public safety and the style and design of lamp posts contribute to the overall appearance of the streetscape (Dublin Civic Trust 2004). Many surviving light standards display a high level of artistry and craftsmanship and complement historic streetscapes. Many lamp posts have been replaced by replicas and replicas have also been installed along streetscapes in the City Centre.

Between 1920 and 1940 Dublin Corporation reproduced many of the gaslight design standards to a greater height and positioned them on the secondary streets (Dublin Civic Trust 2004). While these are not as significant in architectural heritage terms, they still contribute positively to the historic streetscapes in which they are located and have often been installed by Local Authorities as part of improvements to the public realm. Others are adapted tram standards such as those associated with Nelson's Pillar to Kingstown Tramway (Corcoran 2008). A total of 58 lamp posts were identified as being of architectural heritage significance. Six different types were identified. Two are in the curtilage of St Stephen's Green and therefore Protected Structures (DCC RPS 7752), 46 of these are associated with tramways included in the DCIHR. Groups of Scotch Standards, Swan Neck Standards, Reproduction and Rathmines Type lamp posts were also noted.

1.4 Paving and Surface Treatments

Historic paving includes stone paving, stone steps, cobbles or setts and kerbs. In medieval Ireland, the use of stone to pave streets and trackways became more common. Sections of cobbled paving have been found in archaeological excavations in Dublin (DAHG 2015). A section of medieval cobbled pavement, uncovered in archaeological excavations at the medieval St Audoen's Church in High Street, Dublin can be viewed within the Office of Public Work's Visitor Centre now located in the former Guild Chapel of St Anne (DAHG 2015).

Early cobbles survive in Front Square, Trinity College Dublin, including rounded limestone clasts interspersed with white quartz, granite and other igneous rocks including andesite and diorite (DAHG 2015). Unlike setts, cobbles are not dressed but are rounded as found (DAHG 2015). Randomly laid cobbles can be seen on footpaths and carriageways in early photographs of the main urban centres in Ireland (DAHG 2015).

The majority of historic paving found in Ireland today dates from the eighteenth century onwards (O'Connell 1975, DAHG 2015). In 1717 an Act entitled '*For the better amendment of the pavement, and more effectually cleansing of the streets of the city of Dublin, and removing encroachments and nuisances that are or shall be erected therein, etc*', was passed (DAHG 2015). Under the Act, the Lord Mayor, Sherriff and two Aldermen, were authorised to direct the levelling, new paving, raising and mending of the pavements and empowered to charge the chief tenants inhabiting houses and owners of waste ground with the price of carrying out this work before their houses and grounds (DAHG 2015). Under the Act of 1719, the Lord Mayor and one Sheriff within the City and every Alderman were appointed to regulate the pavements (DAHG 2015, 6 Geo. I. C. 15). Further legislation passed in 1729 charged the Church Wardens and the Directors of the Watch '*to examine and return all defects in the paving and cleansing, and the Lord Mayor was required to execute the trust imposed on him according to such returns*' (DAHG 2015).

The Board of Commissioners for Paving the Streets of Dublin, or the Dublin Paving Board, was set up by an Act of Parliament in 1774 '*for paving the streets, quays, bridges, squares, yards, courts and alleys within the city and county of the city of Dublin, etc*' because of the poor quality or lack of pavements and because such public areas were not properly '*pitched, paved or regulated for the free intercourse of the inhabitants*' (DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, DELG 2002). It was funded by a Watch Tax which was extended to include a Pavement Tax of a shilling in the pound of the yearly rent (DAHG 2015). The five city divisions entered into contract with the various paviours, stone cutters, masons, and gravel suppliers for work within their groups of parishes, while the specifications were provided by Mr Thomas Owen, Surveyor to the Board (DAHG 2015). Each committee reported on the state of the pavements in its division and proposed the streets most in need of paving (DAHG 2015). The remit of the Paving Board extended beyond paving the city streets. An early meeting in 1774 resolved, that '*all signs, sign irons, posts whether of wood or stone, spurr stones, landing stones, boards, bulks, show glasses, show boards, set out windows, and pent houses, in this city and other places mentioned in the Act for the Paving the Streets etc. shall be immediately removed*' (DAHG 2015). In addition, '*all steps, and doors, opening or leading from the foot ways or carriageways into vaults, cellars or other places be immediately removed, filled up, or altered*' (DAHG 2015). The Corporation for Paving specified the materials required as follows (DAHG 2015):

'Flags of the best hard mountain stone, at least four inches thick at the edge, free from yellow soft grit (those at the top of the quarry by no means to be used) chizzel'd flat in the surface, & squared on the four edges, all other flags, at least two inches & one half thick on the edges, not chipped or spaul'd off as they are generally on the under edge, but squared and made very flat on top;

Curb [kerb] of the best mountain stone, squared at the ends, the outer face, the surface and the inner edge, to be full nine inches deep on the outer face and edge, & one foot on the Top or Surface, free from Yellow Grit;

The curb stones of the foot way be of mountain stone of twelve inches broad, nine inches deep, with a bed of not less than six inches, & four inches thick at the tail squared through;

Sound pebbles [i.e. Cobbles, paving stones] or paving stones free from Shakes or Splinters, which will bear hand trimming not less than four inches over each way;

The best screened Gravel free from Loam;

Bullock stones or any other hard Granite, of nine inches deep, dressed on the Top and Side, & made wedge fashion, the bottom to be four fifths of the top;

That the grates be made of Iron Bars, not less than one inch square at the least, the bars to be no more than one inch asunder.'

In addition to 'the best hard mountain stone', the Board, following several representations also authorised the use of Arklow stone 'of quality allowed by Judges to be superior to the Scotch paving stones used in London'. Square paving, by some called Scotch paving, were of blue whynn or Scotch granite; a hard material, usually of a bluish or reddish colour, with which the London road pavements were formed (Herbert 1836). It is likely that the Arklow stone referred to was diorite (DAHG 2015).

Limestone kerbs were also used, as a contract dated 7th October 1774 stipulated the furnishing of 'limestone curbing stone...punched on the face & rough squared in the edges & ends, with a punch or hammer, the stones not less than nine inches thick at the thinnest place, and from two to five feet long, & twelve inches broad, no stones to be taken but what has their full corners: and also as many other stones as they want, of twelve inches over and nine inches thick squared & edged as above; all at the rate of seven pence per foot, superficial measure, face only to be measured & not edges'(DAHG 2015). Another contract suggests that Dublin calp was sometimes used for kerbing, 'for laying black stone curbings from twelve to sixteen inches broad' (DAHG 2015).

In addition to the works of the paving board, private developers stipulated the use of granite paving. Leases pertaining to the construction of the Georgian terraces such as Merrion Square stipulated that a fine quality of paving was to be laid to the front of each building as part of its overall development (DAHG 2015). Coal hole covers can be found in these Georgian areas. Coal hole covers, or the cast iron covers to delivery chutes above subterranean coal cellars, were usually located under the path and road in front of the houses to Georgian Terraces. Original cast iron Georgian coal hole covers were cast between 1760 and 1830 and were set into a granite surround (O'Connell 1075).

Most of Dublin's streets which had been previously covered with earth, rubble and round cobbles were covered with stone setts by the beginning of the 19th century (O'Connell 1975). As early as 1838, The Penny Cyclopaedia of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge reported that: 'The streets [of Dublin] in general are Macadamized, the footpaths for the most part flagged, and the curb stones and crossings of cut granite. The city has been well lighted since 1825 with gas' (DAHG 2015). In 1841, following the Municipal Corporation Reform (Ireland) Act, the old City Assembly of Dublin was replaced by a more representative City Council and, in 1849, the Council took over the duties of the Wide Street Commissioners and the Paving Board under the Dublin Improvement Act (DAHG 2015).

In 1870, the Council was asked to consider a 'Proposal for a system of tramways for the City of Dublin and Suburbs' (DAHG 2015). Seven tramways were subsequently laid in the major thoroughfares of Dublin, and stone setts were the favoured form of street surface associated with them (DAHG 2015). The tram company appears to have paid the Council for repair to streets following track laying (DAHG 2015).

Setts or square block cobbles developed from cobbles between the 16th and 19th centuries (O'Connell 1975). The type which survives today in cities and towns across the country appears to date from the mid to late nineteenth century (DAHG 2015). A source of diorite of a dark green hue was the quarry owned by Charles Stewart Parnell on his estate at Avondale, County Wicklow from 1884 until his death in 1891, after which the

business went into decline (DAHG 2015). Many sets are understood to have been of imported Welsh and Scottish stone (DAHG 2015). It is possible that granite sets of reddish colour which can be seen in many places were such imports. Paving setts were also recorded being made from diorite at Arklow in 1911 (DAHG 2015). Tar grouting of setts was already common practice in the late nineteenth century (DAHG 2015).

Asphalt as a surfacing material began to be introduced in the late nineteenth century as a watertight and economical alternative for surfacing of footpaths (DAHG 2015). In 1880, the Council received a report on asphaltting of footpaths (DAHG 2015). Macadamising was also a widespread surfacing method, primarily for carriageways, but possibly also for footpaths. As distinct from later tar bound macadam, the use of water bound macadam was pioneered around 1820 by Scotsman John Loudon McAdam (DAHG 2015). Consisting of two inch broken stones in a single layer six to ten inches (150 to 250mm) deep and compacted either by the road traffic itself or by a cast iron roller, this method required a great deal of manual labour, but resulted in a strong and free draining pavement, and remained the widespread method used until the advent of motor traffic. Contracts in 1881 mention both flagging and macadamising (DAHG 2015). The Paving Committee report of 1915, refers to the practice of spraying tar on the surface of macadamised roads to create tar bound macadam (DAHG 2015). The 1915 report contains an assessment of the practicality of flagged pavements and shows that the introduction of concrete flags and of poured in situ concrete had begun by 1915 (DAHG 2015).

Concrete paving began to be used for pavements from the early part of the twentieth century (DAHG 2015). Until the late 1980s, historic granite footpaths were routinely replaced with concrete paving (DAHG 2015). In these repaving schemes, historic paving was often re-laid or left untouched outside pubs, where delivery of beer kegs demanded a more robust material (DAHG 2015). As motor traffic became widespread, asphalt or tarmac and also poured concrete became the norm and many setted surfaces were dug up and replaced, or were simply covered over (DAHG 2015). Stone pavements and setts have been replaced, not only by asphalt, but concrete paving and coloured brick, which is visually incompatible with our traditional streetscapes (DELG 2002).

The restoration of setted carriageways was a key feature of the successful revitalisation of the Temple Bar area of Dublin in the 1990s and these are now perceived by residents and visitors alike as an essential element of the heritage of the city (DAHG 2015). However, many of these setts were moved to the area from other parts of the city, a practice which would not be considered appropriate today, particularly if the location of the setts is original (DAHG 2015). Likewise the granite pavements which survive to a degree throughout the Georgian areas of Dublin are now identified as a characteristic feature of the city with their role as an essential component of the iconic eighteenth century architectural ensembles (DAHG 2015). The paving and surface treatments which were identified in the study area were confined to Donnybrook and the Dublin City Centre. These include granite kerbing and coal holes.

The background is a vibrant yellow. It is decorated with several abstract geometric shapes in shades of blue, teal, and white. These include circles, semi-circles, and rounded rectangular shapes, some of which are layered or overlapping. The shapes are scattered across the page, with a concentration in the top right and bottom left corners.

Appendix A16.2
Inventory of Architectural
Heritage Sites

Appendix A16.2: Inventory of Architectural Heritage Sites

1. Protected Structures

Table 1.1: Record of Protected Structures (RPS) Sites Located Within the Receiving Environment

Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)	RMP DU018-020334	St Stephen's Green	Park. Medieval common enclosed in 1669	National Importance, High Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7788	55 St. Stephen's Green East	House built 1771, in use as a school	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7789	56 St. Stephen's Green East	House, built c 1760, rebuilt in 1975-78.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 2426	Real Tennis Court Earlsfort Terrace	Tennis Court built 1884.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 2426	National Concert Hall Earlsfort Terrace	University buildings dated 1914	Regional Significance, High Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4452	97 Leeson Street Lower	House, built c.1800 which was remodelled in 1977	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4450, 4451	95 to 97 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of houses, built c.1800, remodelled in 1977	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4448, 4449	93 to 94 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of houses, built c.1800, remodelled in 1977	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4445 to 4447	90 to 92 Leeson Street Lower	Houses, built c.1800	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4444	89 Leeson Street Lower	House, built c.1800	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4440 to 4443	78 to 81 Leeson Street Lower	Terrace of c.1800 houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4439	77 Leeson Street Lower	House, built c.1800	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4388 to 4391	1 to 4 Leeson Street Lower	Houses, built c. 1780	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4392, 4393	20 to 21 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of c. 1820 houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4394, 4395	22 to 23 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of c. 1820 houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 6668, 6669	20 to 21 Pembroke Street Upper	Pair of houses built c. 1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 6666, 6667	18 to 19 Pembroke Street Upper	Pair of houses built c. 1825	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 6665	17 Pembroke Street Upper	House built c. 1820	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 6664	16 Pembroke Street Upper	House built c. 1820	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 6658 to 6663	10 to 15 Pembroke Street Upper	Terraced houses built c. 1820	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4438	76 Leeson Street Lower	House built c. 1800.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4437	75 Leeson Street Lower	House built c. 1800.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4435, 4436	73 to 74 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of houses built c. 1800.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4434, 4433	71 to 72 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of houses built c. 1800.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity	
DCC RPS 4432	70 Leeson Street Lower	House built c. 1800.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity	

Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4426 to 4431	64 to 69 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced houses built c. 1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4425	63 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced house built c. 1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 3625 to 3627	2 to 4 Hatch Street Lower	Terrace of houses built c. 1820	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 3624	1 Hatch Street Lower	Terraced house built 1810	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 3645	31 Hatch Street Lower	Terrace of houses built c. 1890	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4396	24 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced house built 1810	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4397 to 4400	25 to 28 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced houses built c. 1810	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4401, 4402	29 to 30 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced houses built c. 1810	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4403 to 4406	31 to 34 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced houses built c. 1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4407	35 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced house built c. 1835	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4408	36 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced house built c. 1835	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4409 to 4416	37 to 44 Leeson Street Lower	Terrace of c. 1830 houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4417 to 4419	45 to 47 Leeson Street Lower	Terrace of c. 1835 houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
		DCC RPS 4420, 4421	48 to 49 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of c. 1835 houses.
DCC RPS 4422, 4423		50 to 51 Leeson Street Lower	Pair of terraced houses built before 1836.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4424		Corrig House 52 Leeson Street Lower	Terraced house built before 1836.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 2780, 2781		29 to 30 Fitzwilliam Place	Terrace of houses, built 1859.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 2779		28 Fitzwilliam Place	Gothic house by Deane and Woodward built 1855	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 2778		Fitzwilliam Hall 25 Fitzwilliam Place	Mock Georgian office block 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 2777		24 Fitzwilliam Place	Double fronted house built before 1836.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 873		Eustace Bridge	Single arch bridge, built 1790	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4600		156 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4594 to 4599		150 to 155 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4593		149 Leeson Street Upper	19th century licensed premises.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
		DCC RPS 4592	148 Leeson Street Upper	19th century licensed premises.
	DCC RPS 4591	147 Leeson Street Upper	19th century licensed premises.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7909	8/9 Sussex Terrace	Mid 19th century licensed premises.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4455	1 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4456	2 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity

Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4457 to 4471	3 to 17 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4472	17a Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4590	144 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4589	143 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4588	142 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4587	141 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced buildings and shop front	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4586	140 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4585	139 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4580 to 4584	134 to 138 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4579	133 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4578	132 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4577	131 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4576	130 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
		DCC RPS 4575	129 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house.
DCC RPS 4574		128 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4573		127 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4572		126 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4567 to 4571		121 to 125 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4561 to 4566		115 to 120 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4560		114 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4558, 4559		108 to 109 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4556, 4557		106 to 107 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
DCC RPS 4554, 4555		104 to 105 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4347	Christ Church Leeson Park, Dublin 6	Christ Church, Molyneux Asylum for the Blind 1862.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4349	Litton Hall Leeson Park, Dublin 6	Litton Hall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4348	Molyneux Asylum Leeson Park, Dublin 6	Molyneux Asylum for the Female Blind 1862.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4473	18 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4474 to 4477	19 to 22 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4478 to 4483	23 to 28 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity

Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4484	29 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4485 to 4490	30 to 35 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4491	36 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4492 to 4497	37 to 42 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4498	43 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4552, 4553	101 to 102 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4550, 4551	99 to 100 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4548, 4549	97 to 98 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4547	96 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4546	95 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4544, 4545	93 to 94 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4541 to 4543	90 to 92 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4537 to 4540	86 to 89 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4499	45 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4500	46 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4501	47 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4502 to 4504	48 to 50 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4505	51 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4506 to 4510	52 to 56 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4511 to 4513	57 to 59 Leeson Street Upper	Row of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4531 to 4536	80 to 85 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4530	79 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4529, 4528	77 to 78 Leeson Street Upper	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4527	76 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4521 to 4526	70a to 75 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4520	70 Leeson Street Upper	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 4451, 4515 to 4519	65a to 69 Leeson Street Upper	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8336	1 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8337, 8338	3 to 5 Wellington Place	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8339	7 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8340	9 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8341	11 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8342	13 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8343	15 Wellington Place	19th century house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8344, 8345	17 to 19 Wellington Place	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5287, 5289	2 to 4 Morehampton Rd	Pair of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5291, 5293, 5295, 5297	6 to 12 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5299, 5301, 5303, 5305 to 5310, 5312, 5314	14 to 34 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5286, 5288, 5290, 5292, 5294, 5296, 5298, 5300, 5302	1 to 17 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of late 19 th or early 20th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5304	Hampton Hotel, 19 to 29 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of houses extant 1837.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5318	38 to 40 Morehampton Rd	Pair of late 19 th or early 20th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5321, 5323, 5325, 5327, 5329	42 to 50 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5331, 5333, 5335, 5337, 5339, 5341, 5343, 5345, 5347	52 to 68 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5311, 5313	31 to 33 Morehampton Rd	Pair of late 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5315, 5317, 5319, 5320, 5322	35 to 43 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of late 19th or early 20th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5324	45 Morehampton Rd	Late 19th or early 20th century house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5326, 5328, 5330	47 to 51 Morehampton Rd	Terrace of late 19th or early 20th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5348	70 Morehampton Rd	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5349, 5350	72 to 76 Morehampton Rd	Terrace 19th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5351	78 Morehampton Rd	19th century terraced house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5332, 5334	53 to 55 Morehampton Rd	Pair of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5336, 5338	57 to 59 Morehampton Rd	Pair of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5340	61 Morehampton Rd	19th century house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 5342, 5344, 5346	63 to 67 Morehampton Rd	Row of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 3680, 3682	4 to 6 Herbert Park	Pair of early 20th century houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU018-061	135 Morehampton Rd	House - 18th/19th Century. Now in restaurant use	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 8713	St. Mary's Convent, The Crescent	Donnybrook Laundry built 1877 to 1881 and chimney	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU018-060011	Graveyard, Donnybrook Rd	Graveyard	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU022-082003	Anglesea Bridge, Donnybrook Rd	Bridge, built in 1832	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout	DCC RPS 7845	Sacred Heart Catholic Church, Stillorgan Road	Gothic church built 1866	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7845	Presbytery 1 to 2 Stillorgan Road	Presbytery built 1877 to 1878	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7846	Mount Errol House, Stillorgan Road	Mount Errol House shown on the 1837 OS	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DCC RPS 7847	Montrose, Stillorgan Road	Montrose House shown on the 1837 OS	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 9	Woodview House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road,	Woodview House shown on the 1837 OS	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 19	Ardmore University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road	Ardmore. Shown on the 1837 OS	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 41	Belfield House, University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 94	Merville House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road	Merville House, shown on the 1837 OS map.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023 to 067	St Helens, Stillorgan Rd	House 18 th Century.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 108	Saint Thomas' Church Foster's Avenue, Mount Merrion,	Church, Rectory, Hall and Boundary Walls	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 598	Mount Merrion House North Avenue, Mount Merrion	House built 1710.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 562	Saint Damien's Stillorgan Road, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.	Saint Damien's	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-012001a	Stillorgan House/Park House Stillorgan Grove, Stillorgan	House, c. 1880 on the site of an 14 th century house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-011001b	Saint Brigid's Church Of Ireland Church, Glenalbyn Rd	Church of Ireland church, dated 1712	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-011001c	Saint Brigid's School, Glenalbyn Rd	School, early 19th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-011001d	Saint Brigid's rectory, Glenalbyn Rd	Saint Brigid's rectory	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-011002	Saint Brigid's Church Of Ireland Church, Glenalbyn Rd	Graveyard. The memorials are 18th and 19th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU023-071	Stillorgan Castle, St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd	Present buildings are 19 th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1420	Granada House, St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd	18th or early 19th century house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1428	Brookvale, Saint Brigid's Church Road, Dublin.	18th or early 19th century house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2098	Beech Park/Ferney, Kill, Co. Dublin	House, shown on 1837 OS map.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1451	Belmont House, Galloping Green, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.	19th century house and Chapel	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2005	Disciples of the Divine Master Liturgical Centre, Stillorgan Rd	Eversham house, extant 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1496	Mount Salem, Stillorgan Rd	House extant 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1498	Sefton House, Stillorgan Rd	House extant 1896	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1996	Kelston, Stillorgan Road	House, extant 1867	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2041	Hermiston, Stillorgan Rd	House extant 1911	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2015	Corners Knocksinna Rd	House extant 1937	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1540	Fahanmura Knocksinna Rd	House built 1935 to 1940	National Importance, High Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1984	Catholic Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Succour, Stillorgan Road	Catholic church, built 1933 to 5 to a design by John Joseph Robinson	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1598	Hillside, Stillorgan Road	House built 1855 to 1865	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1620	Cairnhill, Stillorgan Road	House built 1855 to 1865	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1621	Cornelscourt House, Stillorgan Rd/ Old Bray Rd	House extant 1866.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1654	Marfield Kill, Co. Dublin	Country house built 1794	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2064	Presbytery, Saint Brigid's Catholic Church Cabinteely	Presbytery, occupied 1901	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2006	Saint Brigid's Catholic Church Cabinteely	Catholic church, dated 1836	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1671	Kilbogget House Shrewsbury Wood, Cabinteely, Dublin 18	House extant 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU026-029001 DU026-029002	Loughlinstown House	House extant 1778, incorporates 16th century core	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2002	Stable complex Loughlinstown House	Stable complex, extant 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2123	chapel, Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown	Catholic chapel, built 1901 to 2.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2011	Convent Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown	Convent, designed 1901 by Patrick Forstall Comber.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2122	Workhouse, Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown	Rathdown Union Workhouse built 1841	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)	DLR RPS 1786	Saint Rita's Dublin Road Shankill	House built 1800 to 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1795	Saint Brendan's Dublin Road, Shankill, Dublin 18.	House built 1825 to 1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1799	Rathmichael Parish Primary School	School built late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1800	Saint Anne's Dublin Road Shankill	House built 1935 to 1940	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1994	Rivendell, Dublin Road Shankill	Detached station master's house built 1860 to 1865.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU026 to 109	Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill	Church built circa 1925 to 1935.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1801	Beechfield Manor Nursing Home	House built circa 1855 to 1860	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2010	Dorney Court Corbawn Lane	Gate lodge, extant 1908.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2077	Gates/Railings/Walls, Dorney Court Corbawn Lane	Gateway, extant 1908	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1838	Plaque/Date Stone, Aubrey House, Dublin Road Shankill	Date Stone circa 1825 to 1835.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1837	Aubrey House, Dublin Road Shankill	House built circa 1860 to 1865	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU026-054001	Kiltuc Church Dublin Road Shankill	Surviving remains of the 12 th century Kiltuc church	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Class / Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1850	Crinken Cottage, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge to Shanganagh Castle built 1800 to 1837	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2074	Gates/Railings/Walls Crinken House, Dublin Road Shankill	Gateway, extant 1908,	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1971	Crinken House, Dublin Road Shankill	House, extant 1837.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1845	Shanganagh Castle Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge to Shanganagh Castle built 1926	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP DU026-120	Shanganagh Castle, Dublin Road Shankill	House built 1769 on site of a 15 th century tower house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1987	The Orchard Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge, built 1911	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1858	Shanganagh Marble and Stone Centre, Dublin Road Shankill	Hackett Memorial Hall built in 1889	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2001	Askefield House Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge built 1800 to 1836	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1860	Askefield House, Dublin Road Shankill	House built 1800 to 1836	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1862	Beauchamp Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge built 1872 to 1901	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 2042	Beauchamp House, Dublin Road Shankill	House built c.1830	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1866	The Aske/ Oaklawn, Dublin Road Shankill	House built 1831	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1866	The Aske Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Gate lodge built 1831	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1866	The Aske Gates, Railings and Walls, Dublin Road Shankill	Gates/Railings/Walls built 1831	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1863	Saint James's Church Crinken, Dublin Road Shankill	Church built 1840	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1869	Corke Lodge/ Wood Lawn, Dublin Road Shankill	House and Out Offices built before 1816	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1870, 2090	Woodbrook House Dublin Road, Bray	Country house 18 th century, enlarged 1840	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1871	Woodbrook Front Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill	Woodbrook Front Lodge extant in 1909	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1871	Woodbrook Gates, Railings Dublin Road Shankill	Gates, Railings and Walls extant in 1909	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	DLR RPS 1873	Wilford House, Dublin Road Shankill	House and Out Offices, Folly, 1790s	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)	DLR RPS 1874	Woodbrook Side Lodge Dublin Road, Bray	Woodbrook Side Lodge extant in 1909	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	WCC RPS B42	Saint Peter's Catholic Church Dublin Road, Bray	Catholic Church 1835 to 1840	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	WCC RPS B42	Saint Peter's Parish Hall Dublin Road, Bray	Parish Hall 1860 to 1865	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	WCC RPS B10	29 to 30 Dublin Road Little Bray	House, 1800 to 1820	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	WCC RPS B46	Bray Courthouse	Courthouse 1840 to 1845	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP WI004-001004	Saint Paul's Church, Bray	19 th century church, may incorporate 1609 church	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	RMP WI004-001002	Galtrim House Co. Wicklow	House on the site of an earlier house. Extant 1908	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesey Road Junction)


Identification No.	RMP DU018-020334
Additional Identifiers	DCC RPS 7751 NIAH 2375
Legal Status	National Monument, Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	St. Stephen's Green
Date of Construction	1669
Original Use	Medieval Common
Description	Park. Originally a common in the medieval period. The plots around the green were laid out in 1664 but the green itself was not enclosed until 1669. The present landscaping dates to the 1870s and was instigated by Arthur E Guinness. Railings, gates and plinth walls of perimeter boundary on St. Stephen's Green. The boundary features date to 1818. The gates are late 19th century
Significance Rating	National
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	High
Sources	DCC 2022, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, NMS 2009; NMS 2019, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656 to 1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Lewis, 1837, Clarke 2002, Lennon and Simms 2008, Goodbody 2014, M'Cready 1892, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Pearson 2000, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, 2020, Joyce 1913, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7788
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	55 St. Stephen's Green East
Date of Construction	Built 1771, rebuilt in 1970s
Original Use	House, then hospital
Description	Two bay four story over basement brown brick terraced house, in use as a School. Greek revival door case. Substantially rebuilt in 1975 to 1978 by John Costello but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Lewis, 1837, Clarke 2002, Lennon and Simms 2008, Goodbody 2014, M'Cready 1892, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Pearson 2000, IAA 2020, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7789
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	56 St. Stephen's Green East
Date of Construction	Built c 1760, rebuilt in 1970s
Original Use	House
Description	Five bay four story over basement red brick terraced house. Built c 1760 for Usher St. George. Substantially rebuilt in 1975 to 78 by John Costello but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2426
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920269
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Real Tennis Court Earlsfort Terrace
Date of Construction	1884
Original Use	Tennis Court
Description	Five bay two storey red brick gabled Tennis Court built 1884 for Edward Cecil Guinness by William Wesley Wilson. Blind openings to the gable front. Subsequently used as university laboratories
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2426
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920271
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	National Concert Hall, Earlsfort Terrace
Date of Construction	1914
Original Use	University
Description	Freestanding thirty seven bay two storey with attic storey and over basement university. The Irish University Act of 1908 established the National University of Ireland with its various constituent colleges. An architectural competition was held in 1912 for University College Dublin, with Rudolf Maximilian Butler winning the competition. The main façade, modelled on Gandon's Custom House, is Greek Revival in character, with giant Ionic columns to the central breakfront and end pavilions. It fronts an earlier complex of buildings built for the Dublin Exhibition of 1865. These buildings were later adapted for the Royal University. The Great Hall was further adapted by the Office of Public Works architects in 1981 as the auditorium of the National Concert Hall.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4450, 4451, 4452
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930315, 50930314, 50930313
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	95 to 97 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800, remodelled in 1977
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of three bay four story over basement terraced houses which were remodelled in 1977 by Barry and Associates. Red brick walls with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4448, 4449
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930312, 50930311
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	93 to 94 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	Late 18th century, Remodelled in 1977
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapet and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout. Remodelled in 1977 by Barry and Associates
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4445, 4446, 4447
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930310, 50930309, 50930309
Legal Status	Protected Structures
Location	90 to 92 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of three bay four story over basement houses. Acquired by the Marist Fathers in 1867 for use as a school. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4444
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930307
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	89 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Attached three-bay three-storey over basement former townhouse, with bowed-bay to rear (north) elevation. Painted cornice to parapet, painted quoins, tripartite windows and large Adamesque door case. Acquired by the Marist Fathers in 1867 for use as a school. Altered in 1900. As one of the earliest established private schools in Ireland, a number of historical figures have been educated here, including Joseph Mary Plunkett. According to Casey (2005), it retains its original plan and refined neo-Classical detailing
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2016, DCC 2021, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4440, 4441, 4442, 4443
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930296 to 50930299
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	78 to 81 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement houses. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4439
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930295
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	77 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4388
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920272
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	1 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story brown brick terraced house with stone quoins and rendered first floor. Now in commercial use with a replacement shop front to the ground floor. 20th century single storey addition to west side
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4389
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920273
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	2 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story brown brick terraced house. Now in commercial use with a replacement shop front to the ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4390
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920274
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	3 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story brown brick terraced house. Now in commercial use with a replacement shop front to the ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4391
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920275
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	4 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story brown brick terraced house. Now in commercial use with a replacement shop front to the ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4392, 4393
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920295, 50920294
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	20 to 21 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1820
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout. Iron balconettes to upper floors of 20. Doric Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4394, 4395
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920293, 50920292
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	22 to 23 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1820
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floors of 23. Doric Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 6668, 6669
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930291, 50930290
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	20 to 21 Pembroke Street Upper
Date of Construction	House
Original Use	c. 1825
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced house. Red brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets, stone quoins and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floors and Doric Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 6666, 6667
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930293, 50930292
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	18 to 19 Pembroke Street Upper
Date of Construction	c. 1825
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 6665
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930294
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	17 Pembroke Street Upper
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes, Greek revival door case with lead and glass fanlight
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 6664
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930245
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	16 Pembroke Street Upper
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Single bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes Greek revival door case with lead and glass fanlight
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 6658, 6659, 6660, 6661, 6662, 6663
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930239, 50930240, 50930241, 50930242, 50930243, 50930244
Legal Status	Protected Structures
Location	10 to 15 Pembroke Street Upper
Date of Construction	c. 1825
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement houses. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapet and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door cases with lead and glass fanlights except number 15 which has a plain fanlight
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4438
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930246
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	76 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown and red brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4437
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930247
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	75 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown and red brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4435, 4436
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930249, 50930248
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	73 to 74 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of three bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown and red brick with stone cap to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, with iron balconettes to upper floor of 73 and Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4434, 4433
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930251, 50930250
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	71 to 72 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1800
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of three bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown and red brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, with iron balconettes to upper floors and Greek revival door case
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4432
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930252
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	70 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1810
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case with lead and glass fanlight
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4426, 4427, 4428, 4429, 4430, 4431
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930258, 50930257, 50930256, 50930255, 50930254, 50930253
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	64 to 69 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	Mid 1830s
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement houses built by Thomas Dockerell. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door cases. Lead and glass fanlights to 64
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4425
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930259
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	63 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	Mid 1830s
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement terraced house built by Thomas Dockerell. Brown brick with moulded stone cornice to the parapet, rusticated granite treatment to ground floor and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floors Greek revival door case with lead and glass fanlight
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 3625, 3626, 3627
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920290, 50920289, 50920288
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	2 to 4 Hatch Street Lower
Date of Construction	Early 19th century, before 1821
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of three bay four story over basement double fronted houses Brown brick wall with stone cap to the parapet and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, columnar Greek revival doorcases. No 2 has a single storey projecting porch.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 3624
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50920315
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	1 Hatch Street Lower
Date of Construction	1810
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement terraced house. Oval datestone on the wall has the date 1810. Brown brick with stone cap to the parapet, stone quoins and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, columnar Greek revival doorcase
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 3645
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110512
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	31 Hatch Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1890
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story terraced house with brown brick walls and red brick dressings to segmental arched openings which feature Queen Anne style detailing
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Galavan 2017, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4396
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110511
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	24 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	1810
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Red brick with stone cap to the parapet, stone quoins and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Doric Greek revival door case
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4397, 4398, 4399, 4400
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110510, 50110509, 50110508, 50110507
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	25 to 28 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1810
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement red brick houses with stone caps to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floor of 25 and 28, Doric Greek revival door cases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4401, 4402, 4403, 4404, 4405, 4406
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110506, 50110505, 50110504, 50110503, 50110502, 50110501
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	29 to 34 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1830
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement houses. Brown brick with stone caps to the parapet and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floor of 30 to 34, Doric Greek revival door case and gothic revival fanlight to 31 and 34.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4407
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110500
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	35 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with moulded stone cornice to the parapet, rendered to basement Greek revival door case. Iron balconettes to upper floors. It is one of three houses on the street now belonging to the Jesuit community
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4408
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110499
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	36 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835, as pair with No. 35
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with moulded stone cornice to the parapet, rendered to basement and granite rustication to hall level. Greek revival balcony and door case. It is one of three houses on the street now belonging to the Jesuit community.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4409, 4410, 4411, 4412, 4413, 4414, 4415, 4416, 4417, 4418, 4419
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110498, 50110497, 50110496, 50110495, 50110494, 50110493, 50110492, 50110491, 50110490, 50110489, 50110488
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	37 to 47 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Brown brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, iron balconettes to upper floors of 37, 41, 43, 44 and 46. Cast iron Greek revival door case and gothic revival fanlight to all except 37, 41 and 46
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4420, 4421
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110487, 50110486
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	48 to 49 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced house. Brown brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets, rusticated granite treatment to ground floors and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, cast iron Greek revival door cases with lead and glass fanlights
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4422, 4423
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110485, 50110484
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	50 to 51 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835 or before 1836
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay four story over basement terraced houses. Red brick with moulded stone cornices to the parapets, granite treatment to ground floors and rendered to basements. Sash windows throughout, wrought iron balconettes to upper floors cast iron Greek revival door cases with lead and glass fanlights
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4424
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50110483
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Corrig House 52 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	c. 1835 or before 1836
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story over basement terraced house. Two Sothern bays, including entrance bay are recessed and rendered. Main elevation is red brick with moulded and rendered cornice to the parapet rusticated quoins and granite treatment to ground floor and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, but tripartite to Leeson Street. Granite portico with detached columns beneath plain fanlight to entrance.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2780, 2781
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930194, 50930195
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	29 to 30 Fitzwilliam Place
Date of Construction	Built 1859
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay four storey over basement red brick houses. Rusticated granite treatment at hall level and granite quoins. Rendered at basement level. Granite steps lead up to the Greek revival door cases and panelled doors. Cast iron balconettes to sash windows on first floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Galavan 2017, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2779
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930193
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	28 Fitzwilliam Place
Date of Construction	1855
Original Use	House
Description	Three by four story over basement terraced Gothic style House designed by Deane and Woodward. Yellow brick walls with red brick cornice to parapet and dressings to the segmental arched windows. And gothic entrance. Cast iron balconettes wot windows. Dressed limestone gothic style entrance and balustrade to entrance steps and basement
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Galavan 2017, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2778
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Fitzwilliam Hall 25 Fitzwilliam Place
Date of Construction	20th century
Original Use	Office block
Description	Mock Georgian office block built in the 20th century on a corner site. The Fitzwilliam Place elevation imitates the adjoining houses to the east. The Leeson Street elevation is five storey nine bays with a breakfront and pediment to the three central bays, mansard roof to top, red brick to upper floors and rusticated finish at hall level. Greek revival stone door case possibly architectural salvage and features a moulded cornice and frieze supported on detached columns
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Galavan 2017, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 2777
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930152
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	24 Fitzwilliam Place
Date of Construction	Built before 1836
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four storey over basement double fronted red brick house with rusticated granite treatment at hall level and granite quoins. Rendered at basement level. Granite steps lead up to the Greek revival door case with lead and glass fanlight and panelled door. Cast iron balconettes to sash windows on upper floors
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 873
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 50930261, 50110528, DCIHR 18-15-001-01
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Eustace Bridge
Date of Construction	1790
Original Use	Single arch bridge,
Description	Canal Bridge. Single-arch masonry bridge, carrying Leeson Street over the Grand Canal. Coursed squared ashlar walls with pyramidal coping to parapet, segmental profile to arch and stringcourses. Deck is humped. Brick walls to east side of bridge supporting piping running over the canal and mirroring the bridge profile.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4600
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	156 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey over basement double fronted terraced house. Walls rendered. Brick stacks, sash windows Greek revival doorcase approached by granite steps. Sash windows to square headed window openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4594, 4595, 4596, 4597, 4598, 4599
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	150 to 155 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two storey over basement red brick houses. Walls rendered at basement level. Brick stacks, sash windows Greek revival doorcases approached by granite steps. Sash windows to square headed window openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4593
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	149 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay three storey red brick shop. Rendered cornice to parapet. Shop front much altered.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4592
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	148 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey red brick Licensed premises. Rendered cornice to parapet. Pub front much altered.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4591
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	147 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821, but refaced later in the 19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey red brick Licensed premises. Brick cornice to parapet. Segmental arched openings to upper floors. Bow windows to first floor. Pub front much altered.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7909
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	8/9 Sussex Terrace Dublin 4
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey Licensed premises. Rendered stacks and walls. Sash windows to upper floor and traditional style pub front to ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4455
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	1 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1843
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey over raised basement terraced red brick house. Walls are of rusticated granite at ground and basement level Brick stacks rendered parapet sash windows Greek revival doorcase approached by granite steps. Sash windows to square headed window openings. Later single bay four story over basement addition to north side.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4456
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	2 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1843
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey over raised basement terraced yellow brick house. Walls are of rusticated granite at ground and basement level Brick stacks rendered parapet sash windows Greek revival doorcase approached by granite steps. Sash windows to square headed window openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4457, 4458, 4459, 4460, 4461, 4462, 4463, 4464, 4465, 4466, 4467, 4468, 4469, 4470, 4471
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	3 to 17 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century.
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three storey over raised basement terraced brown brick houses. Walls rendered at basement level Brick stacks rendered parapet sash windows. Greek revival doorcases approached by granite steps. Sash windows to square headed window openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4472
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	17a Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century.
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey over basement rendered terraced house with moulded cornice to parapet and pediment above entrance with engaged columns. Single bay to Leeson street with a bow window
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4590
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	144 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey terraced building with rendered walls. Replacement shop front and fenestration
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4589
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	143 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey terraced building with rendered walls. Sash windows to upper floors. Replacement shop front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4588
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	142 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay three storey terraced building with rendered walls. Yellow brick stacks and sash windows to upper floors. Was probably two separate buildings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4587
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	141 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	House
Description	Building consists of a single bay three storey portion on the corner, both rendered. Yellow brick stacks and sash windows to upper floors. Replacement door in arched doorway to ground floor but retains 19th century shop front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4586
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	140 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Before 1821
Original Use	Houses
Description	Five bay two story terraced buildings with rendered walls and stack. Sash windows to upper floor and mid-20th century shop fronts. Door and window at ground level are replacements. Carriage arch with timber sheeted double doors.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4585
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	139 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay three story red brick house with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4580, 4581, 4582, 4583, 4584
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	134 to 138 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story red brick houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4579
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	133 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey yellow brick terraced house. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4578
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	132 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey yellow brick terraced house. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4576 DCC RPS 4577
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	130 to 131 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey yellow brick terraced house. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4575
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	129 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey yellow brick terraced house. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4574
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	128 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey yellow brick terraced house. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4573
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	127 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Single bay two storey terraced building. Rendered. Replacement shop front. Now in commercial use
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4572
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	126 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey terraced building with recessed entrance bay. Rendered. Sash windows to the upper floor. Replacement shop front. Exterior, including front site, plinth wall and railings only are protected
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4567, 4568, 4569, 4570, 4571
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	121 to 125 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story yellow brick houses with rendered and rusticated finishes to the ground floors, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4561, 4562, 4563, 4564, 4565, 4566
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	115 to 120 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story yellow brick houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain a lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4560
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	114 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement yellow brick house with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4558, 4559
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	108 to 109 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival doorcases with detached columns and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4556, 4557
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	106 to 107 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement yellow brick house. 107 is rendered but both are rendered to basement level. Granite steps lead up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4554, 4555
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	104 to 105 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over basement red brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors, recessed entrance porches. Doorcase contains a fanlight and sidelights. Window openings contain sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4347
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Christ Church Leeson Park, Dublin 6
Date of Construction	1862
Original Use	Chapel
Description	Christ Church was consecrated as a chapel for the Molyneux Asylum for the Female Blind. Church foundations laid by Jan 1862. Contractor: S.H. Bolton. Organ installed by Telford & Telford in spring of 1863. New pulpit, 1871. Consecrated as Christ Church, 4 May 1874. Schools & workshop added 1876. Spire erected 1880. It was renamed Christ Church, Leeson Park, in 1862 and assumed parochial status in 1892.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Cultural, Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4349
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Litton Hall Leeson Park, Dublin 6
Date of Construction	1877
Original Use	Parochial hall
Description	Gothic Parochial hall on site of proposed workshops for male blind, John Litton contributed £1000 towards construction of same in memory of his wife. (Architect possibly Rawson Carroll, who designed church, asylum and workshops. Altered 1897
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Cultural, Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4348
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Molyneaux Asylum Leeson Park, Dublin 6
Date of Construction	1862
Original Use	Asylum
Description	Molyneux Asylum for the Female Blind. Asylum foundations laid by Jun 1862. Architect possibly Rawson Carroll, who designed church and workshops
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Cultural, Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4473
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	18 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Five bay two story over raised basement yellow brick house with rendered elevation to basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows. Single storey two bay rendered portion at north end.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4474, 4475, 4476, 4477
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	19 to 22 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement yellow brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contains lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4478, 4479, 4480, 4481, 4482, 4483
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	23 to 28 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival doorcases contain a three centred lead and glass fanlights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4484
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	29 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Six bay three story over raised basement yellow brick house with rusticated elevation to ground basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall door. Door in a recessed and rendered entrance bay Door case contains a lead plain fanlight above a moulded surround and sash windows. Bow window the northern bay
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4485, 4486, 4487, 4488, 4489, 4490
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	30 to 35 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three story over raised basement yellow brick houses with rusticated elevations to ground and basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Door cases contain plain fanlights above a moulded surround and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4491
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	36 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three story over raised basement yellow brick house with rusticated elevation to ground basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall door. Door in a recessed and rendered entrance bay Door case contains a plain fanlight above a moulded surround and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4492, 4493, 4494, 4495, 4496, 4497
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	37 to 42 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival doorcases and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4498
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	43 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement red brick house with rendered elevation to basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a plain glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4552, 4553
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	101 to 102 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement rendered and painted houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival doorcases contain a three centred lead and glass fanlights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4550, 4551
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	99 to 100 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay three story over raised basement rendered and painted houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival doorcases contain a three centred lead and glass fanlights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4548, 4549
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	97 to 98 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4546, 4547
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	95 and 96 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two and three bay two story over raised basement yellow brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a three centred lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4544, 4545
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	93 to 94 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick house terraced houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contains a three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4541, 4542, 4543
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	90 to 92 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of three bay two story over raised basement double fronted yellow brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contains a three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4537, 4538, 4539, 4540
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	86 to 89 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contains a three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4499, 4500
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	45 and 46 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevations to basement level with ornate Italianate parapet granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival Doorcases contain a lead and glass fanlight and sash windows Projecting bay to side elevation of 45
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4501
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	47 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement red brick house with rendered elevation to basement level with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a three centred lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4502, 4503, 4504
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	48 to 50 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story red brick houses with rendered and rusticated elevation to ground level, granite steps leading up to the hall door. Doorcases contains a three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4505
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	51 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story red brick house with rendered and rusticated elevation to ground level with granite steps leading up to the hall door. Doorcase contains a three centred lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows. Three centred carriage arch to Fitzwilliam Way
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4506, 4507, 4508, 4509, 4510
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	52 to 56 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Greek revival Doorcases contain a three centred lead and glass fanlights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4511, 4512, 4513
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	57 to 59 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of three bay two storey over raised basement red brick double fronted terraced houses. Basements originally rendered and of stone construction with brick dressings to the openings. Dressed granite quoins Fourth recessed bay between number 59 and 58. Doorcases with lead and glass fanlights above a cornice supported on console brackets approached by granite steps. Sash windows to the window opes
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4531, 4532, 4533, 4534, 4535, 4536
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	80 to 85 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with rendered elevation to basement level, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcases contain a three centred lead and glass fanlights above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4530
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	79 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three story over raised basement yellow brick house, with recessed single entrance bay and rusticated and rendered finish to the ground floor and basement and moulded cornice to parapet and moulded architraves to the sash windows with granite steps leading up to the Greek revival doorcase
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4529, 4528
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	77 to 78 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Pair of two bay three story over raised basement yellow brick terraced houses, with rusticated and rendered finish to the ground floor and basements and moulded cornice to parapets and moulded architraves to the sash windows. Granite steps leading up to the Greek revival doorcases
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4527
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	76 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three story over raised basement yellow brick house, with recessed single story over basement entrance bay and rusticated and rendered finish to the ground floor and basement and moulded cornice to parapet and moulded architraves to the sash windows with granite steps leading up to the Greek revival doorcase
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 451, 44515, 4516, 4517, 4518, 4519
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	65a to 69 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement rendered houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Square headed sash windows and Greek revival door cases with plain glazed fanlights and sidelights. Rusticated finish and segmental arched openings to basements
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 4520, DCC RPS 4521, 4522, 4523, 4524, 4525, 4526
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	70a to 75 Leeson Street Upper
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay and three bay two story over raised basement rendered houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Hood mouldings to the square headed sash windows and canopy over the doors with plain glazed fanlight and sidelights. 70 is basement gable fronted
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8336
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	1 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement rendered house, with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8337, 8338
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	3 to 5 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement yellow brick terraced houses with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DCC RPS 8339
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	7 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement rendered house with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8340
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	9 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay single story over raised basement double fronted rendered house with bow windows to the end bays and granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8341
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	11 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement red brick house, with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8342
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	13 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story over raised basement double fronted red brick house, with granite steps leading up to the hall door in a single storey over basement entrance porch. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8343
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	15 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story over raised basement red brick house with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8344, 8345
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	17 to 19 Wellington Place
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick terraced houses, with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5287, 5289
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	2 to 4 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses, with bow windows to the front, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5291, 5293, 5295, 5297
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	6 to 12 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with bow windows to the front, granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5299, 5301, 5303, 5305, 5306, 5307, 5308, 5309, 5310, 5312, 5314
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	14 to 34 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses ,with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5286, 5288, 5290, 5292, 5294, 5296, 5298, 5300, 5302
Legal Status	Protected Structures
Location	1 to 17 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19 th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story red brick late century houses, with overhanging eaves and granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Entrances have a canopy supported on console brackets and segmental arched fanlights with projecting keystones and sidelights and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5304
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH146
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Hampton Hotel, 19 to 29 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of three bay three storey over basement houses with rendered walls, moulded cornice to parapet, sash windows, and plain fanlights above the doors now in use as a hotel Site bound by a dressed granite wall with Italianate balustrade.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5318
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	38 to 40 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story red brick house with a bow window to the front and recessed porched approached bay granite steps. Buildings now in use as a Convent
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5321, 5323, 5325, 5327, 5329
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	42 to 50 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of three bay two story over raised basement red brick houses, with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5331, 5333, 5335, 5337, 5339, 5341, 5343, 5345, 5347
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	52 to 68 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses, with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Plain fanlight and sash windows
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5311, 5313
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	31 to 33 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	Late 19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two story over raised basement red brick houses with a bow window to the front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5315, 5317, 5319, 5320, 5322
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	35 to 43 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three story red brick houses, with dormer windows at roof level
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5324
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	45 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Two bay three story red brick house, with a bow window to the front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5326, 5328, 5330
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	47 to 51 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two story red brick houses, with a bow windows to the front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5348
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	70 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three storey over raised basement terraced house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5349, 5350
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	72 to 76 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three storey over raised basement terraced houses. 74 to 76 now in use as a school
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5351
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	78 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Three bay three storey over raised basement terraced house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5332, 5334
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	53 to 55 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two storey red brick houses and plain fanlights above the doors
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5336, 5338
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	57 to 59 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two storey over raised basement red brick houses and plain fanlights above the doors
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5340
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	61 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey red brick house and plain fanlights above the door
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 5342, 5344, 5346
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	63 to 67 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two bay three storey red brick houses with moulded granite parapets and quoins, sash windows and plain fanlights above the doors
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DCC RPS 3680, 3682
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	4 to 6 Herbert Park
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of four bay two storey gable fronted houses. Walls red brick and rendered to upper floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU018-061
Additional Identifiers	DCC RPS 5315
Legal Status	Protected Structure and Recorded Monument within Belmont Avenue ACA
Location	135 Morehampton Rd
Date of Construction	18 th Century. Before 1760
Original Use	House
Description	A dwelling marked on Rocque's map. Originally a terrace to two buildings, one two bay and the other 6 bay. Has a rendered façade with a cornice to the parapet and brick stacks. Now in pub use
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Archaeological, Historic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2022, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU018-060011
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU018-060012, RMP DU018-060023, RMP DU018-060024
Legal Status	Recorded Monument
Location	Graveyard, Donnybrook Rd
Date of Construction	Medieval
Original Use	Graveyard
Description	<p>Ornate gothic limestone gateway to graveyard which is bound by railings set in a tooled limestone plinth. The present graveyard in Donnybrook Village is reputedly on the site of an early convent site associated with St. Broc and later attached to the church of Taney (Ball 1903, 57). This graveyard was the burying place of the Fitzwilliam's in the 16th-century. The earliest tombstone in the graveyard today commemorates Thomas Jordan and Catherine Hanon. The entrance to the graveyard was originally located to the south of where it is today. The current entrance is an archway that was erected by the Dublin Stock Exchange in 1893 in memory of Thomas Chamney Searight. In 1879 the remains of 600 people were discovered on Ailesbury road which are thought to be from a massacre by the Danes in the 9th or 10th century. The bodies were removed and re-interred in the graveyard. In 1931 when the road was widened, the entrance was moved back about fifteen feet and another mass grave was discovered. These bodies were also re-interred in the south of the cemetery.</p> <p>On 1 May 1976 the president of Ireland Cearbhall Ó Dálaigh opened the cemetery after a clean-up. In 1985 a new clean-up was embarked upon and in 1988 the then Lord Mayor of Dublin, Carmencita Hedderman, unveiled a noticeboard which held a list of the transcribed memorial, a project undertaken by FÁS.</p> <p>The architect Edward Lovett Pearce was buried here 1733. No contemporaneous monument survives but a plaque, dedicated to his memory was unveiled in 1990 by Dr Edward McParland, TCD on behalf of the Royal Institute of Irish Architects</p>
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Archaeological, Historic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2022, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 8713
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH118 DCIHR 18-16-032-01
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	St. Mary's Convent Crescent
Date of Construction	Laundry built c.1837, Chimney in 1877 to 1881
Original Use	Convent and Laundry
Description	Former laundry in conjunction with St. Mary Magdalen's Penitent Asylum. Free standing brick octagonal industrial chimney, built c.1900, yellow brick with red brick quoins and stepped base. Single- and two-storey roughcast-rendered buildings to east of varying . Chimney, Donnybrook Laundry built in 1877 to 1881 to the Design of Byrne and O'Neill
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU022-082003
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 22-04-004-01
Legal Status	Recorded monument within a conservation area
Location	Anglesey Bridge, Donnybrook Rd
Date of Construction	832
Original Use	Bridge
Description	Single-arch masonry road bridge, built in 1832 to carry Donnybrook and Stillorgan Roads over River Dodder. Squared-rubble limestone walls with rock-faced ashlar course to river side of parapet. Three-centred arch with dressed voussoirs. Ashlar limestone parapet with 'Anglesey Bridge 1832' to parapet both sides
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Archaeological, Historic, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2003 to 2009, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7845
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Sacred Heart Catholic Church, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	1866
Original Use	Church
Description	Granite Gothic church with Whitehouse sandstone dressings to the design of Pugin and Ashlin. Subsequent additions of sacristy and tower in 1894 and 1913. 1924 Stained glass window by Harry Clarke.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7845
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Presbytery to the Sacred Heart Catholic Church, 1 to 2 Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	1877 to 1878
Original Use	Presbytery
Description	Pair of 2 to 3 bay two storey gable fronted red brick dwellings. Built to the design of George Ashlin as a presbytery for the adjoining church
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7846
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Errol House, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay single story Classical Villa. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5. The house is in office use
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2016, DCC 2021, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7847
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2427
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Montrose, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1816
Original Use	House
Description	Detached stucco Villa, built by James Jameson, son of John Jameson who founded the famous distillery. The house is nine bay two storey with three bays to the double height bow projection. Built in the classical style with a single storey entrance porch to the east of the central bow windows. The house is in office use. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 9
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2432
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodview House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road, Belfield
Date of Construction	Circa 1820, Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	A large seven bay non basement plain Georgian house with bow return. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 19
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Ardmore / Belview House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road, Belfield .
Date of Construction	Circa 1806. Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	Ardmore House designed by William Dunlevy is a typical example of a 19th century country villa. It was described in 1832 as being two stories high consisting of parlour, drawing room and two bed chambers, basement story with kitchen and servants apartments, stabling for five horses, coach house and garden. An extension in the late 1800s incorporated a balustraded Corinthian porch and bow ends. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 41
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Belfield House, University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road, Belfield
Date of Construction	Circa 1790. Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	House, described in 1832 as two stories high consisting of parlour, drawing room, library, small parlour, four principal bed chambers, servants apartments, kitchen etc., stabling for ten horses, coach houses, barn and cow houses with extensive harden and green houses . Belfield was the first estate of the present UCD campus to be acquired by UCD in the 1930's. The house has been fully restored and is home to the UCD Clinton Institute for American Studies. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 94
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2444
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Merville House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road, Belfield
Date of Construction	Circa 1770 Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	Merville is a Georgian style symmetrical two storey villa and was originally accessed from Fosters Avenue. Seven bays with a compact four column stone portico. At the rear are two bow projections, each with a balcony. In 1811 the sale included the furniture from 20 Bedrooms, 4 parlours and 3 drawing rooms, most of the furniture was from Kidd's of London. It has many architectural features including a Doric porch which is probably a later addition. The roof is partially hidden and the stairs is central. It retains a lot of its original plasterwork, vaulted ceilings and building façade which were sensitively restored. The stables with their original granite arches also survive. It is now part of UCD Nova. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU023-067
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 89, NIAH 2460
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	St Helens, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1750
Original Use	House
Description	A two storey, five bay classical house with a, centre pediment carried on coupled Corinthian pilasters, and lower wings, which are single-storey on one side and two-storey on the other. It has a cladding of Portland stone and a glass conservatory with curved roof. The 1st Viscount Gough renamed the House St Helen's during his tenure and employed John McCurdy to makes extensive alterations and additions so as 'to add to the accommodations and comfort' in 1862/3. The house was renovated again for Sir John Nutting when he purchased it in 1897 by English architect William Douglas Caroe. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 108
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Thomas' Church Foster's Avenue, Mount Merrion, Blackrock, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	1874
Original Use	Church
Description	Saint Thomas' Church, Rectory (former) Hall and Boundary Walls. Gothic church opened 3 Dec 1874. Cost about £1000. Erected through exertions of Rev. Alfred Hamilton. Gothic building, with open seats, preaching desk, pulpit, and a nice small chancel, which hold about one hundred persons'. Stained glass windows by Lucien Lobin and Alfred Child
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 598
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2451
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Merrion House North Avenue, Mount Merrion, Blackrock, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	1711
Original Use	House
Description	Mount Merrion Lodge was built circa 1711 by Richard Fitzwilliam, the 5th Viscount. The house was quite a modest build. Being built on what was then known as Owenstown Hill it had a beautiful aspect was considered to be one of the best situated houses in Dublin with its views of Dublin Bay and the Wicklow Mountains. The main house was converted to use as a chapel in the 1930's and little of the 1767 house survived. It is now a community centre. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 562
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Damien's Stillorgan Road, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.
Date of Construction	1936
Original Use	House
Description	New house in International Modern style by Vincent Henry O' Hanlon
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU023-012001
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1058, NIAH 2483
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Stillorgan House (Polio Fellowship Of Ireland) Training Centre, Stillorgan Grove, Stillorgan, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Original House 14th century, second house built 1695, new house built on site in 1887/8.
Original Use	House
Description	Site marked as 'Stillorgan House' may mark the location of the original manor house, which by 1360 was occupied by Sir John Cruise. The Wolverston family resided here between the dissolution of the monasteries and the Cromwellian period. Stillorgan House is mentioned in the Depositions of 1641. Improvements were made to that house in 1684 by Sir Joshua Allen, said to be a master builder. In 1695 the then owner Viscount John Allen replaced the fortified manor house with a large mansion. A water-colour owned by Mr Verschoyle which depicts the house, shows a seven-bay two storey mansion over semi-basement, with projecting front gables either end of the façade and with side wings attached to the main house. There were dormer windows in the attic storey and large chimneystacks. Demolished c. 1880. The present 19th century house was built to the north. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	RMP DU023-011001
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1378
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Saint Brigid's Church Of Ireland Church, Glenalbyn Rd
Date of Construction	13th century and 1712
Original Use	Church
Description	Church built on the site of a medieval church associated in the 13th century with the Priory of the Holy Trinity. The site is presently occupied by the Church of Ireland church, dated.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Cultural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	RMP DU023-011001
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1378
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Saint Brigid's School, Glenalbyn Rd
Date of Construction	Early 19th century
Original Use	School
Description	Two story melty-bay school with blind op to projecting gable
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Cultural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU023-011001
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1378
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Saint Brigid's rectory, Glenalbyn Rd
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Rectory
Description	Three bay two storey double fronted rectory with entrance porch
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Cultural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU023-011002
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1378, RMP DU023-011003
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Graveyard Saint Brigid's Church Of Ireland Church, Glenalbyn Rd
Date of Construction	Medieval
Original Use	Graveyard
Description	A walled graveyard. The interior level rises above street level to the location of the present Church of Ireland church. The memorials are 18th and 19th century in date. The graveyard wall encloses the site of a medieval church (DU023-011001-) associated in the 13th century with the Priory of the Holy Trinity (Turner 1983, 59). The curving plan of the present walled-in graveyard (DU023-011002-) indicates the possible existence of an early ecclesiastical enclosure (DU023-011004-). Grave slab. Situated in an urban site to the N of the junction of Stillorgan Road and Merville Road. Record of a grave slab noted in 1781 by Austin Cooper. The grave slab was decorated with 'rude circles' which are believed to be of Rathdown type (Ó hÉailidhe 1957, 86). No visible surface trace. It is recorded to have been located within the walled graveyard (DU023-011002-) associated with the site of a medieval church (DU023-011001-).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Cultural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU023-071
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2485
Legal Status	Recorded Monument
Location	Stillorgan Castle, St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Present buildings are 19 th century but are built on the site of a 14 th century castle
Original Use	Castle
Description	A castle is depicted on the First Edition of the Ordnance Survey maps this house is titled ' Stillorgan Castle'. This holding may relate to the manor of Stillorgan owned by John De Clahill, Raymond de Carew and by 1360 by Sir John Cruise. It would appear that the manor house may have been sited 355 m to the N at 'Stillorgan House'. A house was built c 1820.In 1836 it was described as a first rate residence with four reception rooms, a library and billiard room with six bedrooms. There were water closets and servants accommodation in the basement. It was purchased in 1882 by the Brothers of St John of God as a "House of Retreat for the old and the Invalid" and enlarged including the construction of gothic institutional buildings using granite from the Dublin mountains. A cemetery was opened in 1884.It was further enlarged in 1890 when a community wing and chapel were added. On the 25th November 1908 it burned to the ground. By 1911 a new building was constructed followed by a chapel in 1913.Present buildings are 19th century of granite construction. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1420
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Granada House (Formerly Riversdale), St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1778
Original Use	House
Description	Gothic style castellated, two storey, house with bow projection to front. The name of the Riversdale was changed in 1964 to Granada reflecting the birthplace of the order of St John Of God in 1539. In 2017 the house underwent major refurbishment and the entire external plaster was removed it was re-plastered with a "breathable" render and was repainted in 2019. Retained as part of the St John Of God Complex. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1428
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Brookvale, Saint Brigid's Church Road, Blackrock, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Circa 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Brookvale (Formerly Brewery House), Three bay three story house with bay timber frame windows. It's actually two houses joined together, possibly the coach house or offices were integrated. It has a side entrance from Station Road (now known as St Brigid's Church Road). In 1950 a CPO was issued on a portion of the front garden and by Dublin County Council to allow for the widening of the Bray Road (14 perches and 7 yards).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1451
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Belmont House, Galloping Green, Blackrock, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Circa 1790
Original Use	House and Chapel
Description	House and Chapel also known as Espion. Three storey five bay over basement Georgian villa with a breakfront on 18 acres with gate lodge. It was integrated into a modern nursing home and some of its Georgian core is still intact. A separate building on the grounds contained the school rooms in 1857. On 20 Dec 1887 a neo-gothic style stone built chapel with stained glass windows was consecrated by the Right Rev Bishop Nicholas Donnelly of Alehouse extant and in use as a nursing home (part of the old house exists in its interior) and the chapel is a protected structure but no longer in use as a place of worship. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2005
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230074
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Eversham / Disciples of the Divine Master Liturgical Centre, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Eversham House
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey over part raised basement house, erected by William Minchin extant 1837, on a T-shaped plan with single-bay full-height return abutting two- or four-bay full-height parallel block. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1496
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230014
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Salem, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	House extant 1837.
Original Use	House
Description	A double fronted house in the cottage style, it is a detached four bay single storey house with part raised basement. It has a rendered surface finish with rusticated quoins to corners. The central door, which once had a stone portico, is approached by a flight of six cut-granite steps, the panelled door has sidelights below a simple fanlight. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1498
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230065
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Sefton House, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Original Use	House
Description	A plain, freehold detached three-bay two storey Victorian residence built on land purchased by the Bentley brothers close to White's Cross in Galloping Green South. It has a hipped slate roof, rendered walls with rendered quoins to corners. It has cut granite sills with moulded rendered surrounds and one over one timber sash windows to the front. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1996
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230064
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Kelston, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Original Use	House
Description	A detached three-bay two-storey house over part raised basement house, it has a pedimented breakfront. The house is rendered ruled and lined. It has a pitched hipped and slightly over-hanging slate roof with brackets. The central door with its simple fanlight is approached by fourteen cut granite steps between cast-iron railings. The porch supporting the breakfront boasts two Tuscan columns and the timber sash windows have cut granite sills, the first storey windows have hood moulds and the plastered walls are quoined with granite. It was renovated in 2003 and converted to apartments. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2041
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230063
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Hermiston, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1911
Original Use	House
Description	Detached two-bay two-storey house, on a square plan with two-bay two-storey side elevations; three-bay two-storey rear elevation. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2015
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230073
Legal Status	Protected structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Corners Knocksinna Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1937
Original Use	House
Description	Detached three-bay two-storey flat-roofed house, erected for C.L. Flood, representing an important component of the mid twentieth-century domestic built heritage of south County Dublin with the architectural value of the composition, one showing the development of Knocksinna as so-called "International Style suburb". Occupied 1939, on an angled square plan centred on single-bay two-storey recessed breakfront on an engaged half-octagonal plan. Similar to Balnagowan house in Glasnevin
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1984
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230099
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Catholic Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Succour, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Built 1933 to 5
Original Use	Church
Description	Detached ten-bay double-height Catholic church, to a design by John Joseph Robinson (1887 to 1965), on a rectangular plan comprising nine-bay double-height nave opening into nine-bay single-storey lean-to side aisles centred on single-bay double-height apse on a half-octagonal plan; single-bay four-stage tower on a square plan. Having been well maintained, the elementary form and massing survive intact together with substantial quantities of the original fabric, both to the exterior and to the arcaded interior reordered in accordance with the liturgical reforms sanctioned by the Second Ecumenical Council of the Vatican (1962-5) where contemporary joinery; a window in the style of Harry Clarke (1889-1931) of Dublin; the Ryan Memorial Window supplied (2001) by Abbey Stained Glass Studios (established 1944) of Dublin to a design by Kevin Kelly (b. 1925); polychromatic marble work; and gilded mosaic work installed by Ludwig Oppenheimer Limited (established 1865) of Old Trafford, Manchester, to a design by Robinson working in collaboration with Early Studios Limited (closed 1975) of Dublin, all highlight the artistic potential of the composition Set in landscaped grounds on a corner site.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1540
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230072
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Fahanmura Knocksinna Rd
Date of Construction	Built 1937
Original Use	House
Description	Detached four-bay two-storey flat-roofed house,; occupied 1939, on a staggered L-shaped plan with single-bay two-storey projecting end bay (south) or single-bay two-storey recessed end bay (north). A house erected by Moore French Parkhill (d. 1940) on a site leased (1936) from John Fitzpatrick of Knocksinna (see 60230062) representing an important component of the mid twentieth-century domestic built heritage of south County Dublin with the architectural value of the composition, one attributed to Frederick Edward Bradshaw MacManus (1903-85)
Significance Rating	National
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	High
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1598
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230045
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Hillside, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1862
Original Use	House
Description	Detached three-bay two-storey double-pile house, on a square plan. Occupied, 1911. Sold, 2006. For sale, 2015.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Creedy 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1620
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230047
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Cairnhill, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1862
Original Use	House
Description	Detached three-bay two-storey house, extant 1862, on a square plan centred on single-bay single-storey flat-roofed advanced porch to ground floor; three-bay two-storey side elevations. Occupied, 1911. Extended, 1999, to accommodate alternative use. In Use as a nursing / convalescence home.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Creedy 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1621
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230059
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Cornelscourt House, Stillorgan Rd / Old Bray Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1866
Original Use	House
Description	Also Known as St Margaret's. Detached three-bay two-storey house, on an L-shaped plan centred on single-bay two-storey breakfront on a square plan abutting single-bay two-storey gabled projecting end bay. Occupied, 1911. Sold, 1917, to accommodate alternative use. Vacant, 2004. Restored, 2008. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1654
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230141
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Marfield Kill, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Built 1794
Original Use	Country house
Description	Detached three- or five-bay (three-bay deep) two-storey over part raised basement country house, built 1794, on an T-shaped plan centred on (single-storey) prostyle distyle portico on a bowed plan. "Improved", pre-1908, producing present composition. Occupied, 1911. Sold, 1949, to accommodate alternative use. Adapted to alternative use, 1966. Closed, 1980. Extended, 2001, to accommodate alternative use. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2064
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260243
Legal Status	Protected recognised by the NIAH
Location	Presbytery, Saint Brigid's Catholic Church Cabinteely
Date of Construction	Occupied 1901
Original Use	Presbytery
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey over basement presbytery on a cruciform plan centred on single-bay single-storey flat-roofed projecting porch; single-bay two-storey central return. Renovated, 2009 to 10, to accommodate alternative use. Set in landscaped grounds shared with Saint Brigid's Catholic Church.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2006
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260242
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Saint Brigid's Catholic Church Cabinteely
Date of Construction	Dated 1836
Original Use	Church
Description	Detached four-bay double-height Catholic church, dated 1836; opened 1836, on a rectangular plan comprising three-bay double-height nave opening into single-bay double-height chancel (west) with single-bay single-storey gabled projecting porch to entrance (east) front. "Repaired", 1890. Renovated with sanctuary reordered. McGrath Memorial Windows (1954) supplied by Harry Clarke Stained Glass Studios (closed 1973) of Dublin. Repaired 1890.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Archaeological, Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Scientific, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1671
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260247
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Kilbogget House Shrewsbury Wood, Cabinteely, Dublin 18
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Country house
Description	Three bay dingle storey. Detached three-bay (two-bay deep) single-storey over basement classical villa / country house, on a T-shaped plan centred on (single-storey) prostyle distyle pedimented "in antis" portico; four-bay full-height rear (east) elevation. Restored, 2005-7. In alternative use. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	RMP DU026-029001
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU026-029002-, DLR RPS 1768, NIAH 60260103, 60260104, NIAH 2546
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Loughlinstown House
Date of Construction	Late 17th century core with 18th century additions, extant 1778
Original Use	Castle and country house
Description	Loughlinstown House is a detached seven-bay two-storey double-pile country house, on a U-shaped plan centred on single-bay full-height breakfront; single-bay two-storey side elevations; five-bay two-storey rear (north) elevation with single-bay full-height projecting end bays. The present Georgian House incorporates a late 17th century core built by Sir William Domville. According to Ball (this forms the back portion of the present house. Now in alternative use. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Archaeological, Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2002
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260104
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Loughlinstown House
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Stable complex, about a courtyard.
Description	Detached five-bay single-storey coach house-cum-stable outbuilding with half-attic on a U-shaped plan with single-bay full-height projecting end bays. Set in relandscaped grounds shared with Loughlinstown House with granite ashlar piers to courtyard having finial-topped cut-granite stepped capping. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2123
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260101
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown
Date of Construction	Built 1901-2
Original Use	Chapel
Description	Detached six-bay double-height over part basement Catholic chapel, designed 1900 by Patrick Forstall Comber, on a rectangular plan comprising five-bay double-height nave opening into single-bay double-height chancel with single-bay single-storey gabled projecting porch to entrance front. Set in landscaped grounds shared with Saint Columcille's Hospital.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2011
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260100
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Convent Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown
Date of Construction	1900
Original Use	Convent
Description	Detached three-bay two-storey double gable-fronted convent, designed by Patrick Forstall Comber on a rectangular plan centred on single-bay single-storey gabled advanced porch to ground floor; two-bay two-storey rear elevation. Vacated, 1991. Now in alternative use. Set in landscaped grounds shared with Saint Columcille's Hospital.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2122
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260099
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Workhouse, Saint Columcille's Hospital - Loughlinstown
Date of Construction	Built 1841
Original Use	Rathdown Union Workhouse
Description	Workhouse Complex, to a standardised design by George Wilkinson. Detached fifteen-bay two-storey block on a H-shaped plan centred on three-bay single-storey projecting porch to ground floor with two-bay three-storey double gable-fronted advanced end bays.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1786
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260105
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Rita's Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	House extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	Also known as Air Hill and Kilbrae. Detached three-bay (two-bay deep) two-storey over basement house on a rectangular plan with three-bay two-storey rear (east) elevation. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1795
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260107
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Brendan's Dublin Road, Shankill, Dublin 18.
Date of Construction	Built 1829
Original Use	House
Description	Also known as Home. Detached three-bay single-storey over part raised basement house on a rectangular plan with two-bay full-height side elevations; three-bay full-height rear (west) elevation. "Improved", 1933, producing present composition. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1799
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Rathmichael Parish Primary School
Date of Construction	Built late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	School
Description	Two storey gabled red brick school with segmental arched openings, established and under the patronage of the Church of Ireland Archbishop of Dublin and Glendalough
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1800
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260113
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Anne's Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	1936
Original Use	House
Description	Detached four-bay two-storey flat-roofed house, designed by John James Maurice Aylward (1912-79) of O'Connor and Aylward of Dawson Street, Dublin, on a T-shaped plan with single-bay full-height return (north) on a bowed plan. Refenestrated. Allegedly one of a number of "safe houses" in the locality occupied (1940) by Hermann Gertz (1890-1947), German spy (cf. 60260126), and later the home of Patrick John Hillary (1923-2008), President of Ireland (fl. 1976-90).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU026-109
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1805, NIAH 60260114
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1931-3
Original Use	Church
Description	Detached seven-bay double-height Catholic church, designed 1930-1 by Ashlin and Coleman (formed 1903) of Suffolk Street, Dublin. Opened 1933. On a T-shaped plan originally six-bay double-height comprising seven-bay double-height nave opening into four-bay single-storey lean-to side aisles with single-bay (single- or two-bay deep) single-storey triple-pile transepts (north). Extended, 1971, producing present composition. Interior contains a cross from Kiltuc Church, giving it archaeological interest
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Nd OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1801
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260122
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Beechfield Manor Nursing Home
Date of Construction	Built 1858
Original Use	House
Description	House, originally called Athgoe Park. Detached three-bay two-storey over basement house; occupied 1864, on an T-shaped plan centred on single-bay single-storey flat-roofed projecting porch to ground floor abutting single-bay two-storey gabled advanced end bay; two-bay (west) or single-bay (east) two-storey side elevations. In Use as nursing / convalescence home. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2010, DLR RPS 2077
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260132, NIAH 60260133, 2554
Legal Status	Protected
Location	Dorney Court Corbawn Lane
Date of Construction	1908
Original Use	Gate lodge Gates / Railings / Walls
Description	Detached single-bay, three-bay deep, single-storey gable-fronted gate lodge, attributable to Laurence Aloysious McDonnell, on a rectangular plan. Renovated, 1984, to accommodate continued private residential use. Gateway, extant, on a symmetrical plan comprising pair of cut-granite panelled piers on chamfered plinths, shallow pyramidal capping supporting spear head-detailed cast-iron double gates and railings. The lodge and gates are surviving relics of the Dorney Court, built 1832 and demolished 1984. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and b, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1838
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260135, DLRIHS 1031
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Plaque / Date Stone, Aubrey House, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Dated 1830
Original Use	Plaque / Date Stone
Description	Wall-mounted cut-limestone date stone undetermined provenance. Set in a coursed granite rubble wall. Plaque has its own RPS number but is associated with Aubrey House (DLR RPS 1837). It is also recorded in DLR's Industrial Heritage Survey. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1837
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260137
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Aubrey House, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1862
Original Use	House
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey house with half-dormer attic, erected for John G. Quin on an L-shaped plan centred on single-bay single-storey gabled projecting porch abutting single-bay full-height gabled advanced end bay; three-bay full-height side (north) elevation. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU026-054001
Legal Status	Recorded Monument
Location	Kiltuc Church Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	12 th Century
Original Use	Church
Description	Surviving remains of Kiltuc church consist overgrown foundations of a rectangular building defined on three sides by rough large boulders (L 9.2m, Wth 5m, E-W, H 0.065m). This foundation is mentioned in the Bull 1179, which defined the extent of the dioceses of Dublin and Glendalough. There are no grave slabs visible.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Cultural, Historic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2074
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260151
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Gates / Railings / Walls Crinken House, Dublin Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Entrance gates to Crinken House
Description	Gateway, on a symmetrical plan comprising pair of cut-granite piers on plinths having detailed cornices below capping supporting crocketed cast-iron double gates and crocketed cast-iron serpentine railings. Road fronted at entrance to grounds of Crinken House built by William White. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1971
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260150
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Crinken House, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey over raised basement house, built by William White, on a T-shaped plan centred on prostyle distyle in antis portico; single-bay full-height central return. Adapted to alternative use, 1989. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1850
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260145
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Crinken Cottage, Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Gate lodge to Shanganagh Castle
Description	Detached six-bay two-storey house, on a U-shaped plan with single-bay two-storey "turret" on a square plan; single-bay single-storey gabled projecting end bays. allegedly erected by General Sir George Cockburn (1763-1847) for occupation by the steward of the adjacent Shanganagh Castle (RMP DU026-120) Boundary treatment consists of wrought iron railings on a plinth. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1845
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260148
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Gate Lodge Shanganagh Castle Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1926
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	The lodge was designed by Ralph Henry in 1925 and built the following year, as indicated by the date stone on the front elevation. The lodge was commissioned by Colonel Gawin William Rowan-Hamilton as part of the continued development of the Shanganagh Castle estate. The associated main entrance gates and railings which adjoined it consisted of a tall pair of castellated mock Tudor gate piers. These were demolished in 1979. Only one of the pedestrian gates remains in position. The lodge has been renovated to accommodate continued private residential use. The gate lodge is a detached three-bay single-storey double fronted lodge on a T-shaped plan with a single bay breakfront in the centre topped by a dormer gable. Square-headed window openings throughout. The window to the dormer gable has hammered granite dressings to surround with chamfered reveals and a replacement upvc casement window. The windows to the side or gable elevations are similar except that they are bipartite and do not feature hood mouldings. Hood moulding and hammered granite block-and-start surround with chamfered reveals to entrance which contains a replacement glazed upvc panelled door. Date stone-inscribed 1926 above door and a step to the threshold. The gate lodge is set in landscaped grounds shared with Shanganagh Castle (RMP DU026-120). The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP DU026-120
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1845, NIAH 60260146, 60260147, NIAH 2556
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Shanganagh Castle Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1769 on the site of a 15 th century tower house
Original Use	Castle
Description	<p>The present building was built on the site of and contains the remains of an earlier castle, thought to be a Tower House as 19th century correspondence mentions the remains of an old castle and that two cannon shot were recovered from the site. The Down Survey maps of 1656-8 do not appear to show a castle in this location, but the castle of the same name, located to the north (DU026-031002) is shown. A bow-ended house was built on the site in 1769. The house was remodelled in 1818, including the front, by Sir Richard Morrison for General Sir George Cockburn. He enlarged the 18th century bow ended house by adding new rooms to the front, each with bowed projections. The arched windows with hood mouldings are also attributed to him as is the castellated roofline with its towers. The remodelling was intended to showcase the Greek and Roman antiquities collected by Cockburn. The house was sold in 1936. It changed use at this point. The building was again remodelled in 1959 which included alterations to two flanking towers which were increased in height, removing the castellated parapets. It changed use again and again in 1948 before being converted to an open prison in 1968 This was run by the Department of Justice. It has been unoccupied since 2002 but was for sale in 2006. The castle had historic connections with the Rowan-Hamilton family including Colonel Gavin William Rowan-Hamilton, High Sheriff of County Down in 1875. Shanganagh Castle is a detached double fronted, three-bay two- and three-storey over part raised basement country house. In their appraisal the NIAH state that the building represents an important component of the built heritage of the county. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.</p>
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1987
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260175
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	The Orchard Gate Lodge, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	1911
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	The Orchard was built by the Farran Darley family. Pearson speculated that it was designed by Richard Caulfield Orpen (Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, p36). NIAH state that it was designed by Batchelor and Hicks. The Orchard is a detached three-bay single-storey gate lodge with an asymmetrical façade, dormer attic and single bay single storey lean-to porch. Square-headed flanking window openings with stone mullions and timber casement windows. Square-headed central door opening with an oak door. The lodge is set back from line of road at entrance to grounds of the Orchard. In their appraisal they note in particular the compact form, canopied door case and the high pitched pyramidal roofline. The lodge forms part of a group along with the Orchard House which was described as 'one of the finest villa residences in Bray district but also contributes positively to the street scape. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1858
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260173
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Shanganagh Marble And Stone Centre (Formerly Hackett Memorial Hall) Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1889
Original Use	Hackett Memorial Hall
Description	The building was built in 1889 as parochial hall and design by William Kaye-Parry (1853-1932). It was built as a memorial to Reverend John Winthrop Hackett MA (1804-88) of the nearby Saint James's Parsonage (DLR RPS 1860, 2001) and opened in 1890. The building was sold in 1984 and is now the Shanganagh Marble and Stone Centre. The building is a detached five-bay, single-storey building L-shaped in plan. In their appraisal the NIAH stated that the building represents an important component of the late nineteenth-century built heritage of the County due to its architectural composition, compact form, decorative features such as the terracotta and brick enrichments and gothic style and retains much of its original fabric. In particular, the Celtic strap work-detailed Hackett Memorial Rose window was indicated as being of artistic interest while the exposed timber roof construction was regarded as being of technical interest. In addition, the hall contributes positively to street scape.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1860
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260171
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Askefield House Gate Lodge Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	C. 1837-43
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	Built as the gate lodge to Aske Cottage it is marked as such on the 1837-43 OS map. It is marked as simply the Lodge on subsequent revisions in 1909 and the 1930s. Built on the boundary with Beauchamp to the south, the 1909 OS indicates that there was another lodge built up against the south wall associated with Bauchamp. It survived in to the 1930s but is no longer present. The gate lodge to Askefield House is a detached three-bay, single-storey gate lodge, rectangular in plan. It has a half-dormer attic. Set back from line of road at entrance to grounds of Askefield House. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1860
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260170
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Askefield House Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	c. 1837-43
Original Use	House
Description	The house was originally named Aske Cottage and is indicated as such on the 1837-43 OS and is not on earlier maps of 1821. The building was altered or improved some time before 1908, producing present composition. By 1909 it was known as Saint James's Parsonage and is indicated as such on both the 1909 and 1930s OS. The building was under went restoration and refurbishment works in 1999 to facilitate continued residential use. The house has a number of historic connections with various members of the clergy of the adjoining the Saint James Crinken Church of Ireland Church. Askefield House is a detached four-bay two-storey double fronted house and cruciform in plan. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1862
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260169
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Beauchamp Gate Lodge Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	19 th century
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	The gate lodge was one of two in the grounds of Beauchamp and is shown clearly on the 1909 OS map it is earlier however as it is indicated as being occupied in 1901 and is probably 19th century. It was boarded up and disused when inspected by the NIAH. A road now separates it from the rest of the grounds of Beauchamp. The gate lodge is a detached three-bay single-storey gate lodge, T-shaped in plan with a pedimented portico. Dean notes that architecturally it recalls a contemporary gate lodge at Mountville House, attributed to John Skipton Mulvany (1813-70), as indicated by the compact plan, pillared portico and polygonal bay windows. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1862
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260168, NIAH 2552
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Beauchamp House Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	c.1830
Original Use	House
Description	NIAH state that the building was built 1803, erected for Sir William Stamer (1765-1838), Lord Mayor of Dublin in 1809-10. It is not shown on the 1816 or 1821 maps. Pearson states that Beauchamp was built around 1830 for Sir Lovelace Stamer (1794-1860), a wine merchant. It was much enlarged in the later nineteenth century through the addition of a pair of two storey bays to the front and sides. It was subsequently associated with the Bookey family until 1932. The house is a detached 7-bay, two-storey house, built on a T-shaped plan. Pearson describes the house as relatively compact. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1866
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260165, NIAH 2553
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	The Aske / Oaklawn Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1831
Original Use	House
Description	The Aske was designed by Henry Kelly for William Garde in 1831 and was built the following year. It was originally known as Oak Lawn and is indicated as such on the 1837-43 OS. The present name is a corruption of the word esker a glacial deposit, possibly derived from the nearby Toole's Moat. The design according to Pearson is 'typical of the much-favoured Gothic style promoted in contemporary architectural pattern books. The house was renamed the Aske in 1893. The buildings were repaired in 1942. Detached three-bay two storey house with dormer gables to first floor with a centrally located three bay gothic veranda/porch. Porch is composed of cast-iron with pinnacles made in a Dublin. The porch was regarded by Pearson as being highly unusual and displays a refined Regency Gothic atmosphere'. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1866
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260166, NIAH 2553
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	The Aske Gate Lodge Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1831
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	The gate lodge is a miniature of the main house which was designed by Henry Kelly for William Garde in 1831. It was probably built at the same time as the house as it was present in 1837. Detached three-bay single-storey gate lodge, T-shaped in plan and featuring a dormer attic to the end gables. The building also features a single-bay single storey gabled projecting open porch. Set back from line of road at entrance to grounds of The Aske. Pearson states that the gate lodge is particularly worthy of attention as it is a delightful miniature of main house. Pearson drew attention to the oriel window and bargeboards (Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, 37). The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1866
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260167
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	The Aske Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1832
Original Use	Gates, Railings and Walls
Description	The associated entrance gates to the Aske were probably built at the same time and were present in 1837. The gateway consists of a pair of cut-granite octagonal piers on chamfered plinths with polygonal capping. They support cast-iron double gates. A second set of outer piers of the same construction and form as the inner piers terminate a set of cast-iron serpentine railings set in a cut granite plinth. The gateway forms part of a group along with the gate lodge and main house but also contributes positively to the streetscape. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1863
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260154
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint James's Church Crinken Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	1840
Original Use	Church
Description	The church was built in 1840, replacing an earlier chapel that was extant in the 1820s. The present church is shown on the 1837-43 OS. The site was donated by the Magan family of the nearby Corke Farm. The present church was designed William Farrell (d. 1851). Further works to the church were designed by James Rawson Carroll (1830-1911) in 1892. The stained glass, added in 1898 was supplied by Heaton, Butler and Bayne of London. The church was damaged in 1921 and repaired the following year. It was again damaged in 1985. Detached six-bay double-height Church of Ireland church, rectangular plan and EW in orientation. The Building consists of a five-bay double-height nave, single-bay double-height chancel and single-bay three-stage tower at the entrance front. Tower also features pinnacle topped granite octagonal piers to corners and granite ashlar battlemented parapets with saddleback coping. Gothic window openings. The church is set in landscaped grounds bound by randomly coursed granite rubble walls with cut granite caps or cast and wrought iron railings set in granite plinths terminating with granite ashlar octagonal piers with polygonal capping and cast-iron double gates. Gates consist of dressed granite piers with cast and wrought iron railings set in granite plinths. Boundary walls have been altered to vehicular entrance but consist of granite rubble with a bevelled granite cap.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Scientific, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1869
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260155, 60260156
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Corke Lodge / Wood Lawn Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	Early 19 th century house extant 1816
Original Use	House and Stable Block
Description	Originally called Wood Lawn, this early 19 th century house was built for William Henry Magan (1790-1840) to a design attributed to William Farrell (d. 1851). Pearson refers to it as the regency style Stewart's house which was associated with Woodbrook as were the stables to the east. It is thought to occupy the site of an earlier house annotated as "Little Cork of Gerard Esquire" by Taylor and Skinner. The building has changed use over time as different uses are given in 1901 and 1911. It was restored, 1980, and is currently in private residential use. The building has historic connections with Augusta Elizabeth Magan (c.1825-1905), allegedly the inspiration for Miss Havisham in "Great Expectations" (1860-1) by Charles Dickens (1812-70). The house is a detached five-bay two-storey double fronted house, built on a rectangular plan. Front elevation features rendered and panelled supporting a moulded cornice on blind frieze below the parapet. A Stable block is located to the rear. The buildings were renovated to accommodate residential use. Stable complex, U-shaped in plan and arranged around a courtyard with a detached ten-bay two-storey coach House/stable outbuilding. Set in landscaped grounds shared with Corke Lodge and Woodbrook and approached from the same lane. There is a row of outbuildings to the east and farm buildings to the north. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1870
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260157, 60260158, NIAH 5676
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodbrook House Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	18 th century, enlarged 1840
Original Use	Country house
Description	A country house erected in 1840 for Sir John Sheppey Ribton (1797-1877) to a design attributed to George Papworth which doubled in size an existing 18 th century house which stood on the site, and which is shown on Taylor's map of 1816 and Duncan's map of 1821. Further improvements were carried out by Frederick George Hicks in 1905 and Desmond Fitzgerald in 1966. Detached five-bay three-storey over part raised basement country house, on a Palladian plan with a single-storey Ionic portico to ground floor, four-bay single-storey wings terminating with single-bay double-height pedimented pavilions. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1871
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260160, NIAH 5676
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodbrook Front Lodge Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	Extant in 1909
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	A gate lodge attributed to Frederick George Hicks (1870-1965) of Dublin and extant in 1909. Since Renovated. An earlier gate house and gate lodge are shown on the 1837-43 OS. Detached three-bay single-story gate lodge, T-shaped plan with a single-bay single-story gabled projecting breakfront. Set back from road at entrance to grounds of Woodbrook. The NIAH in their assessment stated that it not only illustrated the continued improvement of the Woodbrook estate and is an integral part of a group of structures which includes the adjoining gates. Dean states that the architectural composition was 'an imaginative Edwardian interpretation of the Picturesque style'. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1871
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260161, NIAH 5676
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodbrook Gates / Railings / Walls Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	Extant 1909
Original Use	Gates, Railings and Walls
Description	Walls immediately adjoining the lodge are old walls. Gateway, on a symmetrical plan. Extant 1909 but replacing an earlier entrance shown on the 1837-43 map. Pair of granite ashlar piers with ball finial-topped corniced capping, outer piers are of similar construction but do not feature ball topped finials and are lower in height. Bond the outer piers there is a low rendered wall with a granite cap supporting railings. Barley twist-detailed wrought iron double gates. The gates are part of the Woodbrook estate. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1873
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260164, NIAH 2571
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Wilford House Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	1790s
Original Use	House
Description	Built in the 1790s according to Pearson. It was occupied by a Charles Lawrence Toole in 1814. It was restored in 2001-2. Detached three-bay, two-storey over basement house, T-shaped in plan with a single-bay full-height breakfront and a single-bay single-storey projecting porch to ground floor. The NIAH noted that the building retains substantial quantities of the original or sympathetically replicated fabric. Pearson noted that the interiors were outstanding and that the 1790s decorative plasterwork enrichments were 'in the style of the Dublin stuccadores Michael Stapleton [c.1747-1801] and George Stapleton [1777-1844].
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1874
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260162, NIAH 5676
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodbrook Side Lodge Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	Extant in 1909
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	A gate lodge attributed to Frederick George Hicks (1870-1965) of Dublin and extant in 1909 (Dean 2016, 173-4). A lodge is shown in the same location on the 1837-43 OS but with a different footprint. The present structure is a detached three-bay single-storey gate lodge. It is a detached three-bay single-storey gable ended gate lodge with the west gable facing on to the Dublin Road. It has been extended to the west and altered internally and externally. Set back from line of road at the side entrance to the grounds of Woodbrook. Rroughcast rendered boundary wall to perimeter having rendered rounded coping. Vehicular and pedestrian gates with granite jambs. The pedestrian gate has a lintel with Woodbrook Side Lodge engraved on the lintel. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	WCC RPS B42
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 16301299
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Peter's Catholic Church Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	Built in 1837
Original Use	Church / chapel
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey double-height Roman Catholic church. The building is gable-ended and rectangular in plan, but with a later 19th-century single-storey vestry extension to the west and relatively small gabled porches to the north and east. The façade is finished in unpainted lined render whilst the pitched roof is slated and has stone parapets with corbels, and a small bellcote to the east.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	WCC 2018, WCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	WCC RPS B42
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 16301300
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Peter's Parish Hall Dublin Road, Bray
Date of Construction	1860 - 1865
Original Use	School
Description	Detached five-bay two-storey former schoolhouse, built in 1864, now in use as a parish hall with single storey flat-roofed extension to the north. The façade of the original building is in rubble with granite quoins and brick dressings to the openings, whilst the hipped roof is slated. The entrance is to the east elevation and consists of a tongue & groove timber double door with c.1980s gabled hood over
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	WCC 2018, WCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	WCC RPS B10
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 16301298
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Pace Language Institute 29-30 Dublin Road Little Bray
Date of Construction	1800 - 1820
Original Use	House
Description	Pair of three bay two story over raised basement largely identical, double-pile former houses, built c.1810, amalgamated to become a convalescent home c.1899, and in use as a language institute. The pair were originally semi-detached, but are now joined to the terrace to the north side by means of a flat-roofed, single-storey over basement extension
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	WCC 2018, WCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	WCC RPS B46
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 16301263
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Bray Courthouse
Date of Construction	Built in 1841
Original Use	Court house. In use as an office
Description	Detached three-bay two-storey former court house, extended to the northeast corner in the mid to later 1900s, and now in use as a heritage centre and tourist office. The building is basically square in plan with a small projecting porch to the south which sits within a shallow full-height pedimented bay. The façade is finished in painted render with granite alternating quoins, sill course and door and window surrounds. The porch has panelled pilaster-like corners and a granite parapet with squat end piers. The roof of the original section of the building is hipped and slated with a single rendered chimneystack located behind the pediment of the bay to front. The extension has a flat roof.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	WCC 2018, WCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	RMP WI004-001004
Additional Identifiers	WCC RPS B49, NIAH 16301290
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Saint Paul's Church, Bray
Date of Construction	1609and 19th-century
Original Use	Church / chapel.
Description	The present 19th-century parish church, now in commercial use, may stand on the site of an early wooden church called the 'Dearteach' or 'oak house'. The present church may incorporate portions of one erected in 1609 although nothing visible survives. Two 17th-century grave slabs are located to the S of the church. It was part of the medieval borough of Bray (RMP WI004-001).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Archaeological, Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, WCC 2018, WCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Lewis 1837, vol. 1, 222; Price 1957, 334-5, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	RMP WI004-001002
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 6042
Legal Status	Recorded Monument
Location	Galtrim House Co. Wicklow
Date of Construction	Early 20 th century, extant 1908
Original Use	House on the site of an earlier house
Description	The site is now occupied by a house shown on the 1908 OS 6-inch map . A point is shown on the 1838 OS 6-inch map and named 'Fairy Hill' which is suggested by Price to have been the site of a monument. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	Dúchas 1995, NIAH 2020b, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Dean 2016, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Corlett 1999, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Price 1942, Field Survey
Photographs	

2. Architectural Conservation Areas

Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	Belmont Avenue ACA
Legal Status	Architectural Conservation Area
Location	Belmont Avenue Donnybrook
Description	Located on Belmont Avenue Donnybrook the area encompasses 18 th , 19 th and 20 th century terraced and detached residential and commercial buildings
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories Of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, NMS 2009; NMS 2019, DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Bennett 2005, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout


Identification No.	Foxrock ACA
Legal Status	Architectural Conservation Area
Location	Westminster Road Foxrock
Description	Located on Westminster Road Foxrock the area encompasses late 19 th and early 20 th century villas
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Speed 1610, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Bennett 2005, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


3. Conservation Areas

Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)

Identification No.	St. Stephen's Green Conservation Area
Legal Status	Recorded monument and Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	St. Stephen's Green
Description	Conservation Area encompasses the public park, foot paths and carriage ways to Stephen's Green West and South and part of Leeson St. It does not include the buildings on the corner of Leeson St.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Clarke 2002, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	Leeson Street Lower Conservation Area
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	Leeson Street Lower
Description	Leeson Street Lower Conservation Area encompasses the buildings on either side of Leeson St. Lr, Pembroke St. Upper, Hatch St. Lr, Adelaide Rd. And Fitzwilliam Place, except 1-19 Leeson St. Lr, as well as the foot paths and carriage ways and the traffic island and Kiosk to Adelaide Road. The area contains a large number of late Georgian and early Victorian or early to Mid-19 th century terraced houses
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Clarke 2002, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	Grand Canal Conservation Area
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	Grand Canal
Description	Grand Canal Conservation Area follows the course of the Circular lene of the Grand Canal, completed in 1790 and includes the locks, bridges as at Eustace Bridge, tow paths and the buildings fronting or backing on to the Canal as at Adelaide Road, Wilton Terrace, Sussex Terrace, Grand Parade and the first two houses on either side of Leeson St. Upper.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Archaeological, technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Clarke 2002, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	Dodder Conservation Area
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	Dodder River Valley
Description	Dodder Conservation Area follows the course of the Dodder River and encompasses Anglesea Road, Beaver Row, Anglesea Bridge and part of the Grounds of Donnybrook Church
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


4. National Inventory of Architectural Heritage Structures


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	NIAH 50920299
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH211
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	103 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	C.1810
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay four story terraced house. Brown brick. Sash windows throughout, later shopfront to ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 50920298
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH210
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	102 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	C.1810
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story terraced house. Brown brick. Sash windows throughout, later shopfront to ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 50920297
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH209
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	101 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	C.1810
Original Use	House
Description	Single bay four storey terraced rendered 19th century house with rendered quoins and moulded architraves to the openings, sash windows to the upper floors. Shop to the ground floor has a replacement shop front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 50920296
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH207
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	100 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	C.1810
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey terraced red brick 19th century house with sash windows to the upper floors and pub front to ground floor. In use as a public house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 50920276
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013BTH201
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	5 Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	C. 1750
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three storey terraced house, built before 1780 and has an angled chimneystack. Stone cap to parapet, rendered walls. Sash windows to upper floors. Shopfront is a replacement
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Rocque 1756, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 50110481
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18-15-031-01 CBC0013BTH161
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	Adelaide Road / Leeson Street Lower
Date of Construction	Built 1929
Original Use	Kiosk / Waterworks Pressure Station
Description	Detached three-bay single-storey transformer station on site of previous waterworks pressure station with advanced central bay. Moulded render central plaque bearing Dublin City Council coat of arms. Red brick English bond walling on limestone plinth with gauged brick eaves course and herring bone decoration beneath windows and to door surrounds north elevation. Round window to east elevation. Now in use as a café
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 50110527
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18-15-003-01 CBC0013BTH159
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	Grand Canal, Grand Parade
Date of Construction	Built c.1790
Original Use	Canal Lock
Description	Lock gates and mooring posts Two pairs of timber and iron gates set in channel with limestone backing to canal sides and timber mooring posts. Associated canal bridge to east.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical Social, Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout


Identification No.	NIAH 60230058
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Newpark Lodge, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Description	Three bay single storey over raised basement double fronted villa with gate lodge. In 1922, the gate lodge was the scene of a raid by National troops, two irregulars were shot dead and another injured. The house has been much extended and most of the original architectural features including windows, ceilings and fire places have been replaced/refurbished to mock older period houses
Significance Rating	Local importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 60230060
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Shandrum - Stillorgan Rd / Victoria House
Date of Construction	1844 - 1894
Description	Double fronted villa
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)

Identification No.	NIAH 60260116
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Bridge, Stonebridge Road
Date of Construction	1854
Description	Single-arch hump back road bridge over the Dublin and South Eastern Railway (DSER) line opened 1854. Part creeper- or ivy-covered tuck pointed snecked granite walls with cut-granite stringcourses supporting parapets having rock faced cut-granite coping. Single segmental arch with margined rock faced granite ashlar voussoirs centred on margined rock faced cut-granite keystones.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 60260115
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Rivendell Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1860 – 1865
Description	Detached villa, three bay single story over raised basement
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 60260134
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Cluain-na-Greine
Date of Construction	built 1855 – 1865
Description	Three bay two storey double fronted house with porch to front,.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 60260153
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Gates / Railings / Walls, Sherrington, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1800 – 1837
Description	Entrance piers and screen walls to Sherrington (since demolished). Associated gate lodge recently demolished. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 60260149
Legal Status	Curtilage of a protected structure and recognised by the NIAH
Location	Shanganagh Park Gates and Railings, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	1870 – 1894
Original Use	Gate Piers
Description	Originally part of Shanganagh Park (NIAH 60260120), the gates were repositioned here in 1987. The southern entrance gates to the Shanganagh Castle Estate, located on the corner of a junction. Not to be confused with the gates described above. The gateway consists of a pair of cut-granite panelled piers on stepped plinths topped with stepped stringcourses below gabled capping. Between are cast-iron double gates there is a similar outer pair of piers with cut-granite panelled outer piers. Running between the entrance piers and the outer piers are curved or bowed cast-iron serpentine railings set in a cut granite plinth. The gates are in the grounds of Shanganagh Castle, a protected structure (RPS Reg. #: 1845) It is therefore also protected as it is within the curtilage. The NIAH stated that the gateway makes a pleasing visual statement in a sylvan street scene, but also survives as a repurposed relic of the Shanganagh park estate. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	

Section: Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)

Identification No.	NIAH 16301267
Legal Status	Not protected but recognised by the NIAH
Location	Fran O'Toole Bridge Little Bray
Date of Construction	Built in 1855-56
Description	Three-arch stone built road bridge over the Dargle or Bray River. The bridge is in dressed granite, with round-ended piers rising into panelled pilasters and a string course just above the level of the arches. The arches themselves are segmental, whilst the parapets have rounded coping.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Bennett 2005, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Turner 1983, Price 1942, Garner 1980, Scott 1984, Field Survey
Photographs	

5. Designed Landscapes

Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)





Identification No.	NIAH 2375
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU018-020334, DCC RPS 7751, NIAH 50100259, 50100148
Legal Status	National Monument and Protected Structure within St. Stephen's Green Conservation Area. Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	St Stephen's Green
Date of Construction	1669
Original Use	Medieval common
Description	Park. Originally a common in the medieval period. The plots around the green were laid out in 1664 but the green itself was not enclosed until 1669. The present landscaping dates to the 1870s and was instigated by Arthur E Guinness. Main features substantially present: - no loss of integrity
Significance Rating	National
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	High
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Brooking 1728, Rocque 1756, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1843 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Clarke 2002, Dean 2016, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Joyce 1913, Kelly 1996, Lennon and Simms 2008, Lewis, 1837, M'Cready 1892, O'Maitiu 2003, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Pearson 2000, Price 1942, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>The photograph on the left shows a modern-day view of St Stephen's Green, a large open park area with trees and a paved walkway. The map on the right is a historical 1843 Ordnance Survey map showing the layout of the park and surrounding buildings.</p>

Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.

Identification No.	DLR RPS 2426
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 2373
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Iveagh Gardens Earlsfort Terrace
Date of Construction	1865
Description	Developed as part of the pleasure grounds of the 1865 Dublin Exhibition and later functioned as the gardens of Iveagh House. The perimeter of site covered by buildings. Main features substantially present: - no loss of integrity
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003 to 2009, DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, NIAH 2020b, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1910 to 1911 and OSI 1940 to 1953, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1901, Ball 1902, Ball 1903, Ball 1907, Bence Jones 1988, Bennett 2005, Casey 2005, Clarke 2002, Dean 2016, Goodbody 2014, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, IAA 2020, Lennon and Simms 2008, M'Cready 1892, Pearson 2000, Williams 1994, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	NIAH 2383
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Mespil House, St. Peter's, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Extant 1816
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished Site completely covered by residential development.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, M'Cready 1892, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH147
Legal Status	An Taisce Nature reserve.
Location	Morehampton Grove, Morehampton Road
Date of Construction	c. 1877
Description	It was never built on because of the Swan River which runs underground nearby. It was enclosed by the 1877 and walks were created within it. It retains boundary walls, and gateway and piers.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Scientific
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, M'Cready 1892, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout






Identification No.	DCC RPS 7846
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Errol House, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Early 19th century Extant 1837
Original Use	Home of Sir Richard Baker (1780- 1853) House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. House survives but the grounds have been altered as it was previously formed part of the Radio Telifis Eireann campus. The drive survives as do the sables to the rear and the walls to the walled garden. The lodge and original boundary treatment have been removed.
Description	House
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Field Survey
Photographs	


Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH226
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Shamrock Hill Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Only gate lodge survives
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH108
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Donnybrook Cottage St Teresians School Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1821
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on Duncan's 1821 map. Also known as Donnybrook Cottage and St Margaret's. House and grounds now part of St Teresians School
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2427
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 7847
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Montrose, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1816
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Much of the site is covered by development. Montrose House: detached stucco house / offices. Main features substantially present: - peripheral features unrecognizable
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH106
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Airfield, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Site redeveloped with housing but house, rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall remains
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH105
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Thornfield, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Site redeveloped with housing, but gate piers and gate lodge remain. Rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall to former house and landscaped grounds. Two sets of gate piers. Gate lodge is a single story five bay double fronted lodge Site redeveloped with housing but piers remain
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2425
Legal Status	Not Protected
Location	Moylurgh Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	1836 to 1846
Description	Known initially as Greenfield Lodge. House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Site completely covered by residential development. Rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall survive
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2440
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Nutley House, Elm Park Golf Club
Date of Construction	Early 19th century extant 1837
Description	Nutley House, a three bay two storey detached house with breakfront to entrance porch to central bay. Hipped slate roof with central valley, rendered stacks. Moulded parapet to rendered walls. Square headed openings containing sash windows. Demesne, now part of Elm Park Golf Club.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Granville Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Also known as Glenville and Naobh Bridgid. Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, , Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	NIAH 2432
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 9
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodview House University College Dublin, Belfield, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1820. Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. originally approached by a long tree lined avenue and gate lodge opposite to what is now Nutley Park. Set in a parkland with ornamental streams, footbridge and a large hexagonal walled garden to the southwest with outline still visible on map of 1938. Some demesne features such as the House, and walks have been retained within the university campus
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	Record only
	CBC0013BTH228
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Woodbine Cottage
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds including a drive and turning circle are shown on the 1837 OS map. All since demolished except some remnants of the boundary wall (CBC0013BTH228) and the name, which is retained as a local placename
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	DLR RPS 19
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Ardmore, University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1806. Extant 1837
Description	Also known as Belview. House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. It had a gate lodge, and stables which went on fire in 1897. Some demesne features such as the House have been retained within the university campus
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	DCC RPS 41
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Belfield House, University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1790. Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Originally with an entrance from the Stillorgan Road flanked by gate lodges, it was approached by a long carriage drive. Some demesne features such as the House, Out Offices and Stable Yard have been retained within the university campus
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH101
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Stonehouse, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	19th century, extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds. House has since been demolished and grounds redeveloped with housing. Lodge and entrance gates survive
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.






Identification No.	NIAH 2444
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 94
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Merville House University College Dublin, Stillorgan Road, Belfield
Date of Construction	Circa 1770. Extant 1837
Description	House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. The gardens contained an old Mulberry tree in 1908, thought to be one of only 4 in the locality. It also had some specimen Banksia roses. Some demesne features such as the House, Stable Yard, Entrance Gate and Piers have been retained within the university campus
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Rocque, 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.

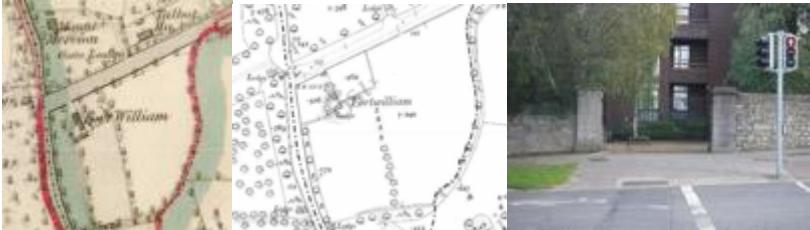
Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Seafield Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	18th century extant 1760
Description	Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Rocque, 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2460
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU023-067 DLR RPS 89
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	St Helens, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1750
Description	House in a designed landscape. It had four gate lodges, one of which was opposite St Thomas's Church and another which as on Booterstown Avenue. The garden is thought to have been originally designed by Nivian Nevin (the Victorian age landscaper).The 1st Viscount Gough renamed the House St Helen's during his tenure and employed John McCurdy to makes extensive alterations and additions. A beech tree planted in the garden had a circular iron seat which was slowly subsumed by the tree. The garden also contained one of the few old Mulberry trees in the locality. Site has been partially covered by residential development but the House and entrance gates along with the remaining parkland to the west survive
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Rocque, 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2451
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 598
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Merrion House North Avenue, Mount Merrion, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	House built 1710.
Description	Mount Merrion Lodge was built circa 1711 by Richard Fitzwilliam. The demesne consisted of about 300 acres. It was surrounded by an eight foot high granite wall, parts of which still survive particularly on the Lower Kilmacud Road. Being built on what was then known as Owenstown Hill it had a beautiful aspect was considered to be one of the best situated houses in Dublin with its unrivalled views of Dublin Bay and the Wicklow Mountains. The main house was converted to use as a chapel in the 1930's and little of the 1767 house survived. Much of the site is covered by residential development. With just a house, now a community centre, and avenue remaining as greenspace between the housing.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Cultural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Rocque, 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Temora Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Shown on the OS map as consisting of a house and out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Ash Hurst Mount Merrion Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house then known as Mount Merrion and out buildings within ground ds with a gate lodge. Renamed Ashurst c 1911. All since demolished. Name survives locally
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH230
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Fort William Mount Merrion Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Only the entrance gates remain
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Hopetoun House / Mount Merrion House, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1943</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH100
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Oatlands Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Deed dated 1799
Description	Land formerly held by Robert Emmet now in the possession of Thomas Addis Emmet leased to William Fleming for 95 years (Total land 13A 1R 17.5P)" - Deed dated 1799. On Taylors map of 1816 it is shown as a small house called Oatland. It was a five bay, two storey over basement with an Ionic portico. Typically, Georgian with a central Wyatt window above the porch. Oatlands originally had two gate lodges, one is still extant and was for sale in 2015.An Arts & Crafts style lodge with tripartite oriel window and herringbone brick decorative panels. The house itself was described as having 5 bedrooms with a drawing room that led to a greenhouse in 1823 but by 1904 it had seven bedrooms, four drawing rooms plus servants quarters. In 1880 it was sold by the Landed Estate Court and purchased by Matthew Pollock, the tenant. It housed the telescope of John Ross. Although Lady Jane's address is listed at Oatlands up to 1947 the contents of the house were sold in 1937 so she may not have lived in the house after the House and demesne replaced by School of the same name but retains some demesne landscape features such as the grounds and avenue
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2470
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Stillorgan Priory, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1833
Description	An Elizabethan style house that is thought to have been built in 1833 close to the site of Stillorgan Monastery. Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. In 1872 McCurdy & Mitchell, Architects undertook alterations for Henry Dudgeon. The house is thought to have been unoccupied from the 1920's, fell into dereliction and then demolished in the 1950's. It had one entrance with a gate lodge which was on the N11 opposite to where Oatlands College is today. In 1950 a CPO was issued on a portion of the plot, including the gateway and wall by Dublin County Council to allow for the widening of the Bray Road. Site completely covered by residential development and small golf course. Name survives locally
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>



Identification No.	NIAH 2462
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Baufield, Stillorgan
Date of Construction	Circa 1820
Description	In 1799 Land formerly held by Robert Emmet now in the possession of Thomas Addis Emmet leased to William Fleming for 95 years. It had two gate lodges which are no longer extant. Stillorgan Lodge shared the same plot in 1816 but has been merged by 1880 which may explain the steps to nowhere from the Lower Kilmacud Road at Baufield Park. Ground shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. When Baufield was put up for sale in 1846, it was described as having 6 bedrooms (5 of them with dressing rooms) and a water closet. In 1881 Thomas Shannon Martin of T & C Martin who had been leasing the house from 1867 bought it from the Landed Estate Court. The lot included Baufield, Garnaville and Ornee Cottage. It was demolished and after the fire in 1987. Only the outbuildings, Baufield Mews remain.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>



Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Grove house Stillorgan
Date of Construction	Circa 1780
Description	Shown on the 1837 OS map as consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Also known as Tig Lorcan Hall. The site for this was carved out of The Priory lands and it was described as 'painted light sky blue, two storied with large trees in the grounds, a curved drive and a small field behind railings' in the 1950's. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2483
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU023-012001 DLR RPS 1058
Legal Status	Recorded Monument and Protected Structure
Location	Stillorgan House / Park House (Polio Fellowship of Ireland) Training Centre, Stillorgan Grove, Stillorgan, Co. Dublin.
Date of Construction	Original House built 1695, new house built on site in 1887/8.
Description	Site marked as 'Stillorgan House' the site may mark the location of the original manor house, or main residence of the lord of the manor, which by 1360 was occupied by Sir John Cruise. The Wolverston family resided here between the dissolution of the monasteries and the Cromwellian period. Stillorgan House is mentioned in the Depositions of 1641. In 1695 the then owner Viscount John Allen replaced the fortified manor house with a large mansion. Demolished c. 1880. And the present 19th century house was built to the north. The estate stretched from Stillorgan village across to Newtownpark Avenue, down to Blackrock, and adjoined the Fitzwilliam estate at Mount Merrion Avenue, encompassing all of what is now Priory Park, Grove Avenue, Avoca Avenue, Stillorgan Grove and Carysfort Avenue. The soft water stream ran for two miles through the demesne and a grove of lime trees (also known as lindens) is shown on a map of the Allen estate dating from the 18 th century. A grotto and an obelisk were once part of the demesne, they were designed by Edward Lovett Pearce and are extant. In 1778 the park was closed by Lord Carysfort, citing damage done by trespassers and going forward a ticket would be required to access the park. Between 1777 and 1779, some 70 acres were sold off as building plots by Lord Carysfort. It had two lodges originally and a third lodge was added circa 1880 at Ulster Terrace. None of these survives completely covered by residential development. Present 19 th century house completely surrounded by residential development.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2485
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU023-071
Legal Status	Recorded Monument
Location	Stillorgan Castle / St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Landscape extant 1837
Description	A castle is depicted on the 1837 OS and labelled 'Stillorgan Castle'. In 1836 it was to let or the interest in the lease sold on 20 acres. Present buildings are 19th century gothic institutional buildings of granite construction. Demesne landscape survives as part of the St John Of God Complex
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821,OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1420
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Granada House, St John Of Gods, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1778
Description	House and demesne. Formerly Riversdale. It 1920 it was set on 14.5 acres. It was also noted that it had a new entrance with a gate lodge. Demesne landscape survives as part of the St John Of God Complex
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821,OSI 1837 to 1844, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1876, OSI 1882, 1889 to 1892, OSI 1907 to 1911 and OSI 1937 to 1953, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH097
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Dunstaffnage Lodge Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1830
Description	Three bay two story double fronted house with bow windows to the front. Georgian house on 5 Acres in 1839. In 1950 a CPO was issued on a portion of the front garden and wall by Dublin County Council to allow for the widening of the Bray Road (7 perches). Between 2000 and 2002 Dunstaffnage Hall was built on the land and in 2004 Dunstaffnage Mews was added. Retains some demesne features such as the house and the drive up to it.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	  <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Farmleigh Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1788
Description	consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. The name was changed from The Farm to Farmleigh in 1864. Louis Werner, oculist, who lived here in the 40's gets a mention in Ulysses. The house was described as a detached six bay residence on 10 acres with three storeys to the front and two storeys to the rear with no basement. It also had a bow return to the rear with a conical roof. It had a gate lodge and a long carriage drive. In 1950 a CPO was issued on the house by Dublin County Council to allow for the widening of the Bray Road. All since demolished. Virtually no recognizable features.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	  <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2489
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 2098
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Beech Park / Ferney, Kill, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Circa 1790
Description	Single-storey over basement Georgian villa and two storey to the rear. Deceptively large, it has double bow projections to front and rear and original Wyatt windows. The hood moulds above each window are like graceful eyebrows and the bow projections with their conical slated roofs are most unusual. The coach house and stables were destroyed in a fire in 1866. In 1937 the name of the house was changed to Beech Park. Ferney, later Setanta School/Beech Park House is landlocked in the middle of Beechwood Court Estate. It still retains many beautiful trees including some Monterey Cypress. Demesne features such as a house, lodge, and landscaping. Building indicated labelled School. Complex of large buildings built around the site of the principal building. Now in use as a convent
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022 NIAH 2020b, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2482
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	The Grange, Kill, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	c.1830
Description	The Grange Farm was a two storey, L-shaped seven bay house. When it was put on the market in 1953 it was described as a period house on 12 acres comprising of 2 large reception rooms, very large Adams-style music room ideal for a ballroom with 6 bedrooms, 2 dressing rooms, several staff rooms, 2 bathrooms with extensive out-offices, pleasure grounds, vegetable garden, orchards and 9 acres of pasture. It had a walled garden, numerous out buildings on 65 acres. Large institutional building on the site. The remains of a number of the demesne walls are located within the grounds of the new Grange Development
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1451
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Belmont House, Galloping Green, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.
Date of Construction	Circa 1790
Description	Consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Only the House, chapel and entrance gates survive. Grounds redeveloped as a nursing home.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	St Petroc, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Built circa 1860. Shown on the 1911 OS map
Description	Plain house with gate lodge for Charles Fox Godwin. Consisting of a house out buildings within a park with avenue and a gate lodge. The name was changed to St Petroc circa 1888. In 1939 a CPO was issued to widen the road and some of the grounds were lost. All since demolished.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2005
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230074
Legal Status	Protected
Location	Eversham / Disciples Of The Divine Master Liturgical Centre, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Eversham House, erected by William Minchin Shown on the 1843 OS map as consisting of a house out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. In Use as a convent. Landscape reduced and has been relandscaped
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1496
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230014
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Mount Salem Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	House extant 1837
Description	Shown on the 1837 to 43 OS map as consisting of a house out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Originally on 3 acres, it was for sale on 1.5 acres in 1953, some of the original land, including the paddock was hived off for other developments including a house called White Cross. The coach house has been converted to a mews. Originally the entrance was from the Dublin road but after a CPO for road widening, the entrance is now from Leopardstown Road. In 2019 the site was split and the portion with the main house offered for sale
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1498
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230065
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Sefton House, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Description	Shown on the 1911 OS map as consisting of a house out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. It had a coach house and by 1922 had tennis courts. It was for sale on 1 acre in 1967. Although the original gates with their cut granite piers are still in situ on the Bray Road, access is via the Kelston Estate on Leopardstown Road.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2502
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	New Park Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1800
Description	House originally purchased for £8000 circa 1800. In 1813 it was for sale, and it was described as having a handsome dining room and withdrawing room, a library and also a gentleman's own room. It had five bedrooms and a dressing room also having a housekeepers room and ample accommodation for servants. It had stabling, coach-house, peach and grape houses and a new green house had just been built close to the house. In 1854 the house was described as being set on 47 acres. It had coach-houses and stabling, a dairy and laundry. It also had a walled garden, green houses, and a grapery. During the tenure of Carter, an avenue was built from the house to Newtown Park Avenue with a gate lodge and a gated entrance (now the entrance to a house called Selandia). It also had a shared gate lodge on the Stillorgan Road. All since demolished. Site completely covered by residential development. Virtually no recognizable features. The gates are cast-iron with granite plinths supporting cast-iron double gates with granite outer piers on cut-granite plinths supporting cast iron railings with two lanterns and are still extant. On Newtown Park Avenue.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1996
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230064
Legal Status	Protected
Location	Kelston Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Original Use	House and grounds
Description	Shown on the 1911 OS map as consisting of a house out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. It retains its grounds
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911</p>


Identification No.	Record only
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Avonmore, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Circa 1860. Shown on the 1911 OS map
Description	A Victorian detached three-bay two-storey house over part raised basement. It had a pedimented breakfront and was rendered ruled and lined. It had a pitched hipped slightly over hanging slate roof with brackets. The central door had a simple fanlight and was approached by fourteen cut granite steps between cast-iron railings. The plaster walls were quoined with granite. The porch supporting the breakfront boasted two Tuscan columns and the timber sash windows had cut granite sills, the first storey windows had hood moulds. It had two gate lodges and a coach house with living accommodation, outbuildings within a park with avenues. Its main entrance was from the Bray Road. On 5 acres in 1884 and 9 acres in 1963. Since demolished
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 2041
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230063
Legal Status	Protected Structure recognised by the NIAH
Location	Hermiston, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1911
Description	House extant 1911. House retains its grounds and outbuildings including kitchen gardens
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 60230058
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Newpark Lodge, Stillorgan Road
Date of Construction	Circa 1860
Description	Three bay single storey over raised basement double fronted villa with gate lodge It retains its grounds to the front but has lost some to the N11 to the west
Significance Rating	Local Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey,
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH090
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Knocksenna / Knocksinna Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1873
Description	Also known as Knocksenna. House with gate lodge, stabling and coach house on 10 acres with a right of way across the golf links built for Robert Smyth in 1873. It had an ornamental building on the grounds in use as a dairy. It had a short carriage drive flanked with ornamental gates and curved entrance. By 1962 it was on 2½ acres. It now serves as the Portuguese Ambassador's residence
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH084
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Foxrock House Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Shown on the 1837 OS map as
Original Use	House and grounds.
Description	Consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. All since demolished. Site completely covered by residential development. Virtually no recognizable features. Site completely covered by residential development. No longer evident as housing built on site.
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Negligible Sensitivity
Sources	AA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH083
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Foxrock Lodge Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Shown on the 1837 OS map as
Original Use	House and grounds.
Description	Consisting of a house and a large complex of attached out buildings within a park with avenues and a gate lodge. Incorporated in to the present school. Some demesne features such as the house and avenues survive within the school grounds
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	AA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>

Identification No.	DLR RPS 1621
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60230059
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Cornelscourt House, Stillorgan Rd / Old Bray Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1866
Description	Also known as St Margaret's. Set in relandscaped grounds with rendered channelled piers to perimeter having ball finial-topped shallow pyramidal capping supporting crocketed cast-iron double gates
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2530
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1654 NIAH 60230141
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Marfield / Saint Gabriel's Hospital Kill, Co. Dublin
Date of Construction	Country house built 1794
Description	Demesne reduced and much of site covered by residential development. Set in relandscaped grounds.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2536
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1671 NIAH 60260247
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Kilbogget House Shrewsbury Wood, Cabinteely, Dublin 18
Date of Construction	House extant 1837
Description	Originally set in landscaped grounds. Much of the site is covered by residential and institutional development.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843</p>


Identification No.	DU026-028
Legal Status	Recorded monument associated
Location	Beechgrove, Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	Beechgrove House. House and demesne features removed to facilitate N11. Some of the walks survive in the local park
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Archaeological, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2546
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU026-029001, DU026-029002, DLR RPS 1768, 2002, NIAH 60260103, 60260104
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Loughlinstown House Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	Late 17th century core with 18th century additions, extant 1778
Description	Loughlinstown House is a two storey Georgian House which was part of a demesne landscape. Demesne features legible but there is a large housing development in areas to the north west and south east of the principal building.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Archaeological, Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1786
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260105
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Rita's Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	House extant 1837
Description	The 1843 OS map indicates the house was set in landscaped grounds, much of which it retains
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>



Identification No.	CBC0013BTH069
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Lurganbrae House Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	House extant 1837.
Description	Also known as New Brighton. Landscape reduced by housing which was built to the north. What remains is largely obscured by trees. Associated lodge which was to the NW has been demolished and replaced by housing
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>



Identification No.	DLR RPS 1795
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260107
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Saint Brendan's Dublin Road, Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1829
Description	The 1843 OS map indicates the house was set in landscaped grounds. House lodge and part of the entrance gates survive but they have become separated by residential development in the grounds.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1801
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260122
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Athgoe Park, Beechfield Manor
Date of Construction	Built Sherrington
Description	House shown in designed landscape on historical mapping. House survives but grounds redeveloped as a nursing home. Grounds have been reduced and entrance has been changed. Retains dressed stone piers and railings to entrance gates but boundary walls have been replaced
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2554
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 2010, 2077, NIAH 60260132, 60260133
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Dorney Court / Claremont Corbawn Lane
Date of Construction	1832 altered following construction of Harcourt lone when entrance was changed along with the name from Claremont to Dorney Court
Description	Formerly a demesne landscape. Lodge, part of boundary wall and gates survive. Set back from line of lane at entrance to grounds of Dorney Court with cast-iron railings to perimeter. The lodge and gates are surviving relics of the Dorney Court, built 1832 and demolished 1984. Part of the old drive also survives within a reduced parkland. South eastern half of site covered by residential development.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a & b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 60260134
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Cluain-na-Greine, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1855 – 1865
Description	Three bay two storey double fronted House with single bay extension and porch
Significance Rating	Local Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>




Identification No.	DLR RPS 1837
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260137
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Aubrey House, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1862
Description	House and grounds. 1907 OS map indicates it once had much larger grounds. These have been reduced but it retains some in addition to the original avenue and entrance from Quinn's Rd.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	  <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>




Identification No.	NIAH 60260153
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Sherrington, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Extant 1816
Description	Entrance piers and screen walls to Sherrington. Site redeveloped with residential development. Lodge extant in 2018 but was demolished in 2019 along with the original entrance gates. Only the boundary wall survives
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	  <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1971, 2074
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260150
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Crinken House, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Description	House, built by William White. House, boundaries, and lodge survive but much of the demesne landscape has been reduced by M11 Road, a medical centre and residential development.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2556
Additional Identifiers	RMP DU026-120, DLR RPS 1845, 2089, NIAH 60260146, 60260148
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Shanganagh Castle Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Early 19th Century
Description	House, Castle and Gate Lodge Set in own grounds. Demesne features legible. The building is one of a number of structures with in the estate which includes a pillar in the grounds and a later gate lodge which all contribute positively as group to the setting. Area of kitchen garden and woodland to the north of the principal building covered by residential development. Boundary wall to Dublin Road is a replacement
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	Dúchas 1995, Dúchas 1998, NMS 2020a and 2020b, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1987
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260175
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	The Orchard Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Lodge is early 20th century
Description	Demesne features legible. Gate lodge, built 1911, house and grounds all survive.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1860, 2001
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260170, 60260171
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Askefield House Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1800 – 1836.
Description	Also Known as Aske Cottage. Askefield House forms part of a group along with the adjoining gate lodge which are set in landscaped grounds approached through roughcast piers with concrete capping and cast-iron double gates. House Demesne features legible
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	   <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Identification No.	NIAH 2552
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 2042, 1862 NIAH 60260168, 60260169
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Beauchamp House Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built c.1830.
Description	The house is set in landscaped grounds which contains a large number of outbuildings including a coach house (built sometime between 1843-1908) and a nearby gate lodge (DLR RPS 1862) which are approached through the main entrance gates. House Demesne features legible but half of parkland covered by housing development. A road now separates gate lodge from the house and what remains of the grounds of Beauchamp.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	   <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2553
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1866 NIAH 60260165, 60260166, 60260167
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	The Aske Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built 1831.
Description	Also known as Oaklawn House, Set in landscaped grounds. The house forms part of a group along with the walled garden and nearby gate lodge in the grounds. The associated walled garden and gate lodge appear to date from the same period as both are shown on the 1837-43 OS. Demesne features legible.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	DLR RPS 1869
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260155, 60260156
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Corke Lodge Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	Built before 1816.
Description	Also known as Wood Lawn. The gate house located on the north side was also shown on Taylor's 1816 map. No trace evident today. House set in landscaped grounds with wrought iron railings to perimeter centred on wrought iron double gates. Grounds include a walled garden which contains stone work reclaimed from the Daniel Robertson (d. 1849)-designed Glendalough House (1838; dismantled 1979), County Wicklow and stables. Demesne features legible
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p style="text-align: center;">Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 5676
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1870, 2090 NIAH 60260157, 60260158, 60260160, 60260161, 60260162
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Woodbrook House Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	18 th century country house, enlarged 1840. 18 th century grounds, with improvements in the 19 th century and c1909
Description	Country house, Woodbrook House 18 th century, enlarged 1840. Set in landscaped grounds which contain a walled garden, folly and two gate lodges. The group of outbuildings to the east contains a small opera theatre with a copper cupola. It is described as Italianate by Pearson. Together with its outbuildings and grounds it forms part of a demesne. The walled garden was built before 1837. It is not shown on Duncan's map of 1821 but is on the first OS of 1837-43. The walled garden is laid out on a rectangular plan. Coursed rubble stone boundary wall to perimeter having rendered coping. Modern buildings and a carpark have been sited alongside the core landscape. A road not shown on the 1836 - 1846 OS map has been constructed on this site. There is a row of outbuildings to the east and farm buildings to the north. Modern buildings and a carpark have been sited alongside the core landscape. Part of the demesne wall impacted by the Woodbrook Roundabout but otherwise intact.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a and 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998,Rocque 1760,Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2571
Additional Identifiers	DLR RPS 1873 NIAH 60260164
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Location	Wilford House Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	1790s
Description	House set in landscaped grounds with rendered piers to perimeter moulded capping and spear head wrought iron double gates. There is also a coach house/stable (extant 1837) and a walled garden (extant 1909) in the grounds. Major road passes through parkland area. House and Out Offices, Folly, Demesne legible but grounds reduced by road which passes through parkland area.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843.</p>

Section: Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH020
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Rathmore, Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	House is late 19th or early 20th century
Description	House and grounds. Possibly associated with Wilfort. Grounds reduced by later development, but house survives. Boundary treatment is a replacement. House is largely screened by trees but is partially visible from the forecourt of the adjoining service station
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 2572
Additional Identifiers	DU026-068001 DU026-068002
Legal Status	Recorded monument
Location	Corke Abbey Dublin Road Shankill
Date of Construction	According to the OS Letters (1837) Cork Abbey was built on the site of an earlier medieval abbey.
Description	Corke Abbey House has since been demolished. Though associated with a recorded monument, the site is covered by residential and industrial development. Much diminished in terms of a historic landscape. What was the avenue is preserved along with the place name at Corke Abbey Avenue
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	Dúchas 1998, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Speed 1610, Down Survey 1656-1658, Rocque 1760, Taylor & Skinner 1777, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>


Identification No.	NIAH 4299
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Ravenswell House, Bray, Co. Wicklow
Date of Construction	19th century. Extant 1816.
Description	House converted to a convent by early 20th century. House no longer survives. A golf course, houses and a factory have also been constructed on this site. Gates, avenue, outbuildings, grounds and boundary survive. Name also survives locally
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843 and 1911.</p>

Identification No.	NIAH 6042
Additional Identifiers	RMP WI004-001002
Legal Status	Recorded monument is indicated as a redundant record
Location	Galtrim House Bray, Co. Wicklow
Date of Construction	Extant 1908
Description	House on the site of an earlier house Fairy Hill.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	Dúchas 1995, NIAH 2020b, IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	 <p>Image Credit: The Ordnance Survey of Ireland 1843</p>


6. Industrial Heritage Sites


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH158
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18-16-001-01
Legal Status	Located in a Conservation Area
Location	Grand Canal, Grand Parade
Date of Construction	Constructed between 1790-1796
Original Use	Canal
Description	Grand Canal with grass banks to canal. Canal is well preserved and retains narrow tow paths to the north and south banks (DCIHR 18 16 002-01). Squared coursed limestone walls are visible around a lock (DCIHR 18-15-003-01) and the canal is spanned by a masonry bridge
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003-2009, DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH148
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18-16-029-01
Legal Status	Not protected
Location	Wellington Place
Date of Construction	c.1920
Original Use	Electricity station
Description	Roughcast rendered wall visible along west side of original station with concrete rendered wall now forming north wall. Structure is set flush with a pre-existing boundary wall and there was no access to the east, south and west elevations.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	DCC 2003-2009, Field Survey
Photographs	

Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH234
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 22-04-011-01
Legal Status	Candidate Protected Structure
Location	Bus Garage Beaver Row/Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1944-1951
Original Use	Bus garage
Description	Engine House. Replaced by present garage built 1944-1951 to the design of Michael Scott
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003-2009, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH235
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 22-04-003-01
Legal Status	Candidate Protected Structure
Location	Bus Garage Beaver Row / Stillorgan Rd
Date of Construction	1873
Original Use	Tramway Depot
Description	Tramway Depot / Bus Garage. Former tramway depot built in 1873, for Donnybrook to Sackville Street line, extended c.1905, now in use as a bus garage. Single-bay single-storey rendered building with lower height block to north and flat-roofed extensions to east, west and south. Pitched replacement corrugated-iron roofs c.2000 with vents to ridge and cast-iron rainwater goods. Rendered walls with strapped and gabled parapets to front elevations; moulded cornice to parapet and channelled quoins; cladding to east, west and south elevations. Square-headed window openings, replacement windows c.2000. Paired square-headed entrance to north elevation with moulded render surround incorporating key-stones; west entrance now blocked.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Historical, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2003-2009, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH073
Additional Identifiers	DLRIHS 654
Legal Status	Protected within the Development plan
Location	Southern side of the main road at Loughlinstown.
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Bridge
Description	Bridge over Shanganagh Stream on Southern side of the main road at Loughlinstown. Bridge, Dressed granite walls to bridge, Dressed granite walls to bridge
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

7. Other Structures of Interest

Table 7.1: Other Structures of Heritage Significance

Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)	CBC0013BTH216	57 St Stephen's Green East	18th Century House, rebuilt in 1975-78.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH215	58 St Stephen's Green East	18th Century house, rebuilt 1980	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH214	59 St Stephen's Green East	18th Century house, rebuilt 1980	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH213	60 St Stephen's Green East	House built 1751, rebuilt 1980	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH203	82 to 88 Leeson Street Lower	Late 18th or early 19th century house re constructed 1973	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH200	6 Leeson Street Lower	House built before 1780.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH199	7 Leeson Street Lower	House built before 1780.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH198	12 to 13 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH197	14 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH196	15 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH195	16 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH194	17 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity

Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH193	18 Leeson Street Lower	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH192	19 Leeson Street Lower	Dutch Billy facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH182	62 Leeson Street Lower	Mid 19th century coach house built before 1854,	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH181	33 Hatch Street Lower	19th century dwelling, possibly built as two outbuildings to 24 Leeson Street.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH160	38-56 Adelaide Road	Row of two bay two storey red brick late 19th century terraced houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH156	146 Leeson Street Upper	19th century terraced building. Replacement shop front	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH155	145 Leeson Street Upper,	19th century terraced building. Replacement shop front	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH154	Leeson Court 110-113 Leeson Street Upper	Row terraced houses. 19th century. Converted to apartments	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH151	Appian Way/Leeson Street	Stretch of boundary wall	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH145	Hampton Lodge, 4a Herbert Park,	Gable fronted house, early 20th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH144	69-71 Morehampton Road	Five bay two storey early 20th century bank building	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH143	75 Morehampton Road	19th century terraced building, now in commercial use with modern shop front	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH142	77-81 Morehampton Road	Terrace of red brick 19th century buildings, with replacement shop fronts.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH141	80-94 Morehampton Road	Row of semi-detached houses, early to mid-20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH140	83-91 Morehampton Road	Terrace of red brick buildings, end bays built 1901.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH139	93-93a Morehampton Road	Pair of 19th century terraced shops	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH138	95-97 Morehampton Road	Pair of 19th or early 20th century terraced shops,	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH137	99-101 Morehampton Road	Pair of terraced shops, Late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH136	107-113 Morehampton Road	Terrace of 19th century red brick houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH135	96-106 Morehampton Road	Row of Late 19th or early 20th century terraced houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH134	115-125 Morehampton Road	Terrace of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH133	127-133 Morehampton Road	Terrace of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH132	108-142 Morehampton Road	Terrace of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH130	2-12 Donnybrook Road	Row of terraced 19th century buildings	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH129	22-26 Donnybrook Road	Row of terraced 19th century buildings	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity

Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH128	30-34 Donnybrook Road	Row of terraced 19th century buildings	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH127	Donnybrook Police Station, 43 Donnybrook Road,	Nine bay police station built 1931	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH126	44-46 Donnybrook Rd	commercial building, late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH125	Arthur Mayne's Public House 48-50 Donnybrook Rd	Six bay two storey public house, late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH124	47 Donnybrook Road,	Single storey two bay red brick shop, late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH123	1 Eglinton Terrace	Pair of late 19th century red brick terraced houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH122	51-51a Donnybrook Road,	Two Bay three story early to mid-20th century red brick commercial building	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH121	53 Donnybrook Road,	Four Bay three story early 20th century red brick commercial building	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughinstown Roundabout	CBC0013BTH112	Belville Lodge, Stillorgan Road,	19th century four bay single storey house.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH111	Belville Mews, 4 Stillorgan Road,	19th century two storey house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH226	Lodge to Donnybrook Castle, Stillorgan Road	19th century Gate lodge	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH110	Victoria Terrace, 3-4 Stillorgan Road	Terrace of 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH109	9-10 Stillorgan Road	Pair of mid 20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH108	St Margaret's/ Donnybrook Cottage, 12 Stillorgan Road	House and landscaped grounds. Now part of St Teresians School	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH107	Gates To Airfield, 12A Stillorgan Road	Rusticated granite 19th century piers and rendered curtain wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH106	Airfield	House and landscaped grounds. Site redeveloped with housing	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH105	Gates and gate lodge to Thornfield	Two sets of granite piers. Gate lodge is a single story five bay double fronted lodge	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH104	124-126 Stillorgan Road	Pair of semi-detached mid 20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH103	184-186 Stillorgan Road	Pair of semi-detached mid 20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH228	Stillorgan Road	Granite rubble and brick 19th century wall associated with Woodbine Cottage	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH229	Stillorgan Road	19th century wall and dressed stone gate piers to Ashfield House	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH102	Stonehouse Gate Piers	Granite gate piers and lintels. Associated Stone House has since been demolished	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH101	Stonehouse Gate Lodge	Single storey gate lodge.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH230	Stillorgan Road/Merrion Avenue	Dressed stone gate piers to Fort William and boundary wall.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity

Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH099	Amana,/Willow Garth, Glenalbyn Road,	Late 19th or early 20th century double fronted house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH098	Woodview House, Glenalbyn Road,	Two storey house 18th or early 19th century and associated outbuilding	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH097	Dunstafnage Lodge	Three bay double fronted house. Early to mid-19th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH096	The Grange Cottages, Stillorgan Road	Row of terraced cottages. Early to mid-19th century but derelict.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH095	1-2 Belmont Terrace Stillorgan Road	Pair of two, two bay two storey 19th century terraced houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH094	1-6 Galloping Green Lower	Row of 19th century terraced cottages	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH093	Byrne's Pub, Philipstown House, Galloping Green Lower	19th century public house. Retains traditional pub front	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH092	1-8 Galloping Green Upper	Row of early 19th century terraced houses.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH090	Knocksinna House	House 1873 and grounds	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH089	Kilgarth Stillorgan Road	Early to mid-20th century two story house	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH088	Overstake Stillorgan Road	Early 20th century two story house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH087	Gweedore Stillorgan Road	Early 20th century two story house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH086	Stanmore, Stillorgan Road	Early to mid-20th century two story house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH085	Fahad/Hunter's Moon, Stillorgan Road, Foxrock	Early 20th century two story modern movement house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH082	The Mart, Bray Road	Row of houses, now in commercial use. Form suggests mid 19th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH231	Cottage opposite Cabinteely church	Five bay single story 19th century cottage	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH081	139 Beech Grove Cottages, Bray Road, Loughlinstown	Detached three bay single storey cottage 19th or early 20th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH080	97-100, 140-141 Beech Grove Cottages, Bray Road	Row of six semi-detached cottages. Built late 19th or early 20th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH079	2 Bray Road, Loughlinstown	Three bay two storey 19th century house, now derelict	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH078	4-6 Bray Road, Loughlinstown	Row of three cottages 19th century date	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH077	Southern Side Of The Main Road At Loughlinstown.	Bridge Over Carrickmines Stream Dressed granite walls to bridge	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH076	Former Smithy, Bray Road, Loughlinstown	Former slithy. Cartographic sources suggest 19th century date	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH075	The Silver Tessie	Silver Tassie Pub. Early 19th century but much altered	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH074	Cottages to the south of the Silver Tassie	Late 19th century or early 20th century cottages	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH071	Lawnview House, Bray Road, Loughlinstown	Three bay two storey house late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH232	Loughlinstown Hospital	Plaque in Wall Erected 1926.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)	CBC0013BTH070	Boundary wall and gate, Saint Rita's Dublin Road Shankill	Rendered wall and piers to pedestrian gate containing wrought iron gate	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH069	Lurganbrae House Dublin Road Shankill	House	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH068	Opposite Lurganbrae House Dublin Road Shankill	Coursed granite rubble wall with crenellations, 20th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH067	Boundary Wall Lurganbrae Dublin Road Shankill	Rendered granite wall with granite and brick cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH066	Gate Lodge to Saint Brendan's Dublin Road, Shankill	Gate lodge, early 19th century in date	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH065	South Of Rathmichael Woods On The Dublin Road	Wall, rendered piers and railings associated with of St Brendan's	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH064	Carezza, Dublin Road, Shankill	Early to mid-20th Modern movement century house.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH063	Dublin Road to the west of St Anne's Church	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH062	Boundary Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH061	Walling Corbawn Lane, both sides of the road	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH060	North Of The Railway Bridge Dublin Road, Shankill	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH059	Bridge Dublin Road, Shankill	Former railway bridge, c. 1854	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH058	South of the railway bridge Dublin Road, Shankill	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH057	Evenish Cottage And Bridge House, Dublin Road Shankill	Pair of two terraced houses, late 19th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH056	North of Lower Road Shankill	19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH055	Cottages, Lower Road, Shankill	Row of three bay single story late 19th or early 20th century terraced cottages	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH054	Shankill Post Office, Violet House Dublin Road Shankill	late 19th or early 20th century building. Post office	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH053	Brady's Public House, Shankill	Late 19th century former hotel, converted to a public house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH052	Row Of Terraced Houses To The North Of Crinken Villas	Row of 19th century terraced houses, converted to commercial use.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH051	1-3 Crinken Villas, Dublin Road, Shankill	Late with century or early 20th terraced houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
CBC0013BTH050	Sherrington Cottage, Dublin Road, Shankill	19th century former lodge with gable and stack facing road.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity	
CBC0013BTH049	Aubrey Lodge, 2 Quinn's Road, Shankill	Detached House. Late 19th or early 20th century	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity	


Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH048	The Old Garda Station and Gort Na Nean, 1 Dublin Road	Pair of 19th century houses. One was a former police station	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH047	North Of Clermont Housing Estate, Dublin Road Shankill	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall, rendered but render is falling away	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH046	Boundary Wall To Cherrington Drive	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH045	North Of Castlefarm Dublin Road Shankill	Old walling associated with Kiltuc Church and Shanganagh Castle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH044	North Of Sherrington, Dublin Road Shankill	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall,	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH043	Boundary Wall To Kiltuc Church Dublin Road Shankill	Old walling associated with Kiltuck Church and Shanganagh Castle	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH042	Boundary Wall To The North Of Crinken Cottage, Dublin Rd	Coursed 19th century rubble walling partially rebuilt	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH041	Boundary Wall To The South Of Crinken Cottage, Dublin Rd	Rendered 19th century wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH040	Boundary Wall Beach Road	Randomly coursed 19th century granite rubble wall	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH039	Boundary Wall To The North Of Shanganagh Cottage	Randomly coursed 19th century granite rubble wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH038	Shanganagh Cottage, Dublin Road, Shankill,	Four bay single storey 19th century cottage	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH037	North of gate to Crinken House, Dublin Road	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH036	South Of Gate To Crinken House, Dublin Road	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH035	Wall To North Of Allies River Road	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH034	Boundary Wall North of the Orchard	Coursed granite rubble wall with a dressed cap	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH033	Boundary Wall South of the Orchard	Coursed granite rubble wall with a dressed cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH032	Boundary Wall to Askfield	19th century coursed granite rubble wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH031	Boundary Wall Bauchamp House	19th century coursed granite rubble wall to Bauchamp	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH030	Boundary Wall South of Beauchamp House	19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH029	Boundary Wall to South of Bauchamp Gate Lodge	19th century coursed granite rubble wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH028	Boundary Wall to the South of the Aske	19th century coursed granite rubble wall	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH027	Boundary Wall Shanganagh Cemetery	Coursed granite rubble wall, probably rebuild which the cemetery was laid out.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH026	Boundary Wall North of Saint James's Church Crinken	19th century wall with bevelled granite cap. There is a gateway with piers also	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH025	Boundary Wall North of Corke Lodge	19th century coursed granite rubble wall associated with Corke Lodge. Altered	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH024	Boundary Wall North of Woodbrook House	19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH023	Wilford Lodge Dublin Road, Bray	Semi-detached 19th century outbuilding to Wilford House	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH022	Wilford Cottage Dublin Road, Bray	Semi-detached 19th century outbuilding to Wilford House.	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)	CBC0013BTH021	Pedestrian and vehicular Gates At Woodbrook Side Lodge	Dressed granite dressings and lintel to gateway. Granite piers to vehicular entrance	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH020	Rathmore, Dublin Road Bray	House is late 19th or early 20th century. Grounds reduced by later development	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH019	Glenawran and St Anne's Dublin Road Bray	Two bay two storey semi-detached early to mid-20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH018	Journeys End and St Mel's Dublin Road Bray	Four bay two storey semi-detached early to mid-20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH017	Sylvan, Saint Jude's, The Haven, Dublin Road	Row of three four bay early to mid-20th century bungalows	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH016	St Vincent's and St Philomena's Dublin Road	Three bay two story double fronted 19th century house, now in commercial use. Shopfront is a replacement	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH015	3 Dublin Road Bray	Three bay two storey 19th century building, now in commercial use.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH014	9 Dublin Road Bray, Wicklow	Three bay two storey double fronted 19th century building, now in commercial use	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH013	10 Dublin Road Bray	Five bay two storey 19th century building, now in commercial use	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH012	1-6 St Peter's Terrace Dublin Road Bray	Row of four bay two storey 20th century terraced local authority houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH011	26 Dublin Road Bray	Two bay two story 19th century house,	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH010	27 Dublin Road Bray	Three bay two story double fronted 19th century house,	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH009	28 Dublin Road Bray	Three bay two story double fronted 19th century house, now in commercial use.	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH008	1-2 Roseville Terrace Dublin Road Bray	Pair of three bay two story 19th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH007	38- 39 Dublin Road Bray	Pair of three bay two story double fronted late 19th or early 20th century houses	Regional Importance, Medium Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH006	Cottage 41 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow	19th or early 20th century single story three bay cottage	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH005	42-43 Castle Street Bray	Pair of two bay two storey early 20th century houses	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH004	Castle Street Bray	Three bay two storey 19th century building. Vacant but retains quality	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity


Section	ID	Location	Description	Significance and Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH003	1-8 Castle Street Bray	Row of two storey 19th century shops. Much altered but still retain form	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH002	1a-1b Belton Terrace, Castle Street Bray	Pair terraced shops. Formerly a smithy, late 19th or early 20th century	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity
	CBC0013BTH001	Belton Terrace, Castle Street Bray	19th century granite rubble boundary wall with granite cap and rendered piers	Local Importance, Low Sensitivity


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH216
Location	57 St Stephen's Green East
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	18th Century and 1975-78
Original Use	House
Description	Six bay four story over basement red brick terraced house, substantially rebuilt in 1975-78 by John Costello but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s. Greek revival door case and carriage arch to ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH215
Location	58 St Stephen's Green East
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	18th Century rebuilt 1980
Original Use	House
Description	18th Century three bay four story over basement red brick terraced house, rebuilt 1980, but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH214
Location	59 St Stephen's Green East
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Built 1750 rebuilt 1980
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement terraced house built 1750 by Benjamin Pemberton. Rebuilt 1980, but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s Red brick and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case and gothic revival fanlight.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH213
Location	60 St Stephen's Green East
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1751 rebuilt 1980
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement terraced house built 1751 by Thomas Kelly. Rebuilt 1980, but had been in use as St Vincent's hospital since the 1830s. Red brick and rendered to basement. Sash windows throughout, Greek revival door case and gothic revival fanlight. Retains an original 18th century ceiling on the first floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH203
Location	82-88 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not protected
Date of Construction	Late 18th or early 19th century, reconstructed 1973
Original Use	House
Description	2-3 bay four storey over basement replica Georgian facades to office buildings, constructed 1973 by Barry and Associates.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Scientific
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH200
Location	6 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Before 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay three story built before 1780. Front elevation has been rebuild as it is composed of concrete block. Currently derelict but may retain 18th century fabric as it shared an angled chimneystack with number 5
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Archaeological, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH199
Location	7 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Before 1780
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three storey terraced house, built before 1780 and has an angled chimneystack. Stone cap to parapet, rendered walls and later pub front. Fascia possibly 19th century as features foliate console brackets.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH198
Location	12 to 13 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Seven bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burke Kennedy Doyle. Ornate stone single storey entrance porch with a moulded cornice, foliate frieze and panelled pilasters. Continuous cast and wrought iron balcony above. Greek revival cast iron railings at street level
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH197
Location	14 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Four bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burke Kennedy Doyle. Has a segmental carriage arch.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH196
Location	15 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burke Kennedy Doyle
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH195
Location	16 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burke Kennedy Doyle
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH194
Location	17 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burke Kennedy Doyle
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH193
Location	18 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988
Original Use	House
Description	Five bay four story over basement replica Georgian facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH192
Location	19 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Dutch Billy facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle.
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay three by three story over basement replica Dutch Billy facade to office building, constructed 1988 by Burk Kennedy Doyle.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH182
Location	62 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Before 1854
Original Use	Coach house
Description	Two bay two story mid-19th century building built before 1854, probably as a coach house. Hipped replacement slate roof, limestone walls with brick gothic style blind ope to south elevation. Ground floor elevation much altered and extended
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH181
Location	33 Hatch Street Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Outbuildings
Description	Three bay two storey 19th century dwelling, possibly built as two outbuildings to 24 Leeson Street. Hipped slate roof with dormer windows, rendered walls and sash windows I moulded surrounds to ground floor. Arched doorway with plain glazed fanlight.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Casey 2005, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH160
Location	38-56 Adelaide Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two bay two storey red brick late 19th century terraced houses with bow windows to the front and returns to the rear. Houses back on to the canal and have very little curtilage to the rear which is bound by red brick walling generally
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH156
Location	146 Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay four storey 19th century terraced building with rendered walls. Sash windows to upper floors. Replacement shop front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH155
Location	145 Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Single bay four storey 19th century terraced building with rendered walls. Replacement shop front and fenestration
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH154
Location	Leeson Court 110-113 Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of five, two bay two story over raised basement red brick terraced houses with rendered elevation to basement level. 19th century with granite steps leading up to the hall doors. Doorcase contains a lead and glass fanlight above a moulded cornice supported on console brackets and sash windows. Converted to apartments
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Artistic, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH151
Location	Appian Way / Leeson Street
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Wall
Description	Stretch of boundary wall with cast and wrought iron railings set in a granite rubble plinth with a dressed granite cap
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH145
Location	Hampton Lodge, 4a Herbert Park, Dublin 4
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two storey gable fronted house, early 20th century. Walls red brick and rendered to upper floor
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH144
Location	69-71 Morehampton Road, Dublin 4
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	Bank
Description	Five bay two storey early 20th century bank building with cornice to parapet, rendered upper floor and dressed limestone façade to ground floor. Corinthian pilasters between the large casement opes. Pedimented fanlight above entrance.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH143
Location	75 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey 19th century terraced building, now in commercial use with modern shop front to ground floor. Upper floor retains rendered walls, sash windows and moulded cornice
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH142
Location	77-81 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of 2-3 bay two storey red brick 19th century buildings, now in commercial use with replacement shop fronts. Modillions to overhanging eaves and yellow brick string courses to walls
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH141
Location	80-94 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two bay two storey semi-detached dark red brick houses with bay windows to the front and recessed porches early to mid-20th century
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH140
Location	83-91 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1901
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay three storey red brick buildings with ornate hood moulded and segmental arched openings containing single and double sash windows to the upper floors. Central portion is a more recent infill but the end bays built 1901. Shopfront is also a replacement except in 83 which retains its fascia
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH139
Location	93-93a Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Terraced shops
Description	Pair of two bay two storey 19th century terraced shops with rendered walls and moulded cornice to the parapet
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH138
Location	95-97 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Terraced shops
Description	Pair of 3 bay two storey 19th or early 20th century terraced shops,
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH137
Location	99-101 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Shops
Description	Pair of 2-3 bay two storey red brick terraced shops, with segmental arched openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH136
Location	107-113 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of 19th century two bay two story red brick houses with bay windows to the front and recessed porches.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH135
Location	96-106 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of three bay two storey red brick terraced houses with projecting bays and verandas to the front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH134
Location	115-125 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two storey 19th century houses with bay windows and recessed porches. End houses have gables to the front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH133
Location	127-133 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of two bay two storey red brick 19th century houses
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH132
Location	108-142 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of 19th century two bay two story red brick houses with bay windows to the front and recessed porches. Boundary wall consists of cast iron railings in a brick plinth with granite cap
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH130
Location	2-12 Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of three bay three storey terraced 19th century buildings, now in commercial use and most amalgamated. Shopfronts are replacements
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH129
Location	22-26 Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row 2-4 bay two storey terraced 19th century buildings, now in commercial or public house use and most amalgamated. Demolished since survey
Significance Rating	Record only
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Negligible
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH128
Location	30-34 Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two bay two storey houses, 19th century now in commercial use with a replacement shop front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH127
Location	Donnybrook Police Station, 43 Donnybrook Road, Dublin 4
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1931
Original Use	Police Station
Description	Nine bay police station with a three storey double fronted central portion and three bay two storey wings built 1931 of dressed granite. Flat arched openings throughout except for central round headed deco style window above the central entrance. Entrance has a modillion cornice supported on console brackets. Gates to side are also of dressed granite
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH126
Location	44-46 Donnybrook Rd
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Commercial building
Description	Four bay two storey red brick commercial building,
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH125
Location	Arthur Mayne's Public House 48-50 Donnybrook Rd
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Public house
Description	Six bay two storey red brick public house, late 19th or early 20th century
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH124
Location	45-47 Donnybrook Road, Dublin 4
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	House and shop
Description	Single storey two bay red brick shop
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH123
Location	1 Eglinton Terrace
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two, two bay two storey late 19th century red brick terraced houses, now in commercial use with replacement shop fronts
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH122
Location	51-51a Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century
Original Use	Commercial
Description	Two Bay three story early to mid-20th century red brick commercial building
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH121
Location	53 Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	Commercial
Description	Four Bay three story early 20th century red brick commercial building
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH112
Location	Belville Lodge, Stillorgan Road,
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	19th century four bay single storey house with projecting gables to end bays, and decorative ridge tiles and barge boards. Hood mouldings to the openings.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH111
Location	Belville Mews, 4 Stillorgan Road,
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	19th century two storey house of granite construction. Elevation to the road is blind
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH226
Location	Lodge to Shamrock Hill, Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Gate lodge
Description	Four bay single storey 19th century Gate lodge formerly associated with Shamrock Hill. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH110
Location	Victoria Terrace, 3-4 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Terrace of 19th century three bay two storey double fronted houses with projecting single storey porch and breakfront to the end bays. Moulded cornice to parapet
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH109
Location	9-10 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two, four bay two storey semi-detached mid-20th century houses with bay windows to front
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH108
Location	St Margaret's / Donnybrook Cottage, 12 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1821
Original Use	House
Description	House and landscaped grounds. Site redeveloped with housing but house remains. Now part of St Teresians School. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH107
Location	Gates To Airfield, 12A Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall
Description	Rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall. House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH106
Location	Airfield Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	House
Description	House and landscaped grounds. House and landscaped grounds shown on the 1837 OS map. Site redeveloped with housing but house remains. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH105
Location	Gates and gate lodge to Thornfield
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Gate and gate lodge
Description	Rusticated granite piers and rendered curtain wall to former house and landscaped grounds. Two sets of gate piers. Gate lodge is a single story five bay double fronted lodge. Site redeveloped with housing but piers remain. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al. 1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH104
Location	124-126 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two three bay two storey semi-detached mid-20th century houses with bay windows to front
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH103
Location	184-186 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two three bay two storey semi-detached mid-20th century houses with bay windows to front
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, IAA 2020a, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH228
Location	Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century, extant 1837
Original Use	Wall
Description	Granite rubble and brick wall associated with Woodbine Cottage, since demolished
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH229
Location	Stillorgan Road, on what is now Woodbine House apartments opposite UCD Belfield Campus
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Wall and dressed stone gate piers associated with outbuildings to Ashfield House
Description	Granite rubble and brick 19th century wall and dressed stone gate piers associated with outbuildings to Ashfield House, since demolished. OSI maps of 1838-1845 and 1898-1913 place it in the townland of Owenstown / Trimlestown and it is annotated as Ashfield House on the 1898 map but un-named in 1838. In 1874 it was for sale on six acres, it had three reception rooms and five bedrooms. Within an enclosed courtyard there were stables, coach house and cow shed. It had pleasure garden with a greenhouse and vinery. It was for sale in 1953 on 2.5 acres completely enclosed by a wall
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH102
Location	Stonehouse Gate Piers
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century, extant 1837
Original Use	Granite gate piers
Description	Granite gate piers and lintels to since demolished house. House and landscaped grounds. Site redeveloped with housing. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH101
Location	Stonehouse Gate Lodge
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century, extant 1837
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	Single storey gate lodge. Associated Stone House has since been demolished. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH230
Location	Stillorgan Road / Merrion Avenue
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1837
Original Use	Stone Gate Piers
Description	Dressed stone gate piers to Fort William and boundary wall. House since demolished. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH099
Location	Amana / Willow Garth, Glenalbyn Road, Stillorgan
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1902
Original Use	House
Description	Two storey three bay double fronted house with projecting two storey gable and lean to entrance porch. Mana originally on 19 acres. The land to the rear of the house backed onto Ulster Terrace and had a private gate to the short lived Stillorgan Park Golf Club and links. An Edwardian property built by the Orr family in 1902/3.The name was changed to Coolgariff by 1916 and to Willowgarth by 1974
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH098
Location	Woodview House, Glenalbyn Road, Stillorgan,
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Circa 1770
Original Use	House
Description	Two storey four bay house and associated 2 storey multi bay outbuilding. One of the oldest houses in the area. The daughter of Lord Edward Fitzgerald lived here as did the Huguenot Boileau family who were the founders of Boileau and Boyd, a pharmaceutical firm. The house also seems to have been used as an address for non-parishioners so marriages could take places in the mid 1800's. This was never the Glebe house for Stillorgan Church but many of its incumbents lived here for convenience as the Glebe house was on Newtown Park Avenue. In 1950 a CPO was issued on a portion of the front garden and wall by Dublin County Council to allow for the widening of the Bray Road. (6 perches and 10 yds).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH097
Location	Dunstaffnage Lodge
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Circa 1830
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story double fronted house with bow windows to the front. The associated landscape is assessed in Section 2.5.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998 OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944,Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH096
Location	The Grange Cottages, Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-19th century in date
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Row of 2-4 bay single storey terraced cottages, some with gabled porches. Early to mid-19th century in date but derelict. Site scheduled for redevelopment
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH095
Location	1-2 Belmont Terrace Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two, two bay two storey 19th century terraced houses
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH094
Location	1-6 Galloping Green Lower
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Row of single storey 19th century terraced cottages predominantly 2- 4 bay
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH093
Location	Byrne's Pub, Philipstown House, Galloping Green Lower, Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Public house and former coaching inn
Description	Seven bay two storey 19th century public house and former coaching inn. In use as a pub since 1879. Retains traditional pub front
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH092
Location	1-8 Galloping Green Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of predominantly two bay two storey early 19th century terraced houses. Number 8 is four bay
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH090
Location	Knocksinna House, Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1873
Original Use	House and grounds
Description	House with gate lodge, stabling and coach house on 10 acres with a right of way across the golf links built for Robert Smyth in 1873. It had an ornamental building on the grounds in use as a dairy. It had a short carriage drive flanked with ornamental gates and curved entrance. By 1962 is was on 2½ acres. It now serves as the Portuguese Ambassador's residence
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Bennett 2005, Bence Jones 1988, Dean 2016, Williams 1994, Kelly 1996, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey,
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH089
Location	Kilgarth Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Early to mid-20th century two story house
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH088, CBC0013BTH087
Location	Alverstoke and Gweedore Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Early 20th century two story house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH086
Location	Stanmore, Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Early to mid-20th century two story house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH085
Location	Fanad / Hunter's Moon, Stillorgan Road, Foxrock
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Early 20th century two story modern movement house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH082
Location	The Mart, Bray Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two, three bay two story houses, much altered now in commercial use. Form suggests mid 19th century
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH231
Location	Cottage opposite Cabinteely Church
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Cottage
Description	Five bay single story 19th century cottage
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH081
Location	139 Beech Grove Cottages, Bray Road, Loughlinstown
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Cottage
Description	Detached three bay single storey cottage with lean to porch, built late 19th or early 20th century
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH080
Location	97-100, 140-141 Beech Grove Cottages, Bray Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Built late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Row of six semi-detached single story three or four bay cottages with gabled porches, brick quoins and dressings to opes.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH079
Location	2 Bray Road, Loughlinstown
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey 19th century house, now derelict
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH078
Location	4-6 Bray Road, Loughlinstown,
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century date
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Row of three, tree bay double fronted cottages with gabled porches, all now in commercial use
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH077
Location	Bridge Over Carrickmines Stream On Southern Side Of The Main Road At Loughlinstown.
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Bridge
Description	Bridge Over Carrickmines Stream. Dressed granite walls to bridge
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH076
Location	Former Smithy, Bray Road, Loughlinstown
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Cartographic sources suggest 19th century date
Original Use	Smithy
Description	Hidden behind hedging but has timber bargeboards to gable.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH075
Location	The Silver Tassie
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 19th century
Original Use	School house
Description	Formerly Loughlinstown Bridge school house later the Silver Tassie Pub. Early 19th century but much altered, now a commercial premises. Seven bay two story building with a later entrance porch
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH074
Location	Cottages to the south of the Silver Tassie
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th century or early 20th century
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Three bay single storey cottages, facing on to the Loughlinstown River
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH071
Location	Lawnview House, Bray Road, Loughlinstown
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH232
Location	Loughlinstown Hospital
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1926
Original Use	Plaque
Description	Plaque in Wall to Loughlinstown Hospital with the inscription 'Erected by the Co Wicklow Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals 1926. Wall is of coursed granite
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Casey 2005, Roque 1756, Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH070
Location	Boundary Wall And Gate To Saint Rita's Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary to house
Description	Formerly known as Air Hill and Kilbrae. coursed granite rubble wall containing wrought iron gate and rendered piers to pedestrian gate
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH069
Location	Lurganbrae House Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Formerly known as New Brighton, House Still extant but largely obscured by trees. Gates visible. Aerial imagery suggests house is a tree bay double fronted house with step leading up to the entrance on the west elevation. Aerial and cartographic records indicate its similar to St. Brendan's (DLR RPS 1795) to the south
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH068	
Location	Opposite Lurganbrae House Dublin Road Shankill	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	20th century	
Original Use	Boundary Wall	
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with crenellations,	
Significance Rating	Local	
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural	
Sensitivity	Low	
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH067	
Location	Lurganbrae Dublin Road Shankill	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	19th century	
Original Use	Boundary Wall	
Description	Rendered granite wall with granite and brick cap	
Significance Rating	Regional	
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic	
Sensitivity	Medium	
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH066
Location	Gate Lodge to Saint Brendan's Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 19th century in date
Original Use	Gate Lodge
Description	Formerly known as Home. Gate lodge, located inside what remains of the gates. It is a three bay single storey double fronted gate lodge,
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	BC0013BTH065
Location	South Of Rathmichael Woods On The Dublin Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 19th century in date
Original Use	Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall rendered piers and railings associated with the gates and boundary of St Brendan's
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH064
Location	Carezza, Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Has dressed granite piers to the entrance but modernist house itself was hidden behind dense vegetation
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH063
Location	Dublin Road to the west of St Anne's Church, and south of Rivendell
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary walls
Description	Low coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap, a continuation of the adjoining Bridge (CBC0013BTH059) walls.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH062
Location	Boundary Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill
Legal Status	Protected as in the curtilage of a Protected Structure (Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill RMP DU026-109, DLR RPS 1805).
Date of Construction	Church is early 20th century but the walling is probably 19th century as it corresponds with the walls on the opposite side of the road (CBC0013BTH063, CBC0013BTH061, CBC0013BTH060, CBC0013BTH058) and the nearby Bridge (CBC0013BTH059) walls.
Original Use	Boundary walls
Description	Low coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH061
Location	Walling on both sides of Corbawn Lane
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary walls
Description	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap, both sides of the road
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH060
Location	North Of The Railway Bridge Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary walls
Description	Low 19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap, both sides of the road
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH059
Location	Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	C. 1854
Original Use	Bridge
Description	Former railway bridge. The nearby Shankill railway station was opened by the Dublin, Wicklow and Wexford Railway (DW&WR) on 10 July 1854 as part of the Harcourt Street line, initially Dundrum to Bray Walls consist of tooled granite blocks and granite capping
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH058
Location	South of the railway bridge Dublin Road, Shankill, Both Sides Of The Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap, both sides of the road
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH057
Location	Edernish Cottage And Bridge House, Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay single storey over basement terraced houses, late 19th century with coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap to boundary
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH056
Location	North of Lower Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH055
Location	Lower Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Cottages
Description	Row of three bay single story terraced cottages
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH054
Location	Shankill Post Office Violet House Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey building. Shopfronts are replacements. Post office was originally further to the north. The building has suffered a loss of character over time
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH053
Location	Brady's Public House, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House, later a hotel
Description	19th century hotel, converted to a public house and extended. Part still in use as a hotel. Original portion is four bay two storey with a moulded cornice to the parapet and retains much of its character
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH052
Location	Row Of Terraced Houses To The North Of Crinken Villas
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two storey two and three bay terraced houses, converted to commercial use.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH051
Location	1-3 Crinken Villas, Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late with century or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Two bay two storey terraced houses with projecting bays to the ground floor
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH050
Location	Sherrington Cottage, Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Lodge
Description	Single storey rendered former lodge with gable and stack facing road. Elevation hidden behind rubble boundary wall
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH049	
Location	Aubrey Lodge, 2 Quinn's Road, Shankill	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century	
Original Use	House	
Description	Detached red brick three bay double fronted single story house with projecting gabled entrance porch.	
Significance Rating	Regional	
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic	
Sensitivity	Medium	
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH048	
Location	The Old Garda Station and Gort Na Nean, 1 Dublin Road Shankill	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	19th century	
Original Use	Houses. One was a former police station	
Description	Pair of three bay two storey double fronted with dormer gables to the outer bays and gabled central porches.	
Significance Rating	Regional	
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium	
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH047
Location	Claremont Housing Estate, Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall. Former demesne wall to Shanganagh Castle. This section, has become isolated from the demesne landscape through residential development
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall, rendered but render is falling away, and dressed stone gateway
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH046
Location	Boundary Wall to Cherrington Drive
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall. Former demesne wall to Sherrington House. This section has become isolated from the demesne landscape through residential development
Description	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH045
Location	North Of Castlefarm Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Protected as it is in the curtilage of Kiltuc Church (RMP DU026-054001) and is within The RMP constraint zone and the old demesne wall of Shanganagh Castle (RMP DU026-120, DLR RPS 1845, 2089, NIAH 60260146, 60260148, NIAH 2556).
Date of Construction	The church is referred to in a papal bull of 1179. The castle is 15th century. The wall is probably later and is clearly indicated along with Kiltuck Church and Shanganagh Castle on Taylor's Map of 1816 but not on Roques 1760 map
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Old coursed rubble walling, granite and limestone including a dressed stone gateway, . Part of the old demesne of Shanganagh Castle and Kiltuck Church. Some alteration to the boundary has occurred as a result of the housing estate
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH044
Location	North Of Sherrington, Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall. Former demesne wall to Sherrington House. This section has become isolated from the demesne landscape through residential development
Description	Coursed 19th century granite rubble wall
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH043
Location	Boundary Wall To Kiltuc Church Dublin Road Shankill
Legal Status	Protected as it is in the curtilage of Kiltuc Church (RMP DU026-054001) and is within The RMP constraint zone and the old demesne wall of Shanganagh Castle (RMP DU026-120, DLR RPS 1845, 2089, NIAH 60260146, 60260148, NIAH 2556).
Date of Construction	The church is referred to in a papal bull of 1179. The castle is 15th century. The wall is probably later and is clearly indicated along with Kiltuck Church and Shanganagh Castle on Taylor's Map of 1816 but not on Roques 1760 map
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Old coursed rubble walling, granite and limestone, associated with Kiltuck Church and Shanganagh Castle. Some alteration to the boundary has occurred as a result of the housing estate
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Archaeological, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,Rocque, 1760, Taylor 1816, Duncan 1821, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH042
Location	North Of Crinken Cottage, Dublin Rd
Legal Status	Within the curtilage of a protected structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed rubble walling partially rebuilt. associated with Shanganagh Castle.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH041
Location	South Of Crinken Cottage, Dublin Rd
Legal Status	Within the curtilage of a protected structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed rubble walling partially rebuilt. associated with Shanganagh Castle.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH040
Location	Boundary Wall To Beach Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall. Former demesne wall to Sherrington House. This section has become isolated from the demesne landscape through residential development
Description	Randomly coursed 19th century granite rubble wall
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH039
Location	Boundary Wall To The North Of Shanganagh Cottage
Legal Status	Within the curtilage of a protected structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Randomly coursed 19th century granite rubble wall. Associated with Shanganagh Castle.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH038
Location	Shanganagh Cottage, Dublin Road, Shankill
Legal Status	In the Curtilage of a Protected Structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Cottage
Description	Four bay single storey cottage with projecting gabled porch to front elevation. Within the demesne of Shanganagh Castle and likely associated with it
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH037
Location	North of gate to Crinken House, Dublin Road
Legal Status	Associated gates are protected (DLR RPS 2074)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH036
Location	South Of Gate To Crinken House, Dublin Road
Legal Status	Associated gates are protected (DLR RPS 2074)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH035
Location	Wall To North Of Allies River Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall, associated with Crinken house. This section has become isolated from the demesne landscape through residential development
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH034
Location	Boundary Wall North of the Orchard
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with a dressed cap
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH033
Location	Boundary Wall South of the Orchard
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with a dressed cap associated with The Orchard (DLR RPS 1987).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH032
Location	Boundary Wall to Askfield
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with a dressed cap associated with Askfield (DLR RPS 1860).
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH031
Location	Boundary Wall between Bauchamp House and the gate lodge to Askefield
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure (DLR RPS 1862)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	19th century coursed granite rubble wall except at the entrance to Bauchamp where the wall is rendered
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH030
Location	Boundary Wall South of Beauchamp House
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure (DLR RPS 1862)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	19th century coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH029
Location	Boundary Wall to South of Bauchamp Gate Lodge
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure Bauchamp Gate Lodge (DLR RPS 2042)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	19th century coursed granite rubble wall
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH028
Location	Boundary Wall to the South of the Aske
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure the Aske (DLR RPS1866)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	19th century coursed granite rubble wall
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH027
Location	Boundary Wall Shanganagh Cemetery
Legal Status	Not protected
Date of Construction	Rebuilt 20th century
Original Use	Boundary Wall
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall, probably rebuild which the cemetery was laid out.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH026
Location	Boundary Wall North of Saint James's Church Crinken
Legal Status	Curtilage of a Protected Structure (DLR RPS 1863)
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap. There is a gateway with piers of the same construction which are round in section
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical, Architectural, Social
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH025
Location	Boundary Wall North of Corke Lodge
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary. Demesne wall associated with Corke Lodge (DLR RPS 1869) but no longer in the curtilage
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap. It also had a blocked segmental arched gateway with brick dressings. This is the boundary to the Woodbook SHD. Under the SHD some openings have been created in the wall.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH024
Location	Boundary Wall North of Woodbrook House (DLR RPS 1870)
Legal Status	In curtilage of a protected structure
Date of Construction	19th century.
Original Use	Boundary. Demesne wall associated with Woodbrook House
Description	Coursed granite rubble wall with bevelled granite cap
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH023
Location	Wilford Lodge Dublin Road, Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Outbuilding to Wilford House (DLR RPS 1873). No longer in its curtilage
Description	Four bay two storey semi-detached building
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH022
Location	Wilford Cottage Dublin Road, Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Outbuilding to Wilford House (DLR RPS 1873). No longer in its curtilage
Description	Four bay two storey semi-detached building outbuilding to Wilford House. Has a later extension to east elevation. Retains part of old boundary wall
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O'Toole Bridge)


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH021
Location	Pedestrian Gate At Woodbrook Side Lodge
Legal Status	Within the curtilage of a Protected structure (DLR RPS 1874)
Date of Construction	c. 1909
Original Use	Pedestrian and vehicular gate
Description	Dressed granite dressings and lintel to gateway. Granite piers to vehicular entrance The gate has been moved in the past
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH020
Location	Rathmore, Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	House is late 19th or early 20th century.
Original Use	House and grounds.
Description	Grounds reduced by later development but house survives. Boundary treatment is a replacement
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH019
Location	Glenawran and St Anne's Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Two bay two storey semi-detached houses
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH018
Location	Journeys End and St Mel's Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Four bay two storey semi-detached houses
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH017
Location	Sylvan, Saint Jude's, and The Haven, Dublin Road, Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early to mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of three four bay early to mid-20th century bungalows with gables and bay windows to the front
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH016
Location	St Vincent's and St Philomena's Dublin Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Three bay two story double fronted house, now in commercial use. Shopfront is a replacement
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH015
Location	3 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey building, now in commercial use. Remnant of a longer terrace of similar buildings
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH014
Location	9 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey double fronted building, now in commercial use
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	2020a, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH013
Location	10 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Five bay two storey building, now in commercial use
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH012
Location	1-6 St Peter's Terrace Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of four bay two storey terraced local authority houses with canopies above the doors.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH011
Location	26 Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Two bay two story house
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH010
Location	27 Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story double fronted house
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH009
Location	28 Dublin Road Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two story double fronted house, now in commercial use. Shopfront is a replacement
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH008
Location	1-2 Roseville Terrace Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of three bay two story houses
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH007
Location	38-39 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of three bay two story double fronted late 19th or early 20th century houses
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH006
Location	41 Dublin Road Bray, Co. Wicklow
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Cottage
Description	Single story three bay cottage
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH005
Location	42-43 Castle Street Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Early 20th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Pair of two bay two storey houses with granite rubble boundary walls
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH004
Location	Castle Street Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	House
Description	Three bay two storey building. Vacant but retains quality
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH003
Location	1-8 Castle Street Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Houses
Description	Row of two storey shops. Much altered but still retain form
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH002
Location	1a-1b Belton Terrace, Castle Street Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Late 19th or early 20th century
Original Use	Formerly a smithy
Description	Pair of two bay two storey terraced shops.
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH001
Location	Belton Terrace, Castle Street Bray
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	19th century
Original Use	Boundary wall
Description	Granite rubble boundary wall with granite cap and rendered piers
Significance Rating	Local
Categories of Special Interest	Historical, Architectural, Artistic
Sensitivity	Low
Sources	IAA 2020a, Archiseek 2020a, Lewis, 1837, Ball 1903, Joyce 1913, Price 1942, Hone Craig and Fewer 2002, Turner 1983, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Galavan 2017, Daly et al.1998,OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

8. Street Furniture


8.1 Post Boxes

Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)

Identification No.	NIAH 50920291
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013PB012
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	23 Leeson Street Lower Dublin 2
Date of Construction	Circa 1910
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with dentilled cornice to the cap and "ER [Edwardes Rex] VII" royal cipher.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	NIAH 50930153
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013PB011
Legal Status	Protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022) as it is within a Conservation Area, indicated as an area hatched in red
Location	25 Fitzwilliam Place
Date of Construction	Circa 1909
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with dentilled cornice to the cap and "ER [Edwardus Rex] VII" royal cipher.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013PB010
Location	141 Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Cap c.1950
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with dentelle cornice. Similar in style to NIAH 11205006 which is located in Foxborough Manor Balgaddy, outside the Proposed Scheme
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013PB009
Location	73 Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	C.1980
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with cornice to the cap. Similar in style to NIAH 11201049 which is located on the Main Street in Lucan, outside the Proposed Scheme
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013PB008
Location	51 Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	C.1990
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with dented cornice to the cap with 'An Post' logo. NIAH 11213014 which is located on Main Street Rathcoole, outside the Proposed Scheme
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout

Identification No.	CBC0013PB007
Location	115 Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	C.1980
Original Use	Post box
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, with cornice to the cap. Similar in style to NIAH 11201049, which is located on the Main Street in Lucan, outside the Proposed Scheme
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013PB006
Location	7 Stone House Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	C.1920
Original Use	Post box
Description	Wall-mounted cast-iron "wall box" post box inset in to wall. Similar in style to NIAH 11362055 which is located on Carpenterstown Road in Castleknock, outside the proposed scheme
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	NIAH 60230075	
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013PB005, DLRIHS 1023	
Location	Newtownpark Avenue	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	Between 1939-62	
Original Use	Post Box	
Description	Wall-mounted cast-iron "wall box" post box, with "P7T [Posts and Telegraphs]" monogram. Now disused. Set in coursed rubble granite boundary wall.	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	NIAH 60230046	
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013PB004, DLRIHS 1022	
Location	Stillorgan Road / Westminster Road	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	1881 - 1908	
Original Use	Post Box	
Description	Wall-mounted cast-iron "wall box" post box.	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey	
Photographs		

Identification No.	NIAH 60260102	
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013PB003, DLRIHS 1018	
Location	Bray Road Loughlinstown	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	1938 - 1955	
Original Use	Post Box	
Description	Wall-mounted cast-iron "wall box" post box	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey	
Photographs		

Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)


Identification No.	NIAH 60260136	
Additional Identifiers	DLRIHS 1019, CBC0013PB002	
Location	Dublin Road Shankill	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	Post Box	
Original Use	Extant 1984	
Description	Freestanding cast-iron "pillar box" post box, extant 1984, with "P7T[Posts and Telegraphs]" monogram	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Section: Bray North (Wilford Roundabout) to Bray South (Fran O’Toole Bridge)


Identification No.	NIAH 60260163
Additional Identifiers	DLRIHS 1020, CBC0013PB001
Location	Old Connaught Avenue
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1909
Original Use	Post Box
Description	Wall-mounted cast-iron "wall box" post box, with "ER [Edwardus Rex] VII" royal cipher. Set in roughcast boundary wall
Significance Rating	Regional Importance,
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O’Connell 1975, Ferguson 2009, Field Survey
Photographs	


8.2 Lamp Posts


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	DCC RPS 7752
Additional Identifiers	CBC0013LP058, CBC0013LP057
Legal Status	Protected Structure, Located within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Location	St. Stephen’s Green
Date of Construction	Late 19th century
Original Use	Lamp post
Description	2 No. Triple lantern gas lamp post set on a fluted circular-profile column and broader moulded and panelled base.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O’Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP056
Legal Status	Located within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Location	At the corner of 1 Leeson Street Lower and Earlsfort Terrace
Date of Construction	Erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s
Original Use	Lamp post
Description	1 No. Scotch Standard, erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s when Dublin Corporation replaced lamps with replicas. The 1903 originals are heavier than the replicas.
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP056, CBC0013LP054
Location	Pembroke Street Upper
Legal Status	Located within a Conservation area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	Erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s
Original Use	Lamp posts
Description	2 No. Scotch Standards, erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP053 to CBC0013LP051
Location	Fitzwilliam Place
Legal Status	Located within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	Erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s
Original Use	Lamp posts
Description	3 No. Scotch Standard, erected c.1903 or 1940s and 1950s
Significance Rating	Regional
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP050
Location	56 Adelaide Road
Legal Status	Located within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	Modern
Original Use	Lamp post
Description	Rathmines type lamp reproduction standard, with moulded neck and base with service hatch, with city crest and contemporary bracket and lamp.
Significance Rating	Local Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP049
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18_15_030_01
Location	At the corner of Grand parade and Eustace Bridge
Legal Status	Located within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	1898
Original Use	Tram standard
Description	Freestanding cast-iron lamp standard with fluted and moulded neck and base. Bracket and lamp are modern and plain. They were originally tram standards associated with the number 9 and 10 trams which ran from the Phoenix to Donnybrook. The number 9 opened in 1873 and was electrified in 1898. It closed in 1940. The number 10 opened as an electric line in 1906 and was closed in 1940
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP048 to CBC0013LP032
Additional Identifiers	DCIHR 18_15_030_01
Location	Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected. The north end of the street is within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	1898
Original Use	Tram standards
Description	17 No. Freestanding c 1898 cast-iron lamp standards, originally tram standards associated with the number 9 and 10 trams which ran from the Phoenix to Donnybrook
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013LP031, CBC0013LP030
Location	1 Wellington Place / Waterloo Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Modern
Original Use	Lamp post
Description	2. No. Reproduction lamp standard. Base is not fluted but has moulded string courses. Light fitting is suspended at right angles to the pole. There is a service panel at the base.
Significance Rating	Local Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013LP029 to CBC0013LP015
Location	Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1898
Original Use	Tram standards
Description	15 No. Freestanding c 1898 cast-iron lamp standards, originally tram standards associated with the number 9 and 10 trams which ran from the Phoenix to Donnybrook
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP014
Location	The corner of Belmont avenue and 135 Morehampton Road
Legal Status	Protected as located within an ACA
Date of Construction	C 1920 to 1944.
Original Use	Lamp post
Description	Swan Neck Standard c 1920 to 1944. Freestanding cast-iron lamp standard with fluted and moulded base art deco wrought iron bracket with Shamrock motif. Similar Models in Kilmainham have been given a regional Rating by the NIAH (NIAH 50080197)
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DLR 2022, NIAH 2020a, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP013, CBC0013LP012, CBC0013LP011, CBC0013LP010, CBC0013LP009, CBC0013LP008, CBC0013LP007, CBC0013LP006, CBC0013LP005, CBC0013LP004, CBC0013LP003
Location	Donnybrook Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1898
Original Use	Tram standards
Description	11 No. Freestanding c 1898 cast-iron lamp standards, originally tram standards associated with the number 9 and 10 trams which ran from the Phoenix to Donnybrook
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013LP002, CBC0013LP001
Location	Eglinton Road
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1898
Original Use	Tram standards
Description	2 No. Freestanding c 1898 cast-iron lamp standards, originally tram standards associated with the number 9 and 10 trams which ran from the Phoenix to Donnybrook
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Social, Technical
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DCC 2003-2009, NIAH 2020a, Corcoran 2008, O'Connell 1975 p19, 20 and 25, Field Survey
Photographs	

8.3 Statuary and Miscellaneous Street Furniture


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	NIAH 50100148. 50100259
Location	St. Stephen's Green
Legal Status	In the curtilage of the Green (DCC RPS 7752) Protected Structures
Date of Construction	1818
Original Use	Granite bollards with linking iron chains
Description	Granite bollards with linking iron chains
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NMS 2020a, NIAH 2020a, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Casey 2005, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH157
Location	Traffic island at Leeson Street Upper
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1979
Original Use	Carnac Sculpture
Description	Composed of granite and sculpted by Robert Mulcahy.
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Cultural
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, McNally 2015, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013MS003
Location	Morehampton Road, nr. Junction with Swan Place
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	1847
Original Use	Milestone / Marker Township of Rathmines
Description	Milestone / Marker Township of Rathmines
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1865, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Broadsheet 2019, DCC 2019b, Dublin Inquirer 2020, Mulvaney 2019, Wilson,2020, Field Survey
Photographs	


Section: Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction) to Loughlinstown Roundabout


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH113
Location	Anglesea Road
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	Erected 1838
Original Use	Arthur Morrison Monument
Description	Obelisk dedicated to Arthur Morrison, former Lord Mayor of Dublin.
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Architectural, Artistic, Historic, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH227
Location	Stillorgan Road
Legal Status	Not Protected but a similar example in Rathfarnham (NIAH 11211001) has been recognised by the NIAH
Date of Construction	Date 1910
Original Use	Vent pipe
Description	Cast-iron vent pipe, with bulbous base. Manufacturer's name plate to side.
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, NIAH 2020a, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013MS002
Location	N11 Stillorgan Road adjacent UCD Flyover
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Unknown
Original Use	Milestone
Description	Milestone / Boundary Marker inscribed County Borough Boundary
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Broadsheet 2019, DCC 2019b, Dublin Inquirer 2020, Mulvaney 2019, Wilson,2020, Field Survey
Photographs	

Section: Loughlinstown Roundabout to Bray North (Wilford Roundabout)


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH233
Location	Saint Anne's Catholic Church Shankill.
Legal Status	Protected as in the curtilage of a protected structure RMP DU026-109, DLR RPS 1805
Date of Construction	Mid-20th century, after the building of Saint Anne's Catholic Church built in 1936
Original Use	Statue of Our Lady
Description	Statue of Our Lady
Significance Rating	Local Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Artistic, Historic, Social, Cultural
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NMS 2020a, OSI 1940 to 1944, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, O'Mahony 2015, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH091
Location	Dublin Road Shankill.
Legal Status	Not Protected but a similar example in Rathfarnham (NIAH 11211001) has been recognised by the NIAH
Date of Construction	Date 1911
Original Use	Vent pipe
Description	Cast-iron vent pipe, with bulbous base.
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	NIAG 2020a, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	DCC RPS 1858
Additional Identifiers	NIAH 60260172, DLRIHS 857 CBC0013MS001
Location	On west side of old Dublin Road at Crinken
Legal Status	Protected Structure
Date of Construction	1844 to 1909
Original Use	Milestone / milepost
Description	Milestone / milepost
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DLR 2022, NIAG 2020a, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1908 to 1911, OSI 1940 to 1944, Corlett 1999, Pearson 1998, Field Survey
Photographs	


8.4 Paving and Surface Treatments


Section: Leeson Street to Donnybrook (Anglesea Road Junction)


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH220
Location	105 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Description	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH221
Location	104 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Description	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH222
Location	103 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Cellar hatch
Description	Cellar hatch
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH223
Location	102 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Granite surround / paving
Description	Granite surround / paving
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH224
Location	101 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Granite surround / paving.
Description	Granite surround / paving.
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	

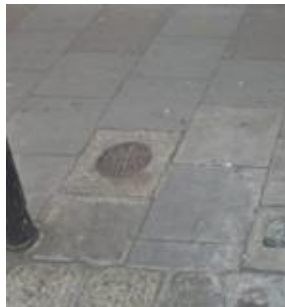
Identification No.	CBC0013BTH208
Location	100 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Coal Hole
Description	Coal Hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH225
Location	97 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C.1800
Original Use	Cellar hatch
Description	Cellar hatch
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH206
Location	97 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C.1800
Original Use	Coal hole
Description	Coal Hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH205	
Location	94 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C.1800	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH204	
Location	91 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C.1800	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH202	
Location	1 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1780	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH217	
Location	3 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1780	
Original Use	Glazed cellar light	
Description	Glazed cellar light	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH218
Location	5 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1750
Original Use	Cellar hatch
Description	Cellar hatch
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH219
Location	7 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1780
Original Use	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Description	Cellar hatch with granite surround
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH191	
Location	21 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1830	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH190	
Location	20 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1830	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH189	
Location	18 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1825	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH188	
Location	18 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1825	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH187	
Location	17 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1820	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH186	
Location	13 Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1820	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH184	
Location	North side Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1820	
Original Use	Granite paving	
Description	Granite paving	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH185	
Location	South side Pembroke Street Upper	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1825	
Original Use	Granite kerbing	
Description	Granite kerbing	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH183
Location	66 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1830
Original Use	Coal hole
Description	Coal hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH179, CBC0013BTH180
Location	30 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1810
Original Use	Coal holes
Description	Coal holes
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH178	
Location	34 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1810	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH177	
Location	35 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1835	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH176	
Location	36 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1835	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH175	
Location	37 Leeson Street Lower	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1830	
Original Use	Coal hole	
Description	Coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH174
Location	39 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1830
Original Use	Coal hole
Description	Coal hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH173
Location	45 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1835
Original Use	Coal hole
Description	Coal hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH172
Location	48 Leeson Street Lower
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1835
Original Use	Coal hole
Description	Coal hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH171
Location	Leeson Street Lower west side
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1830
Original Use	Granite kerbing
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH170
Location	Leeson Street Lower east side
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1830
Original Use	Granite kerbing
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH167
Location	29 Fitzwilliam Place
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	1859
Original Use	Coal Hole
Description	Iron coal hole
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH168	
Location	30 Fitzwilliam Place	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	1859	
Original Use	Coal Hole	
Description	Iron coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH166	
Location	25 Fitzwilliam Place	
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)	
Date of Construction	C. 1836	
Original Use	Coal Hole	
Description	Iron coal hole	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH164, CBC0013BTH165
Location	24 Fitzwilliam Place
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C. 1836
Original Use	Coal Holes
Description	Iron coal holes in granite surrounds
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	


Identification No.	CBC0013BTH163
Location	West side of Fitzwilliam Place
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C 1830s
Original Use	Kerb
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	

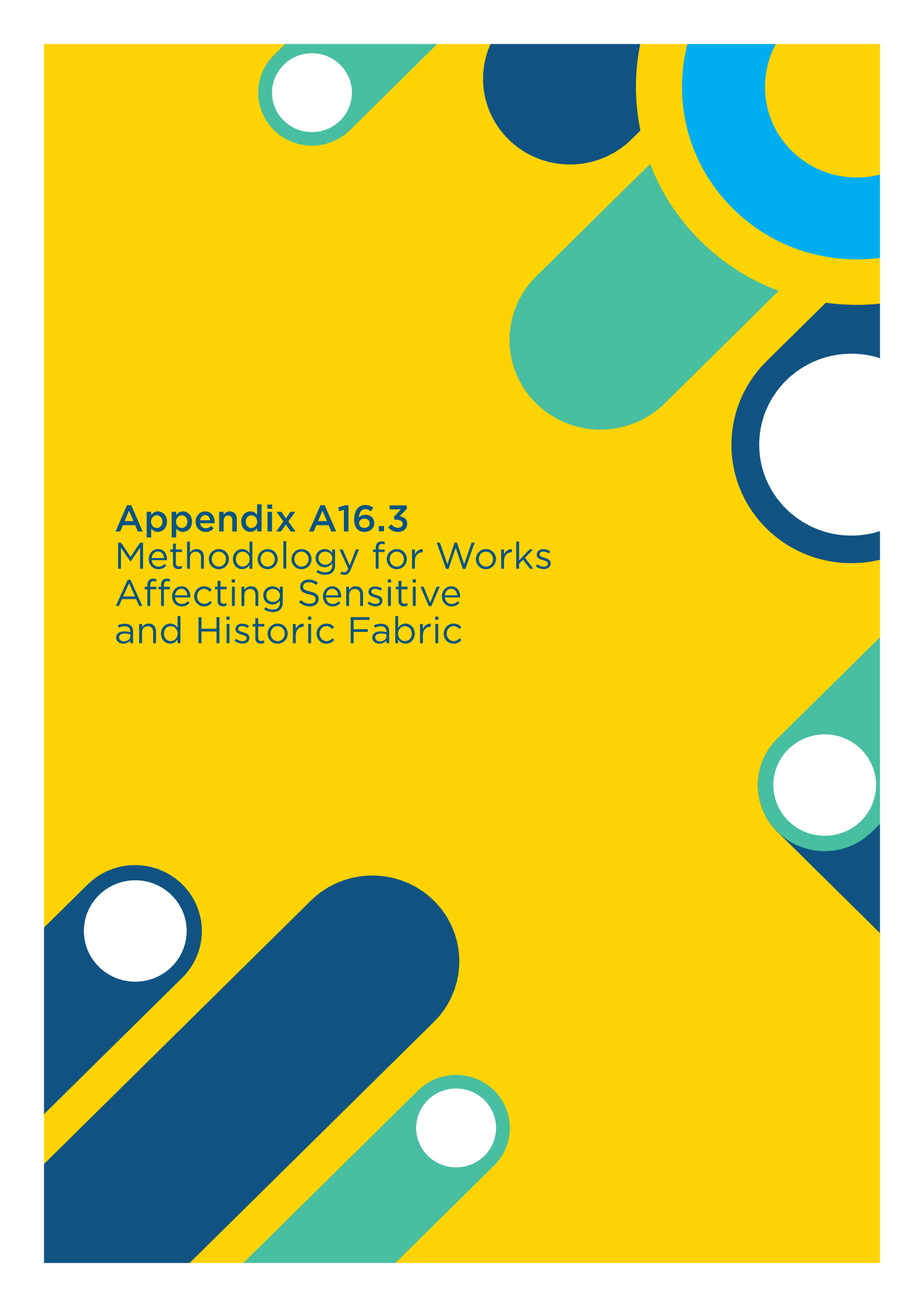
Identification No.	CBC0013BTH162
Location	East side of Fitzwilliam Place
Legal Status	Within a Conservation Area so protected under Policy BHA9 of the Dublin City Development Plan (DCC 2022)
Date of Construction	C 1830s
Original Use	Kerb
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, Dublin Civic Trust 2004, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH153
Location	West side of Leeson Street Upper Between number 43 and Christ Church Leeson Park, Dublin 6
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1877
Original Use	Granite kerbing
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH119, CBC0013BTH120
Location	Donnybrook Road east side between number 22 and 50 and Eglinton terrace and west side between number 32 and 53
Legal Status	Not Protected
Date of Construction	Extant 1865
Original Use	Granite kerbing
Description	Granite kerbing
Significance Rating	Regional Importance
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1865, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey
Photographs	

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH117	
Location	Kerbing at Circle K, Donnybrook Road	
Legal Status	Not Protected	
Date of Construction	Extant 1865	
Original Use	Granite kerbing	
Description	Granite kerbing	
Significance Rating	Local Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Low Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, DAHG 2015, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1865, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		

Identification No.	CBC0013BTH114	
Location	Footpath on east side of Anglesea Bridge, Donnybrook Rd	
Legal Status	In the curtilage of a Protected Structure RMP DU022-082003	
Date of Construction	Extant 1865	
Original Use	Kerbing	
Description	Granite kerbing	
Significance Rating	Regional Importance	
Categories of Special Interest	Historic, Technical, Social	
Sensitivity	Medium Sensitivity	
Sources	DCC 2022, NMS 2020a, DAHG 2015, OSI 1837 to 1843, OSI 1847, OSI 1864, OSI 1877, OSI 1889-90, OSI 1908 to 1911, O'Connell 1975, Field Survey	
Photographs		

The background is a vibrant yellow. It is decorated with several abstract geometric shapes in shades of blue, teal, and white. These include circles, semi-circles, and rounded rectangular shapes, some of which are layered or overlapping. The shapes are scattered across the page, creating a modern and dynamic visual effect.

Appendix A16.3

Methodology for Works Affecting Sensitive and Historic Fabric

Appendix A16.3: Methodology for Works Affecting Sensitive and Historic Fabric

1. Introduction

Buildings or structures of Architectural interest, be they recorded monuments, protected structures, buildings in architectural conservation areas or conservation areas, buildings which are recognised through inclusion in the NIAH or DCIHR, or unprotected structures of built-heritage interest, are a unique and irreplaceable resource which often demonstrates a high level of craftsmanship. They may be of architectural, historic, archaeological, artistic, cultural, scientific, social or technical interest.

Boundary treatments, including boundary walls, railings and planting which define the boundaries of protected and other historic structures, can make an important contribution to the quality and character of the building and the surrounding streetscape or landscape (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.1). Boundary walls, railings, gates and gardens can also contribute to the character of other protected and unprotected historic structures in the same area or street (DAHG 2011a, 13.3.2 e).

Everyday features such as paving and street furniture, not only enhance the setting of historic buildings but are heritage assets in their own right (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015). Consequently, proposed works must respect the setting of architectural heritage buildings, street furniture, surface treatments and the character of the street or area (DELG 2002).

Road works including road widening and other large-scale infrastructural developments adjacent or within architectural conservation areas, areas with an historic or architectural character, or within the setting of protected structures have the potential to impact on the architectural heritage and character of the areas in question (DAHG 2011a, 3.11). Any alteration of the historic built environment must be carefully considered to maintain the visual and historic integrity of the local area, whether it is an urban, suburban or rural locality (Trinity Haus 2012).

1.1 General Principles of Conservation

Where conservation works to features are required as a result of the construction of the Proposed Scheme, it will be carried out by the appointed contractor in accordance with the principles of the ICOMOS Venice Charter (ICOMOS 1964) and Burra Charter produced by ICOMOS Australia in 1979 and amended in 1981, 1988, 1999 and 2013 (Australia / ICOMOS 2013). The appointed contractor will also adhere to the conservation principles set out in the Department of Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht's 'Architectural Heritage Protection Guidelines for Planning Authorities' (DAHG 2011a) and the Department's advice series publications on various elements. Conservation work will be based on an understanding of the historic built environment and its development as described in Appendix A16.1 Historical Background, and with respect the features identified and described in Appendix A16.2 Inventory of Architectural Heritage Sites in Volume 4 of this EIAR.

Conservation Principles and the principle of 'minimal intervention', have informed the design of the Proposed Scheme as follows:

- *Intervention should be avoided where possible* (DCC 2014, DAHG 2011a, 14.4.7):
 - A range of alternative engineering and design solutions have been considered during the design of the Proposed Scheme to avoid or mitigate works that will detract from the special character of, or cause damage to, elements that contribute to the character of architectural conservation areas, areas of historic or architectural character or the setting of protected structures (DCC 2014). The design and location of any proposed traffic-calming measures such as ramps, bollards or traffic islands has also been considered in this regard;
- *All features and materials of importance to maintain the character of the historic built environment should be retained including features of all ages* (DCC 2014, DELG 2002):
 - Architectural heritage features such as buildings, boundary treatments, working quays, stone setts, cobbles, paving and other heritage artefacts such as street furniture have been retained in situ where possible in the design of the Proposed Scheme;

- Where intervention is required, the proposed changes should be kept to a minimum (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015):
 - The philosophy of doing ‘as little as possible and as much as necessary’ applies. Any necessary intervention to an architectural heritage feature will be reversible where possible, both in the materials used and methods employed;
- *Where possible repairs should be carried out rather than replacing materials* (DELG 2002):
 - Repairs will be carried out without an attempt to disguise, or artificial ageing and new repairs should be discernible without detracting from the structure; and
- *Unsatisfactory alterations that disfigure earlier work of greater merit should be reversed, where feasible. Where new work is required, processes that are reversible should be used* (DAHG 2011a):
 - All efforts will be taken to ensure that necessary new work on historic structures looks appropriate and is in keeping with the fabric, materials, and style of the original work.

1.2 Consultation

The guidelines recommend that consultation with the planning authority and relevant stakeholders should be carried out in advance of proposed road works to ensure that agreement is reached in the approach to architectural heritage features including buildings, protected structures located in architectural conservation areas. This is particularly the case with regard to street furniture and historic surface treatments and works to the urban realm since local authorities are responsible for the public realm (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015, DELG 2002). Consultation has been carried out with both Dublin City Council and South Dublin County Council, and with the Development Applications Unit of the Department of Culture, Heritage, and the Gaeltacht.

1.3 Survey

Architectural heritage buildings, bridges and other structures, boundary treatments and elements of existing street furniture and paving including historic kerbing, post-boxes, lamp posts, railings, bollards etc. have been identified, with a view to retaining sensitive fabric where possible (DCC 2014).

A comprehensive inventory of architectural heritage buildings, their boundary treatments and street furniture has been compiled and is provided in Section A16.2 Inventory of Architectural Heritage Sites in Volume 4 of this EIAR.

Features to be removed or relocated include post boxes and boundaries. For these items specific surveys will be necessary to record the features prior to the commencement of the construction works. The survey requirements are outlined in the relevant sections of this methodology.

2. Architectural Heritage Buildings and Structures

The majority of architectural heritage buildings including recorded monuments, protected structures, buildings within architectural conservation areas, and other buildings or structures which are not protected but which are of architectural heritage interest, and which are located along the proposed scheme will not be directly impacted by the proposed scheme.

There are a few exceptions, however. These include works to boundary treatments, conservation and repair works and where unavoidable, demolition and removal of a heritage building or structure.

2.1 Works to Woodbrook Side Lodge

The proposed land take on the east side of the Dublin Road to the south of the Wilford Roundabout will result in the removal of Woodbrook Side Lodge (DLR RPS 1874, NIAH 60260162) and the associated boundary wall, dressed granite pedestrian gateway and vehicular entrance gates (CBC0013BTH021) to Woodbrook House (DLR RPS 1870, NIAH 60260157). The lodge is associated with the secondary entrance to Woodbrook House and forms part of the demesne landscape (NIAH 5676).

It is proposed to construct a replacement lodge further to the east within the existing site. The proposed lodge building will be larger than the existing structure so that it is compliant with current Building Regulations (existing

building footprint is approximately 56m², proposed building footprint is approximately 79m²). The existing lodge gates and boundary wall have been inspected internally and externally to assess current condition. Drawn and photographic surveys have also been undertaken (refer to Appendix A16.4 in Volume 4 of this EIAR). In addition to the record and surveys already undertaken, mitigation during the Construction Phase includes labelling the affected masonry, brickwork, and joinery prior to their careful dismantling and removal to safe storage by the appointed contractor. Architectural heritage features such as bricks, timber barge boards and the stone plaques on the gables will be salvaged from the existing lodge. Where the bricks, bargeboards and stone plaques are found to be in good condition and suitable for anastylosis they will be incorporated in the new structure as detailed in the engineers drawings and photographic record. The bargeboards, brick courses, brick dressings and the plaques are to be reinstated on the gables to match the existing gables as indicated in the photographs in Appendix 16.4 and as detailed in the survey drawings of the existing lodge. The chimney will also be rebuilt. If found to be poor condition and unsuitable for reuse, facsimiles of the bargeboards will be made. New red clay bricks, where required, will be matched like for like to the existing in terms of size and colour. Inspection of the lodge revealed that the roof slates, ridge tiles and structure were replaced in a previous refurbishment, as were the rain water goods, render and the doors and windows. The replacement lodge is to have a new slate roof as no historic slates survive. The walls will be dash rendered except where there are brick courses, dressings, or enrichments to the gables. The proposed fenestration and doors will be as specified on the engineers drawings. Elements such as the granite jambs and lintel to the pedestrian gate and the gate piers to the vehicular entrance will be incorporated in a boundary wall which would be rebuilt on the new alignment to match the existing boundary wall. An architectural heritage specialist will oversee the labelling, taking-down and reinstatement of affected historic fabric. Anastylosis will retain as much of the special interest of the lodge as possible though the patina of age will be lost. The replacement of the lodge will restore the lodge and associated boundary features, maintaining its relationship with Woodbrook House and demesne.

2.2 Protection During Works

Some architectural heritage features will require protection during the course of works, where works are proposed in close proximity to them.

Where works are proposed adjacent to the historic features there is a risk of damage. The fabric will be recorded in position, protected, and monitored for the duration of the works. Protection during the course of works will include cordoning off or the provision of protective wrapping or temporary hoardings or boxing off as appropriate. More specific protections are outlined in the relevant sections of this methodology.

3. Boundary Treatments

Boundary treatments of protected and other historic structures often make an important contribution to the quality and character of the associated building and can also contribute to the character of other protected and unprotected historic structures in the same area or street (DAHG 2011, 13.4.1, 13.3.2 e).

Boundary treatments include rubble; brick or rendered boundary walls; metal or timber railings on stone; brick plinth or concrete plinth walls; gate piers of iron, brick, ashlar or rubble; and gates of iron or timber (DAHG 2011, 13.4.1). They may also include other ironwork details in addition to railings, such as gates, gate posts and corner posts, finials, bell pulls, lamp holders, lamp posts, and fencing (DAHG 2011, 13.4.1). A rich variety of boundary treatments were identified in the course of field inspections.

In designing the Proposed Scheme, the Engineers have sought to avoid direct impact on historic boundary treatments where possible through a range of alternative engineering and design solutions including the use of bus gates, avoiding, or relocating land takes to less sensitive locations and minimizing changes to the proposed scheme alignment to avoid direct or indirect impacts to architectural heritage features which are located along the Proposed Scheme. There are locations where an impact has been unavoidable however.

3.1 Rubble Boundary Walls

Both coursed and uncoursed rubble boundary walls were identified, some consisting of granite or limestone whilst others were a mix of granite, limestone and brick. With both coursed and uncoursed rubble walls, the width and height of the wall and drawings and sections prepared. Where rubble coursing is evident the height of the courses

and spacing between the joints is to be recorded in detail. A sample of the mortar is to be taken. The wall is then to be taken down and the rubble stored in a secure location for reuse. A lime mortar based on the samples taken is to be prepared and the wall is to be reconstructed on the new alignment as per the survey drawing.

3.2 Coursed Boundary Walls

Various types of stone coursing were identified including dressed, ashlar, snecked and polygonal or cyclopean coursing. The dimensions of the wall are to be recorded in detail on a drawing including any piers, panels, plinths, and capping treatments. The coursing is also to be noted in detail with the component parts labelled individually and numbered on a drawing. A samples of pointing and render are to be taken. The wall is to be carefully taken down and the stone and other materials boxed and stored in a secure location for reuse. A lime mortar based on the samples taken is to be prepared and the wall is to be reconstructed on the new alignment as per the survey drawing.

3.3 Brick Boundary Walls

The type of coursing is to be recorded along with the spacing of joints and courses. The capping treatment, piers and plinths is also to be recorded. The spacing of piers, panels, plinths and capping is to be noted on a drawing and the constituent parts such as stone caps labelled prior to being taken down. Samples of the render and pointing are to be taken for replication. The wall is to be carefully taken down and the component parts boxed and stored in secure location for reinstatement. A lime mortar based on the samples taken is to be prepared and the wall is to be reconstructed on the new alignment as per the survey drawing.

3.4 Plinths and Railings

Where removal and reinstatement of a boundary treatment is unavoidable, the section of wall and railing which will be impacted by the Proposed Scheme is to be recorded in detail and the elements numbered on a drawing and labelled before being carefully taken down. Samples of the pointing are to be taken. A lime mortar based on the samples taken is to be prepared and the wall is to be reconstructed on the new alignment as per the survey drawing. An example is the Luas Cross City Works. In December of 2014 a section of historic railings and gates were carefully removed from the perimeter of the Rotunda Hospital on Parnell Street during the works before being reinstated.

3.5 Gate Piers

The dimensions of gate piers are to be recorded in detail on a drawing including capping, finials, plinths, recessed panels and signage. Where rendered a sample of the render is to be taken. Where of coursed stone or brick the coursing is to be noted in detail with the component parts labelled individually and numbered on a drawing. A sample of pointing is also to be taken. Any fixtures such as lamps or iron hinges should also be recorded. The wall is to be carefully taken down and the stone and other materials boxed and stored in a secure location for reuse. A lime mortar based on the samples taken is to be prepared and the wall is to be reconstructed on the new alignment as per the survey drawing.

3.6 Gates and Railings

Gates and railings are to be carefully recorded and labelled prior to their being taken down and stored in a secure location. Conservation and repair works are to be carried out as necessary. This shall include careful cleaning to remove layers of paint and rust which have accumulated. This will allow further assessment of their condition before conservation and conservation and repair works.

4. Historic Paving and Surface Treatments

Historic paving or hard landscaping makes a significant contribution to the character of both protected and unprotected architectural heritage buildings and historic streetscapes and Architectural Conservation Areas and is a fundamental part of the identity of Dublin, particularly the City Centre (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.15, DCC 2012).

The measures to be implemented when historic paving and surface treatments are being impacted are described in the following sections.

4.1 General

4.1.1 Survey

The identified historic ground surface treatments will be recorded photographically prior to the commencement of the construction works. The dimensions of the stones will be recorded, noting in particular their proportions, the material, detail and rhythm of the bonding pattern. Records shall be filed in a systematic way for reference and archival purposes.

4.1.2 Protection During Works

There is potential for damage of granite pavements and kerb stones during the construction phase. For example, care needs to be taken when construction materials are being delivered so that HGVs avoid mounting stone kerbs and pavement slabs as this could result in cracking.

Temporary bollards, or other deterrents, protective covers, wrappings, or padding shall be used as appropriate, to prevent damage to kerbs.

4.1.3 Removal or Lifting of Historic Paving

The lifting and removal of historic paving is a highly skilled operation which shall only be carried out by an experienced practitioner such as trained and skilled masons (DELG 2002). Double-handling of historic elements shall be avoided wherever possible to protect the historic kerbs or slabs as well and ensuring the practitioners employed in the lifting of historic paving.

Where lifting of historic kerbs or paving is required, the greatest care shall be taken not to chip corners or break lumps off the stones (DELG 2002). Power tools shall not be used because of the potential damage that they can cause. The use of powerful air compressor tools can cause great damage and shall be avoided (DELG 2002). Great care shall be taken in removing any cement pointing around stone slabs to avoid damaging the arrises of the stones. Where stones are not required, they shall carefully remove, and returned to the Local Authority for salvage. On no account will historic paving stones be dumped.

4.1.4 Cleaning

Prior to storage, paving elements which have been lifted shall be cleaned of all bedding and jointing materials and any other materials adhering to them. The latter may include paint from road markings or graffiti, chewing gum and other deposits.

4.1.5 Storage

Granite paving and kerbs will be removed to safe storage ahead of repair and reinstatement in the new position. Where space can be accommodated safely on site and where there are no security issues, it is preferable that paving materials be stored on site.

Historic slabs, setts, cobbles and kerb stones shall be laid on pallets and evenly supported to prevent breakage. Large granite slabs can be very brittle, and it may not be possible to stack them.

Where transport off-site is necessary, slabs shall be placed evenly on pallets, covered and taken directly to the relevant depot. The storage facility shall provide clean, dry conditions, free of contamination. The stones shall be stored clear of the ground. An inventory system shall be used to record the locations from which all stones were taken. Storage shall be organised to ensure that paving is returned to its original location.

4.1.6 Repair

Cracked or broken slabs or kerbs shall be reused where possible. Slabs with clean breaks shall be fitted together in their original form. Where edges are badly damaged, redressing by a skilled mason may be considered appropriate in order to enable reuse of a kerb or flagstone.

Where historic paving slabs or kerb stones have been previously re-laid it is possible that slab edges have been damaged by repeated lifting and repointing, or by earlier use of cutting tools. In such cases slabs may require redressing by a skilled mason.

Where worn or damaged stone paving or steps have been identified, where necessary and if the surface poses a danger, the existing stone shall be redressed by a skilled mason or indented or grafted with matching stone (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.17).

4.1.7 Reinstatement or Relaying of Historic Paving

Where historic paving is intact and lifting is required, paving slabs and kerb stones shall be reinstated in their exact location and laying arrangement in as far as possible, following the historic layout, bonding pattern and junction details, and maintaining the same joint width and pointing detail. Re-laid surfaces shall fall away from adjoining buildings to ensure that the walls and foundations do not become saturated by water.

Where historic paving slabs or kerb stones have been previously re-laid it is likely that the layout is not historic. Reinstatement presents an opportunity to rectify previous insensitive or incongruous alterations. In such cases better layouts may be devised to ensure the paving follows traditional patterns. Reinstatement of incongruous, modified layouts shall be avoided.

Joints shall be visually subservient to the paving slabs. Traditionally, joints in pavements were open and filled with fine sand so ideally, fine sand-filled joints shall be used. The sand shall be a sharp aggregate of a colour and character appropriate to the colour of the stone, brushed into the joints and thoroughly compacted. Joints shall be topped up in early life as the aggregate 'shakes down' and stiffens. Recessed joints allow the edges of the slabs to be seen and this is aesthetically the best detail.

Historic flagstones often have irregular edges and eroded arrises caused by earlier pointing and in some cases, joints may be considered too wide to be left unpointed. When pointing, it is important to select a sacrificial jointing material, that is, one which is weaker than the host stone and which will absorb any thermal and structural movement, thereby preventing damage to the historic flagstones. In locations where the joints are too wide or the arrises are damaged joints may be pointed with a naturally hydraulic lime mortar, which will withstand movement, and will have a lighter colour more suited to granite and limestone paving. A suitable mix would consist of one part naturally hydraulic lime to two parts sharp/crushed sand of suitable colour, graded from 3mm down to dust. Traditional methodologies shall be followed in this work to ensure effective curing of the mortar.

Where an area of paving cannot be cordoned off long enough to allow lime mortar to set properly, a natural cement may be added to the mix to accelerate the setting time. This also strengthens the jointing material to better resist the wearing effect of motorised cleaning machines used in some urban areas.

Artificial cements, such as Portland cement, shall not be used in joints. Good quality sharp sand shall be used in lime based mortars. Aggregate shall be exposed by beating the finished joint with the stiff bristles of a brush.

Where pavements have previously been pointed, the arrises of the flagstones may have become rounded or damaged, and a flush-pointed joint would be very wide at the surface. Broken corners and edges cause further localised widening in the joints. The joint shall be recessed where it is relatively narrow and does not result in a trip hazard. Wider joints shall be flush jointed. If flush joints are chosen, the colour and texture of the material shall be carefully selected as the impact of the wider flush joint on the overall pavement is much greater.

4.1.8 Replacement Paving

In repairing damaged pavements, new stone may be required where broken slabs cannot be reused. A source of stone which is a good match for the historic flagstones shall be found. For smaller repairs, a matching native granite may be available in limited quantities and shall be obtained instead of imported granite.

New stone paving will also be needed where footpaths are being widened or reconfigured. Widening or other reconfiguring of footpaths shall respect the historic original layout where possible. Re-laying historic material in modern layouts shall be avoided. Widened footpaths will be contemporary additions which are sympathetic to the adjoining retained historic paving, conserving its key characteristics including existing falls and drainage arrangements.

New paving materials shall preferably be of natural materials, sourced locally and appropriate in scale and colour to the street (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.6).

Historic bond pattern of flagstones shall be followed, and slabs of uniform size avoided. It is essential to look at adjacent paving to achieve an understanding of the detail and pattern of the original. New stone kerbs shall be varied in length so that they measure sometimes more, sometimes less than a metre. Machine-cut kerb stones tend to be too regular and are more pleasing to the eye when the length is varied. It also helps visually and gives a more effective finish (DELG 2002). Kerbs for curves, which do not exceed a 12 metre radius, shall themselves be curved to suit the particular situation (DELG 2002).

Where new stones are to be integrated into historic paving, the historic slabs shall take precedence over the new inserts, and new material shall be cut rather than the old. Existing tramlines and historic setts will be integrated into the proposed paving design where possible. Where strong, cement-based materials are used to point or bed new work this shall not be allowed to come in contact with historic paving stones.

4.2 Cobbles and Stone Sets

One of the earliest means of paving a surface for vehicular traffic was the use of rounded stones gathered from beaches or river beds. These undressed stones, or cobbles, are often egg-shaped and naturally occurring (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015).

Cobblestones were set, pointed end downwards in sand or directly onto earth, and were packed tightly together or bound with mortar. They were generally laid at right angles to buildings to ensure that surface water drained away from the base of a wall to avoid saturation.

Sets are squared or worked blocks of hard stone laid on edge in regular patterns to provide a surface of higher loadbearing capacity than cobblestones (DELG 2002, McLoughlin, DAHG 2015). Setts were often made from whinstone - harder igneous rocks which were more suitable for this purpose, commonly of dark stone such as basalt, dolerite, or andesite (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015). Setts vary in size depending on the source of the material (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015). Diorite examples can be approximately 95mm x 165mm to 235mm on the visible face, and 150mm in depth; while granite sets of reddish colour can measure approximately 80-90mm x 150-180mm. Setts were split rather than cut and the rough vertical faces laid in contact to each other, causing a tight surface joint of approximately 15mm.

4.2.1 Survey

The methodology for the survey of cobble or sett surfaces should follow the methodology above for recording paving. In areas where a group of setts have been evenly worn over time, it may be necessary to record and number the setts with removable markings, so they can be re-laid in correct order to reinstate the patina. The type of stone used in cobbles or setted surfaces shall be documented to avoid incorrect mixing of materials in reinstatement work. The gratings or other covers shall be documented, including their positions and the arrangement of paving stones around these elements. The location of previous alterations shall also be recorded where the coherence and integrity of the original bonding pattern was lost or disturbed in earlier poorly conceived interventions.

4.2.2 Reinstatement of Cobbles and Setts

Historic cobbles and setts will be retained in situ where possible. Where the relocation reinstatement of sets or cobbles is necessary, they will be reinstated the same location but on the new alignment. The historic layout, bonding pattern and junction details of the retained cobbles or setts or the previously recorded cobbles or setts shall be followed where surfaces are to be re-laid, maintaining the same joint width and pointing detail. The setts shall be returned to their original positions using a cord to ensure correct levels and alignment. Large areas of sett surfaces shall not be re-laid to achieve visual consistency if this would mean losing an authentic worn or undulating surface.

Where new sets or cobbles are needed in reinstated areas of cobbled or setted paving, they shall be of the same or similar stone and dimensions to be laid in stretcher bond in the traditional manner.

The sub-base shall be renewed with suitable sharp graded sand to the correct level and compacted. The sub-base is to be approved by the structural engineer and will depend on the foundation design and shall allow the paved surface to retain its historic appearance while avoiding future damage

Contact between the setts is structurally important in traditionally laid pavements as the matrix of stones acts in compression to form a structural unit. If not locked together in a bonded pattern with surface contact to other setts, individual stones can come loose and cause the surface to unravel.

For reinstated setted surfaces, flexible construction with tight joints filled with fine sand is the preferred option from the points of view of conservation and visual appearance. The joints shall be filled by pouring in fine sharp sand and the setts individually compacted using a heavy paving rammer of approximately 2.5 kilogrammes. The sand shall be brushed into the joints and thoroughly compacted. Joints shall be topped up in early life as the aggregate 'shakes down' and stiffens.

Ensure that any re-laid surfaces fall away from a building to make sure that the walls and foundations do not become saturated by water. The contractor shall refer to Paving, The Conservation of Historic Ground Surfaces published by the Department of Arts Heritage and The Gaeltacht (McLoughlin, DAHG 2015) when relaying historic cobbles and stone sets.

4.3 Grates, Pavement Lights, Coal Holes and Other Iron Fixtures

Pavement lights are usually glazed cast iron grids, often bordered by granite paving slabs and located to the front of commercial premises (DELG 2002). They provided light to the cellars or basements below. Those in front of commercial premises contained an iron grate of hatch so that beet or other supplies could be delivered in to the basement below. The paving stones adjacent to cellar openings of pubs are vulnerable to damage by heavy lorries or by loaded beer barrels hitting the pavement when deliveries are made and in consequence may be cracked whilst the lights themselves are often missing glass (DELG 2002).

Coal holes are to be found in the pavement to the front of 18th and 19th century terraced buildings, both commercial and residential. Coal was delivered through coal holes into a cellar below the pavement which served as a fuel store for the household. Though many have been replaced with standard concrete or steel covers, surviving coalhole covers are quite varied in design and individual in character, and the craft of the iron founder complemented that of the stone cutter, creating interest and adding to the general quality of the streetscape (DELG 2002). In many cases the dressed granite paving slabs into which coalhole covers were inserted remain (DELG 2002).

Particular care shall be taken to ensure the protection of these items of historic iron street furniture and paving during the course of works to prevent accidental damage (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.4). These elements shall be sheltered from damage for the duration of the site works either through the use of protective covers, wrappings, or padding, through cordoning off or boxing off.

Where removal is required, pavement lights, grates, coal holes and their stone surrounds shall be recorded in position as should surviving tram lines, associated sets, winches and moor rings. As with historic stone kerbs, paving and sets, they shall only be lifted by an experienced contractor and will be removed to safe storage ahead

of repair and reinstatement in the new position or new alignment within the same street (DAHG 2011a). An inventory of all stored items shall be kept including details of the original location of the feature

The edges of cellar openings shall be protected and repaired when necessary. Sometimes there may be only partial survival of the stones that originally framed the perimeter of a pavement basement light or cellar access hatch. Repairs to pavement lights shall be carried out as necessary. Where repaving is proposed, the opportunity shall be taken to restore the complete perimeter in stone in order to re-establish the meaning and coherence of the surviving elements. Missing glasses shall be replaced. Ironwork shall be cleaned only where necessary.

5. Statues and Other Street Furniture

Where they are to be retained in situ, the identified items of street furniture shall be recorded in position and protected for the duration of the works through the use of protective covers, wrappings, or padding, through cordoning off or boxing off as recommended by the Department's Guidelines (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.4). In situ cleaning, repairs and painting may be carried out if necessary.

Where removal or relocation is required, items of statuary or street furniture shall be recorded in further detail, particularly sculptures which often have a supporting plinth or are composed of multiple component parts. It will be necessary to record these in detail and to number of label the individual component parts prior to dismantling or taking down to ensure the accurate reinstatement of the statue or item of street furniture later on. Detailed inspections are to include pre-work surveys including laser scanning and detailed examinations of the condition of the bronze and stone statues and surrounding stone plinths by a team of specialists in conservation, historic stonework and bronze as appropriate.

The statues, sculptures, etc. shall be reinstated in the designated position following conservation and repair works.

6. Post Boxes

Historic cast iron post boxes and wall boxes are not just of historical and technical interest, they also remain in active use by the community, therefore their removal has to be avoided where possible (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.2). The identified historic post boxes are detailed in Appendix A16.2 Inventory of Architectural Heritage Sites in Volume 4 of this EIAR.

Where they are to be retained in situ, protection during works may be necessary; including the use of protective covers, wrappings, or padding, through cordoning off or boxing off as recommended by the Department's Guidelines (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.4). In situ cleaning, repairs and painting will be carried out as necessary.

Where removal or relocation is required, the component parts of the post boxes will be recorded and labelled before removal takes place. The post boxes are to be carefully removed by an experienced contractor. Post boxes are often embedded in concrete and should be wrapped in protective coverings before the concrete foundations are drilled. Harnesses will then be secured around the post box so that it can be winched out of position. The post boxes will be stored securely on site or in the construction compound.

Any period for which access to the post-box is restricted/inhibited will be kept to a minimum and if required, an alternative, temporary post-box may be erected as close to the position of the historic post-box as possible to protect its position within the post network. Consultation with An Post will be undertaken in this regard.

A programme of cleaning, removal of rust and repainting will be carried out while in storage. Where paint-stripping of historic ironwork is proposed, and where there is likely to be evidence of original or interesting subsequent paint history, a small area of ironwork could be left unstripped or a proper paint analysis carried out before the work takes place (DAHG 2011a,13.4.7). The method of paint-stripping should be appropriate for cast ironwork (DAHG 2011a,13.4.7).

The repair and replacement of some of the lost and damaged decorative cast iron elements to the post boxes will be carried out as necessary. Where the repair of historic ironwork is proposed, as much of the existing material as possible is to be retained rather than renewed (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.6).

Post boxes will be repositioned within the vicinity of this previous or original position (not more than 20m away and on the same side of the road where possible), re-using all of the significant historic fabric and reinstating the fabric and function. It will be set back further from the traffic lanes where possible reducing the risk of accidental damage from passing vehicles.

7. Lamp Posts

The identified historic lamp posts are detailed in Appendix A16.2 Inventory of Architectural Heritage Sites in Volume 4 of this EIAR. The Proposed Scheme engineers have made every effort to retain heritage lamp posts and lamp standards in situ. In most cases, they will not be directly affected by the Proposed Scheme.

Where they are to be retained in situ, protection during works will be necessary. The use of protective covers, wrappings, or padding, through cordoning off or boxing off will be undertaken as recommended by the Department's Guidelines (DAHG 2011a, 14.4.4). In situ cleaning, repairs and painting will be carried out as necessary.

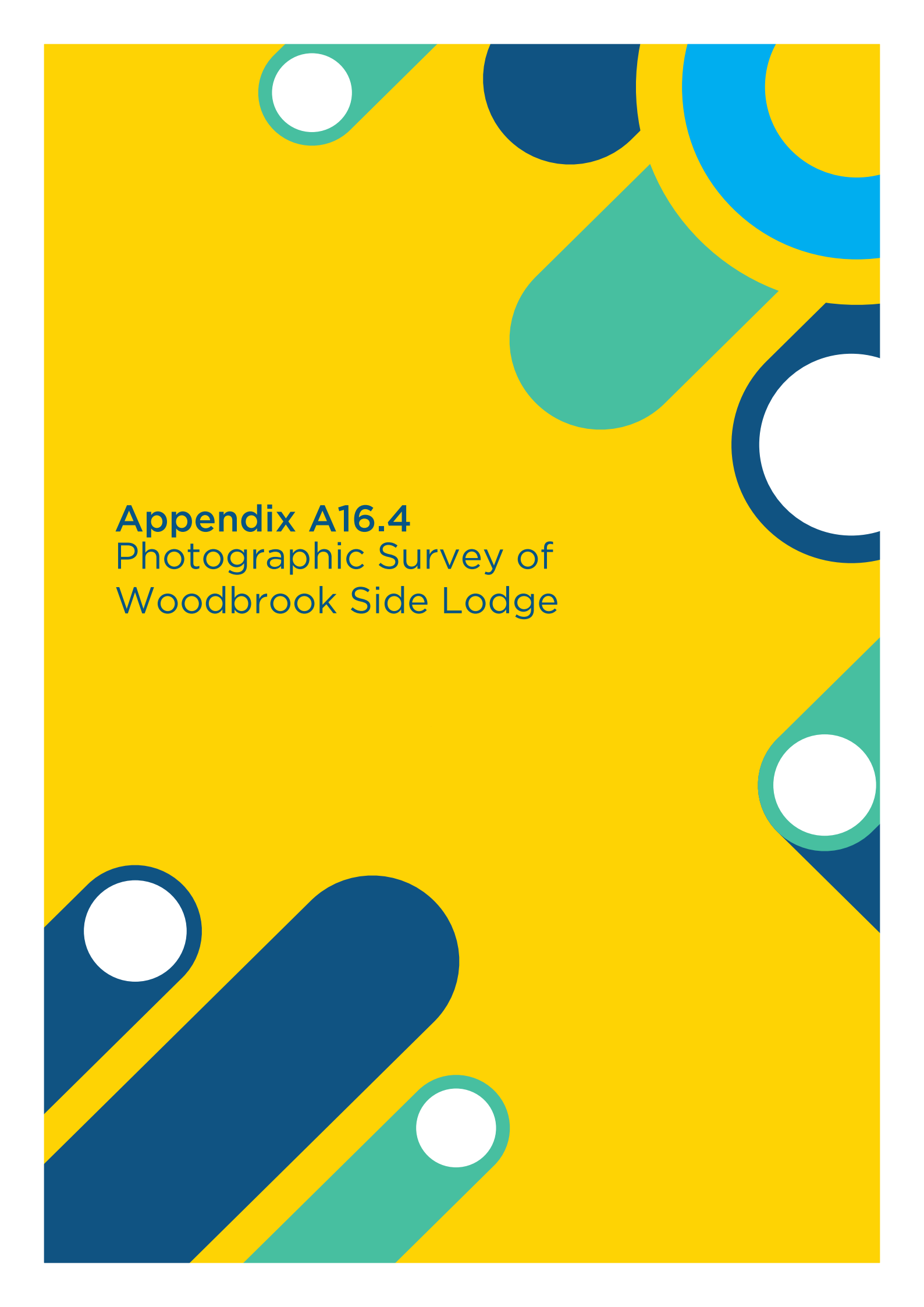
Where removal or relocation is required, the lamp posts and/or their component parts will be recorded and labelled before dismantling and removal takes place. The lamp posts are to be carefully removed by an experienced contractor. Lamp posts are often embedded in concrete and shall be wrapped in protective coverings before the concrete foundations are drilled. Harnesses will then be secured around the lamp post so that they can be winched out of position and removed to safe storage.

The lamp posts will be stored securely on site or in the construction compound. A programme of cleaning, removal of rust and repainting will be carried out while in storage. Where paint-stripping of historic ironwork is proposed, and where there is likely to be evidence of original or interesting subsequent paint history, a small area of ironwork could be left unstripped or a proper paint analysis carried out before the work takes place (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.7). The method of paint-stripping shall be appropriate for cast ironwork (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.7).

The repair and replacement of some of the lost and damaged decorative cast iron elements to the lamp posts will be carried out as necessary. Where the repair of historic ironwork is proposed, as much of the existing material as possible is to be retained rather than renewed (DAHG 2011a, 13.4.6).

Lamp posts will be repaired and repositioned within the vicinity of its existing position, re-using all of the significant historic fabric and reinstating the fabric and function.

Where it is not possible to repair and reinstate the removed lamp posts, e.g., where the bases are in poor condition and not possible to salvage, the lamps will be replaced with replica historic lamps matching the existing material and detail of the historic lamps that they replace. Though this will constitute a loss of fabric, it is in line with the approach that has been taken by Local Authorities previously.

The background is a vibrant yellow. It features several abstract geometric shapes in shades of blue and teal. There are white circles, some of which are partially enclosed by the blue and teal shapes, creating a sense of depth and movement. The shapes are scattered across the page, with some appearing as if they are overlapping or cut off by the edges.

Appendix A16.4
Photographic Survey of
Woodbrook Side Lodge

Appendix A16.4: Photographic Survey of Woodbrook Side Lodge

1. Introduction

Woodbrook Side Lodge and its associated gates form part of the Demesne to Woodbrook House (NIAH 5676). On foot of the proposal to demolish Woodbrook Side Lodge, Dublin Road, Bray (DLR RPS 1874, NIAH 60260162) as part of the Proposed Scheme, the existing lodge, which is a protected structure of medium sensitivity, was inspected to assess its condition and to determine the extent and nature of historic fabric in the building and associated boundary features. The inspection was carried out on 15 December 2021. The inspection consisted of the external and internal photographic recording of the lodge, associated gates and boundary walls. The photographs taken, together with the measured survey prepared as part of the Proposed Scheme form a record of the building.

2. Woodbrook Side Lodge

Woodbrook Side Lodge (DLR RPS 1874) on the Dublin Road is an early 20th century gate lodge attributed to Frederick George Hicks (1870-1965) of Dublin and was extant in 1909 (Dean 2016, 173-4). It is a detached three-bay single-storey gable ended gate lodge with the west gable facing on to the Dublin Road. It has since been extended westwards and altered internally and externally. The roof, rain water goods, openings, cills and render are all replacements although original fabric such as the stack, walls, brick dressings and plaques to the gables and barge boards retain the original character.

Roof: The roof is pitched and clad in slate. It is a replacement slate roof with roll moulded ridge tiles. Sycamore leaf-perforated timber bargeboards to east and west gables on nail head-detailed timber purlins. Timber eaves boards on exposed timber rafters.

Stack: Roughcast rendered red brick chimney stack on buttressed base having concrete capping supporting yellow terracotta octagonal pot.

Rain Water Goods: UPVC rainwater goods and downpipes.

Walls: Roughcast walls. Red brick decorative running bond cushion course above roughcast plinth and a second brick running course running between the openings. The gables are similarly detailed, with three brick running courses and brick dressings to the decorative limestone plaques on each gable.

Openings: Replacement fenestration, doors and cills to the openings.

2.1 Exterior



Photo 1: North and west elevations of Woodbrook Side Lodge as viewed from the Dublin Road



Photo 2: West gable of Woodbrook Side Lodge showing the, rendered and chamfered brick stack, decorative timber bargeboards, brick dressings which have been painted over, and limestone plaque



Photo 3: North elevation of Woodbrook Side Lodge showing the natural slate roof and rendered stack. The fenestration, cills and doors are all replacements



Photo 4: East gable of Woodbrook Side Lodge. The decorative timber bargeboards, brick dressings which have been painted over, and limestone plaque are original but the fenestration, cill and render are replacements



Photo 5: Detail of the east gable of Woodbrook Side Lodge showing the decorative bargeboards, brick dressings and plaque



Photo 6: The south elevation of Woodbrook Side Lodge, showing the brick string courses which have been painted over. The rafters to the eaves are visible. The gutters have been replaced previously as has the fenestration and cills



Photo 7: Detail of the south elevation of Woodbrook Side Lodge. The paint is spalling, revealing the brick string course. The cill is a concrete replacement as is the dash render



Photo 8: The flat roofed extension to the west gable of Woodbrook Side Lodge. The extension is a 20th century addition of no heritage value and obscures the west gable and barge boards

2.2 Interior

The interior has been subdivided and refurbished previously so that few original features remain other than the walls, chimney breast and stack, splayed reveals to the openings and roof structure.

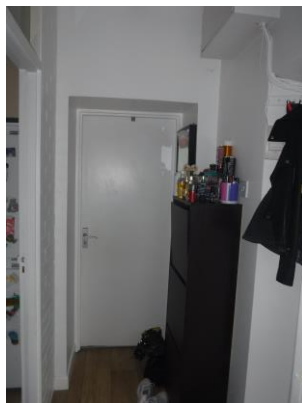


Photo 9, 10 and 11: The hallway of Woodbrook Side Lodge. It forms part of a subdivided room at the east end of the present lodge. Other than the walls, there are no features of note

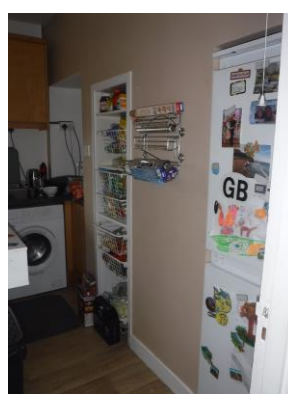
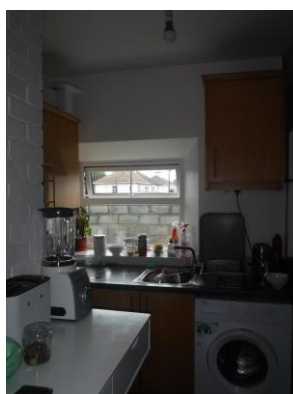


Photo 12, 13 and 14: The bathroom and kitchen of Woodbrook Side Lodge. Both form part of a subdivided room at the east end of the present lodge. Other than the walls, and the firebreast in the kitchen, there are no features of note

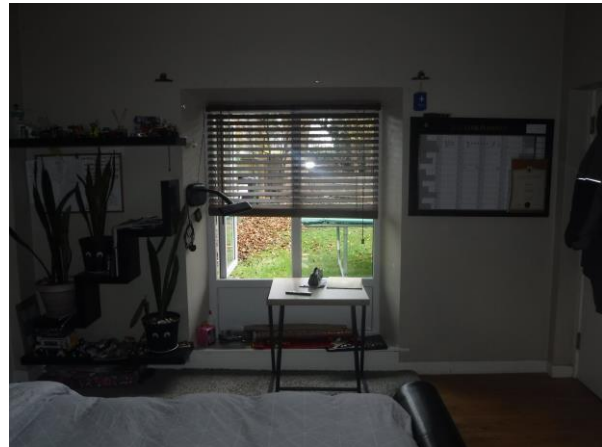


Photo 15 and 16: Bedroom 1 at the west end of Woodbrook Side Lodge. Other than the walls, and the firebreast, there are no features of note

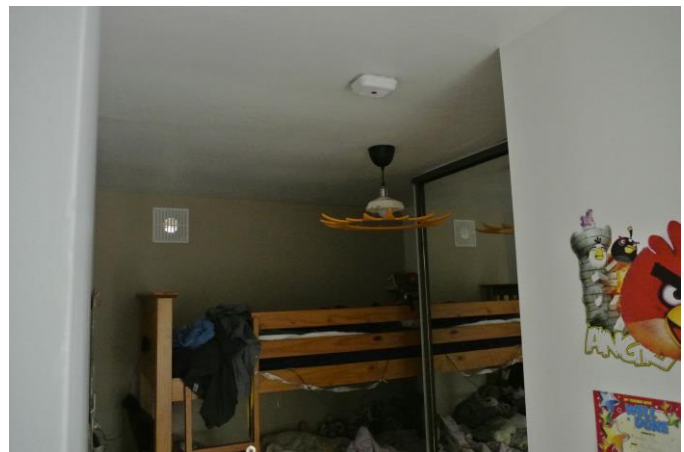


Photo 17 and 18: Bedroom 1 at the west end of Woodbrook Side Lodge. Bedroom 2 is located in the flat roofed extension and is not of heritage interest

1.1 Vehicular Gate

The lodge is set back from the line of the road at the side entrance to the grounds of Woodbrook. It is accessed via vehicular and pedestrian gateways. The vehicular gate has dressed granite piers with chamfered caps. It has been moved previously to accommodate road widening but the piers are part of the c.1909 improvements to the Woodbrook estate. The iron sheeted gate is a replacement and not of interest.



Photo 19 and 20: The vehicular gate as viewed from the west or Dublin Road side



Photo 21: The vehicular gate as viewed from the east side

1.2 Pedestrian Gate

The pedestrian gate has dressed and chamfered granite jambs or dressings and a chamfered granite lintel. The west face of the lintel bears the inscription 'Woodbrook Side Lodge'. The granite gateway was previously moved when the boundary was altered to accommodate a previous road widening. The iron gate is a replacement and not of heritage interest.



Photo 1, 23 and 24: The pedestrian gate as viewed from the west or Dublin Road side, the engraved lintel on the west elevation and the east elevation

1.3 Boundary Wall

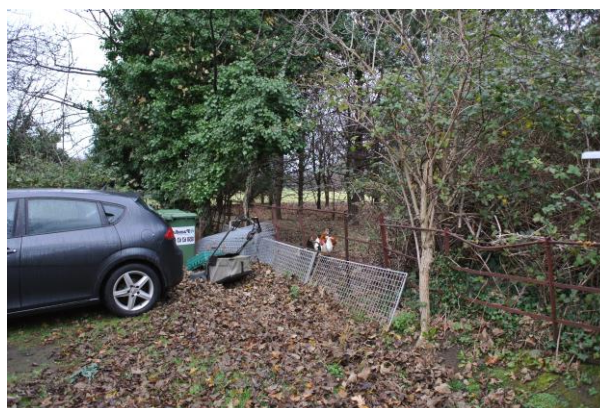
Roughcast rendered boundary wall to perimeter having rendered rounded coping. Some of the render on the rear or east face has fallen away exposing a concrete block construction. The boundary was previously replaced and moved east to accommodate a widening of the road.



Photo 25 and 26: The east elevation of the boundary wall where the render and capping have fallen away, exposing the concrete block construction

1.4 Grounds

There are grounds to the east of Woodbrook Side Lodge. The grounds are bound by timber fencing to the north, a bank of trees to the east and a concrete block wall to the south. The bank of trees separate and screen the lodge from the remainder of Woodbrook House Demesne. Apart from the bank of trees and a driveway leading up to the walled garden of Woodbrook House, now overgrown, no other features of heritage interest were identified in the grounds of Woodbrook Side Lodge.



Photos 27 and 28: The north boundary is a timber fence. To the west, the Side Lodge is separated from the remainder of Woodbrook Demesne by a bank of trees



Photo 29 and 30: To the west, the Side Lodge is separated from the remainder of Woodbrook Demesne by a bank of trees. The south boundary is a concrete block wall. The secondary avenue leading up to the walled garden of Woodbrook House is just beyond the timber fencing visible beside the wall, though it has become overgrown.

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